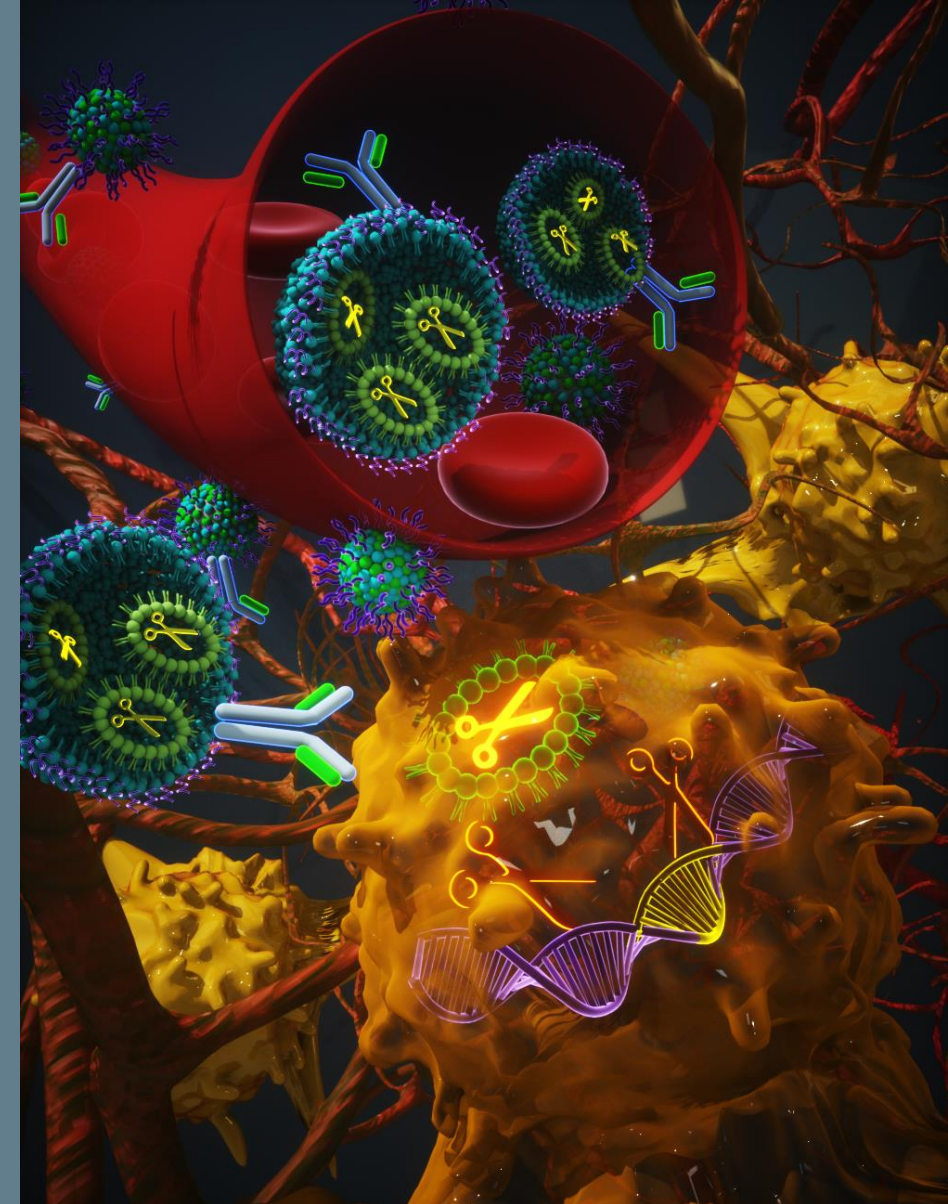


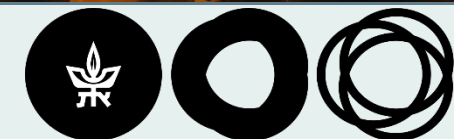
Cell Specific Targeting: Technological and Biological Considerations

CRS annual meeting
Lisbon, Portugal
6-9th of July 2026

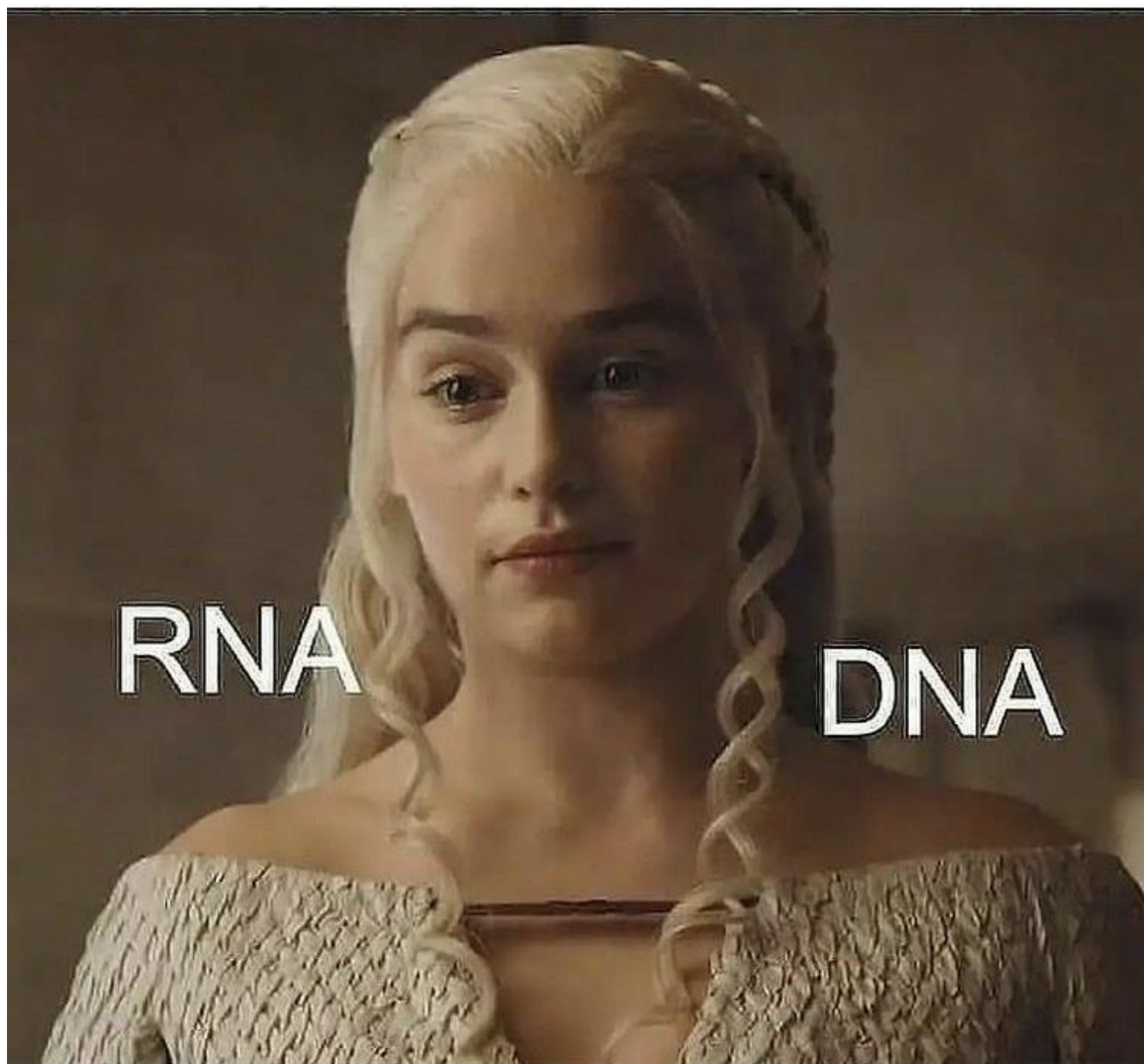
Dan Peer



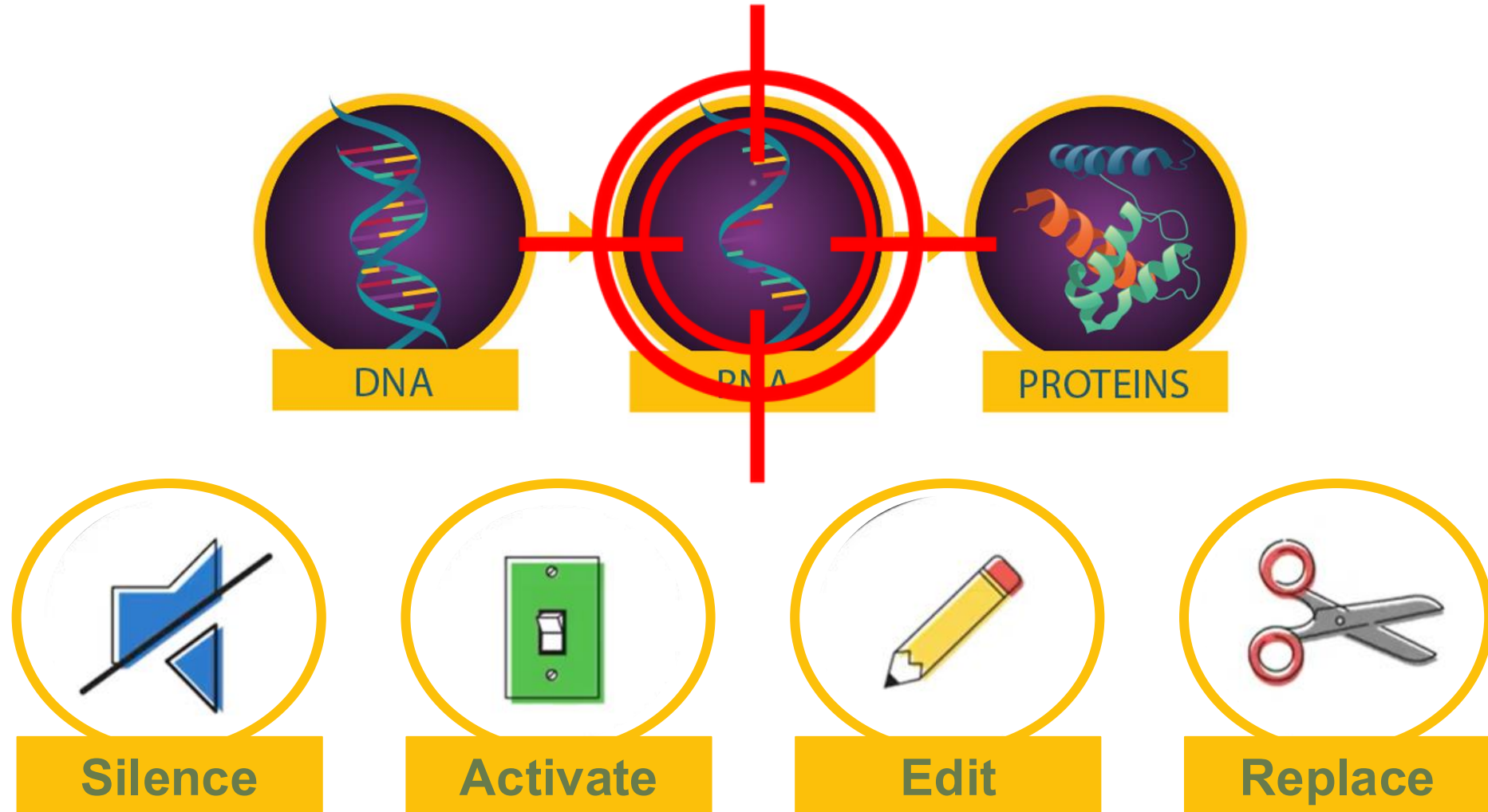
Peer Lab
Precision Nanomedicine



TEL AVIV אוניברסיטת
UNIVERSITY תל אביב



Therapeutic approaches



RNA based therapeutics



Silence



Activate

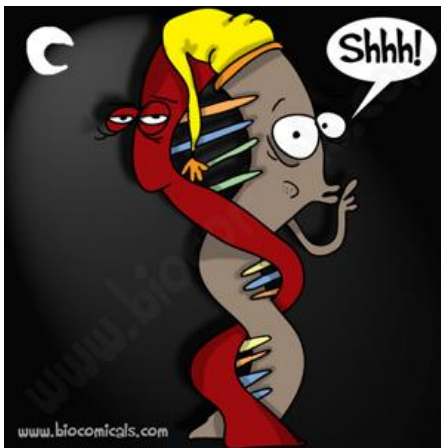


Edit

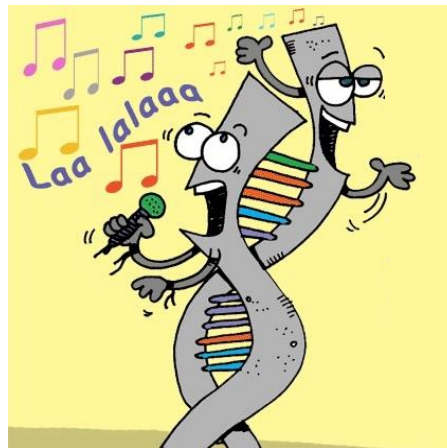


Replace

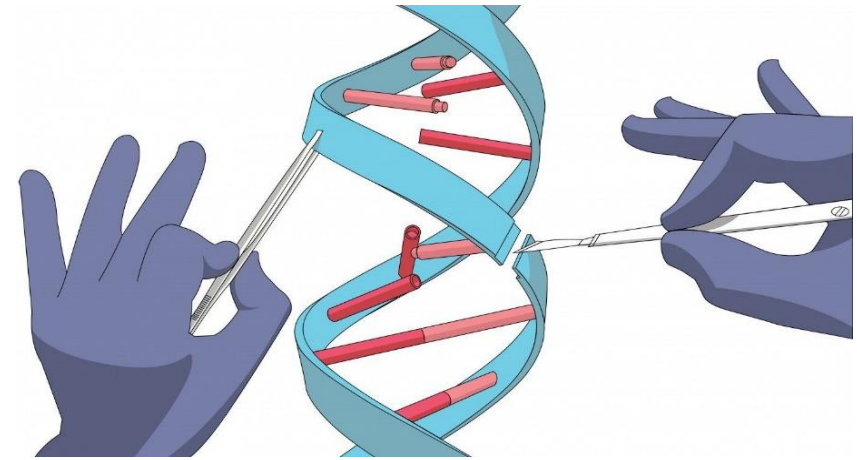
siRNA



mRNA

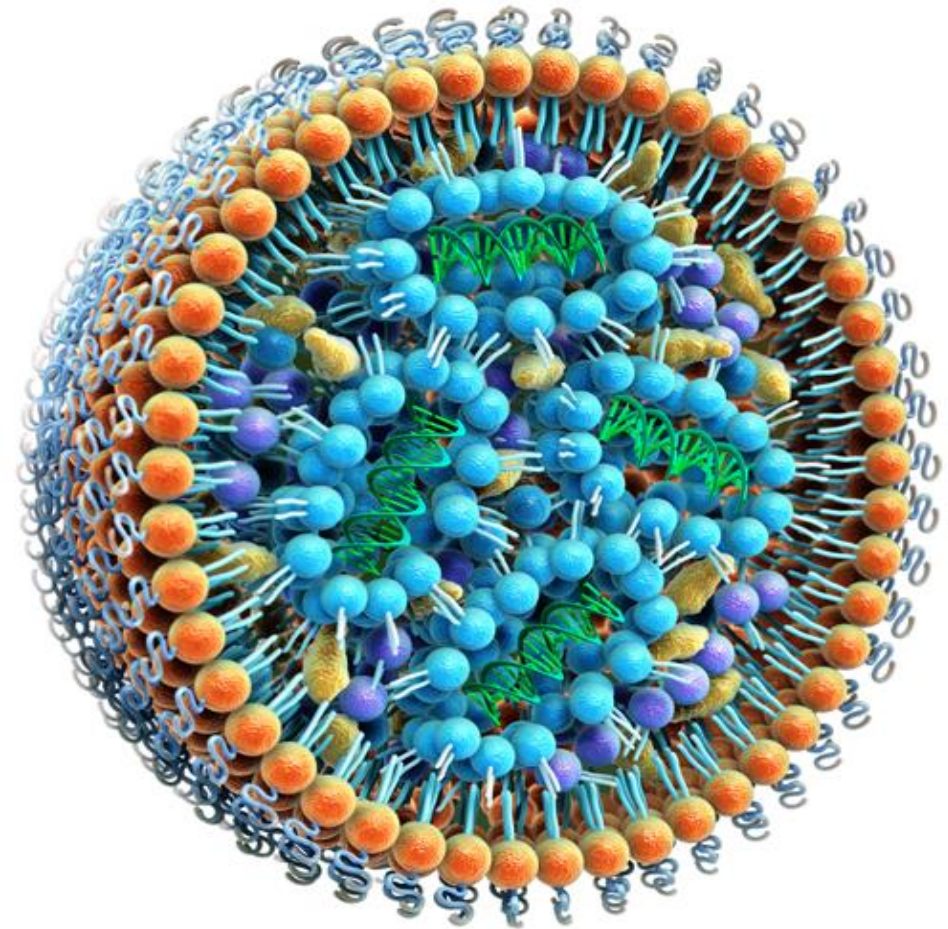


**Genome editing (e.g.
CRISPR/Cas9)**



The challenge in RNA therapeutics

- An appropriate **delivery** system.
- Requirements:
 - Efficient RNA encapsulation
 - Evading clearance mechanism
 - Avoid toxicity and immune activation
 - Carrier internalization
 - RNA release
 - Specificity

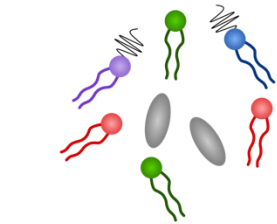


Lipid nanoparticles (LNPs)

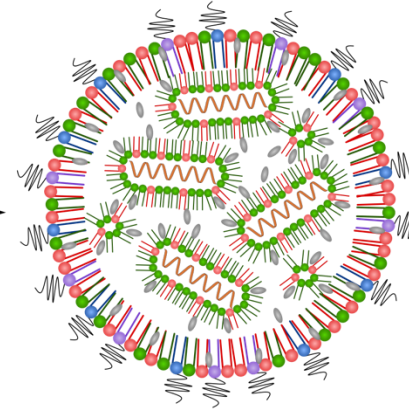
Components:

- Cholesterol
- DSPC
- PEG-DMG
- Ionizable lipid

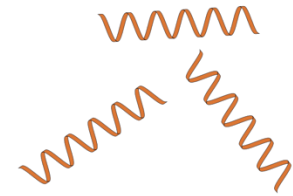
Lipid mixture in ethanol



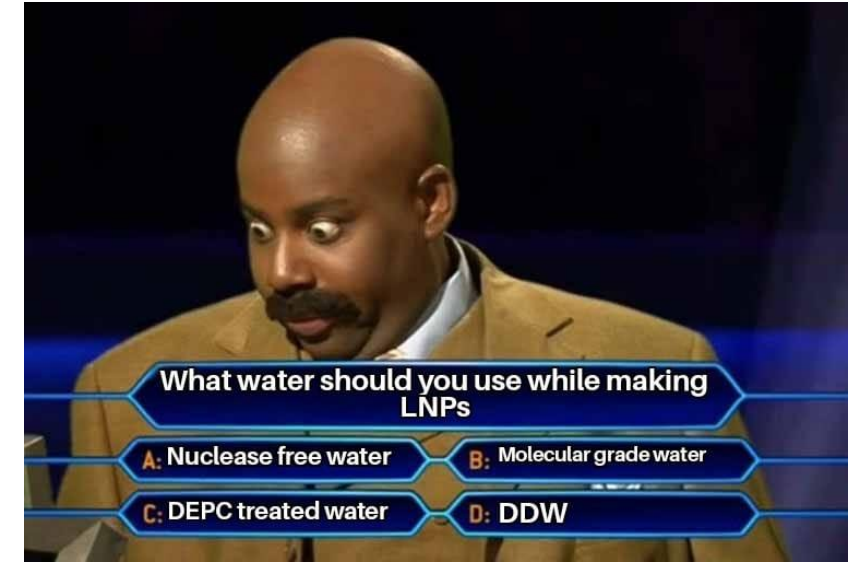
50 nm LNP



Nanoassembler®
Microfluidic mixer



m-mRNA or oligos



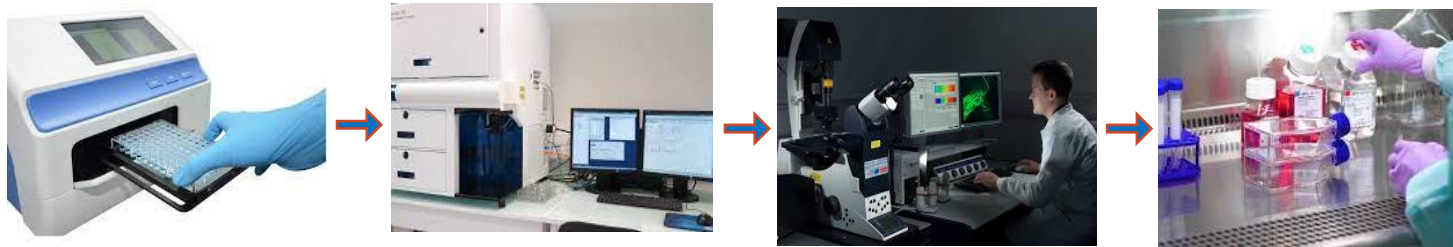
LNPs advantages:

- Biocompatible
- Biodegradable
- Nucleic acid protection
- Increase stability in circulation
- Increase therapeutic effect
- Clinically approved

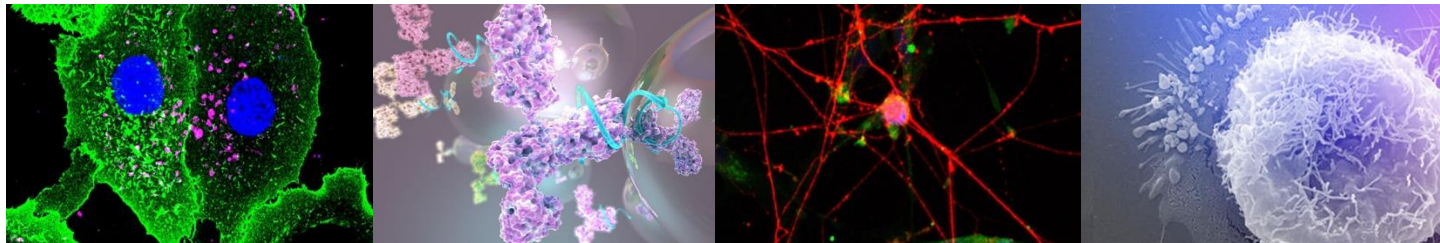


Laboratory of Precision NanoMedicine

**Exome / Transcriptome analysis
Target Discovery & Validation**



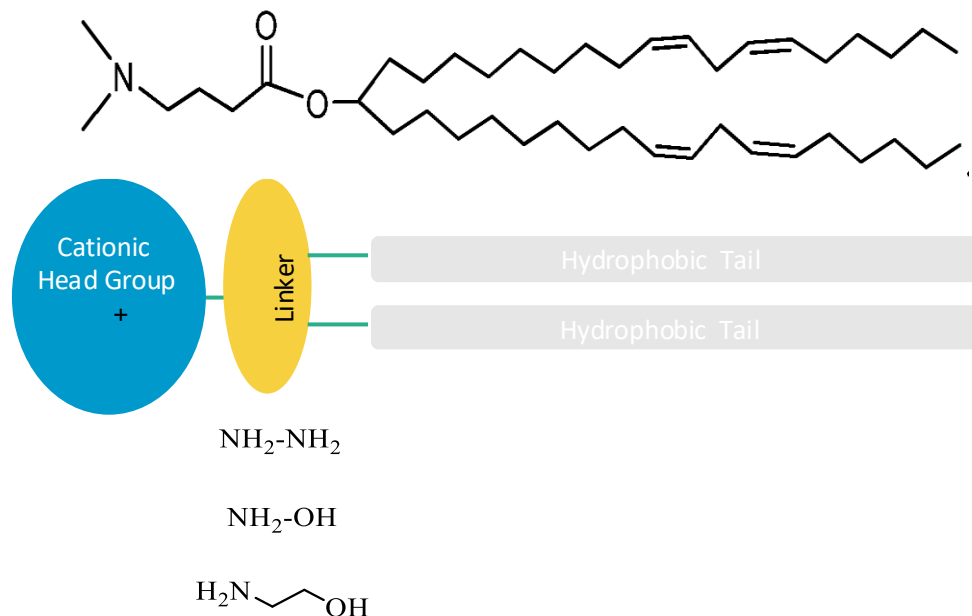
**RNA Delivery systems (from lipid synthesis) to
Generation of mAbs & Protein Engineering**



**Tailor-made the
appropriate nano-
vehicle, selective
targeting agent and
specific therapeutic
payload**

Structural Design of Ionizable Lipids

Dlin-MC3-DMA



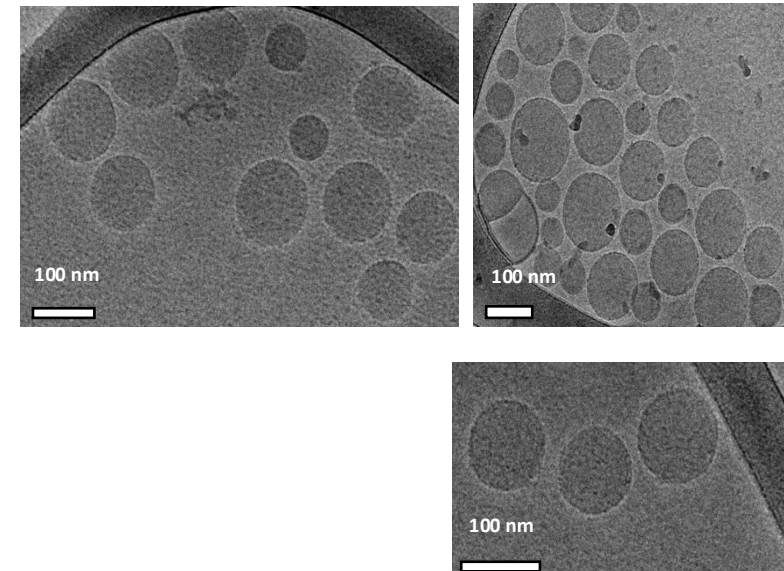
Dr. Srinivas Ramishetti

Based on the gold standard we have synthesized more than 50,000 lipids

LNPs Characterization

Formulation	Size (d.nm)	PDI	Zeta-potential (mV)
Dlin-MC3-DMA	44.5	0.18	-1
HZ-35	45.1	0.14	18.5
HZ-25	56.3	0.06	13.9
HZM-45	50.5	0.08	18.5
HZM-50	108.5	0.10	20.4
HZM-55	52.5	0.11	10.1
HZM-Im	46.0	0.15	-10.8
HZM-Pip	67.7	0.16	-2.8
HZM-Gly	52.8	0.07	-1.5
EA2	59.0	0.08	6.7
EA2-Pip	97.0	0.17	-1.28
EA-406	138.6	0.06	-1.82
HyAm-Gly	75.1	0.04	-13.6
HyAm-2	44.3	0.09	-3.6

Structural characterization of siRNA-EA2-LNPs by cryoTEM





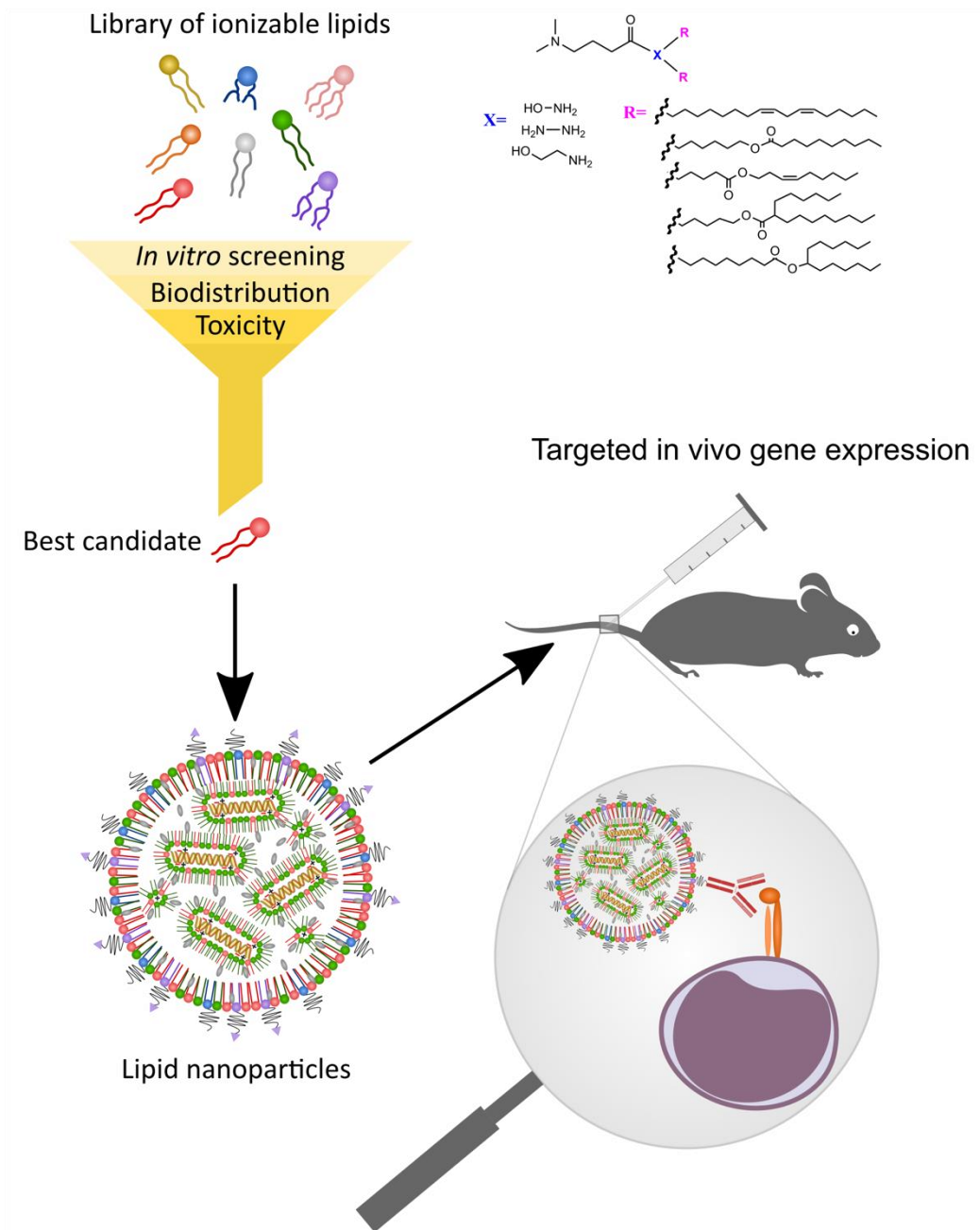
Dr. Inbal Hazan-Halevi



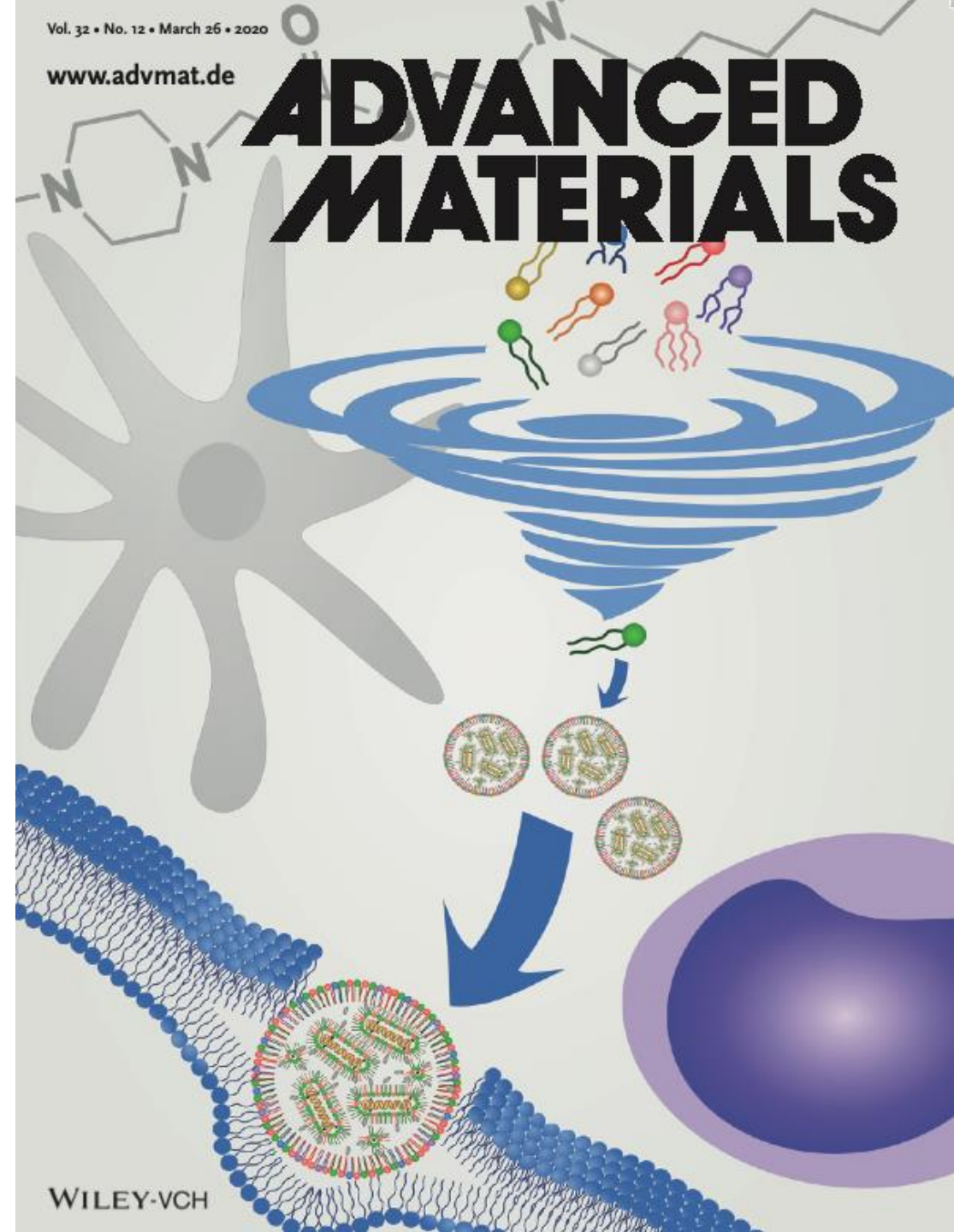
Dr. Srinivas Ramishetti



Dr. Somu Gonna Naidu

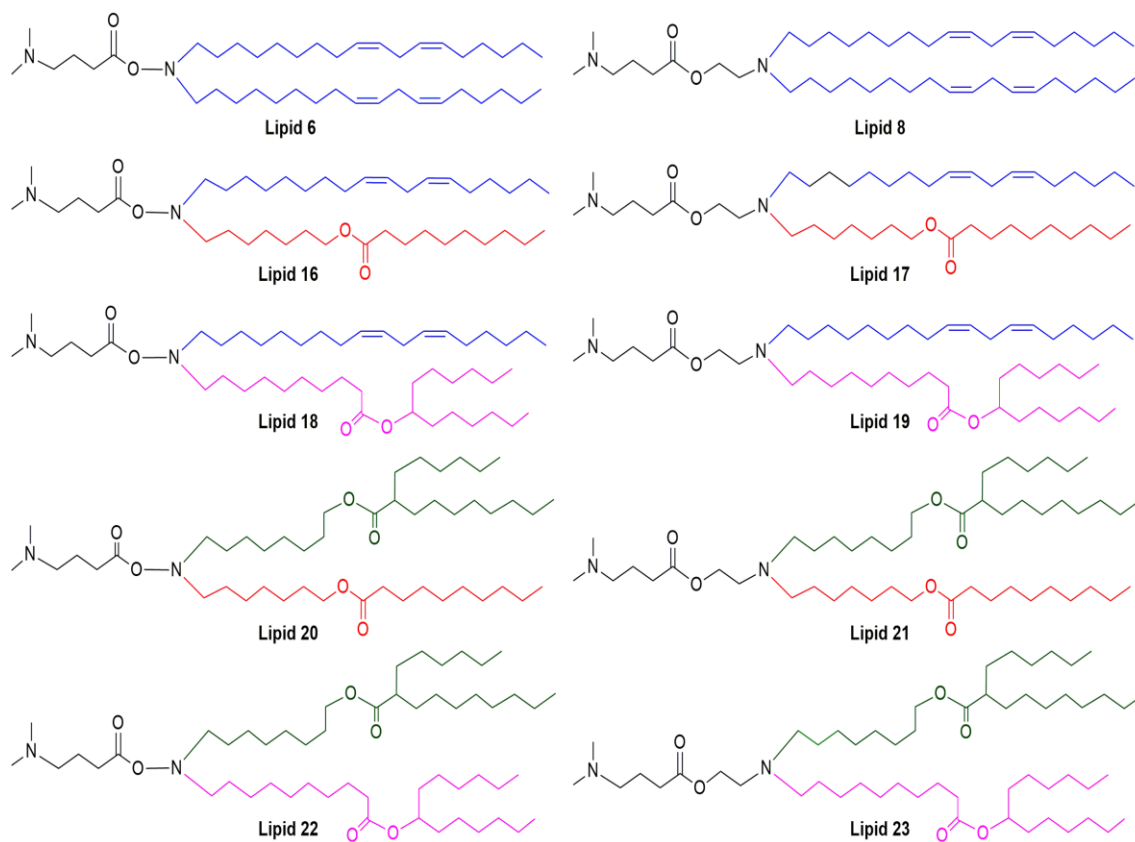


Ramishetti S. et al. *Advanced Materials* 2020





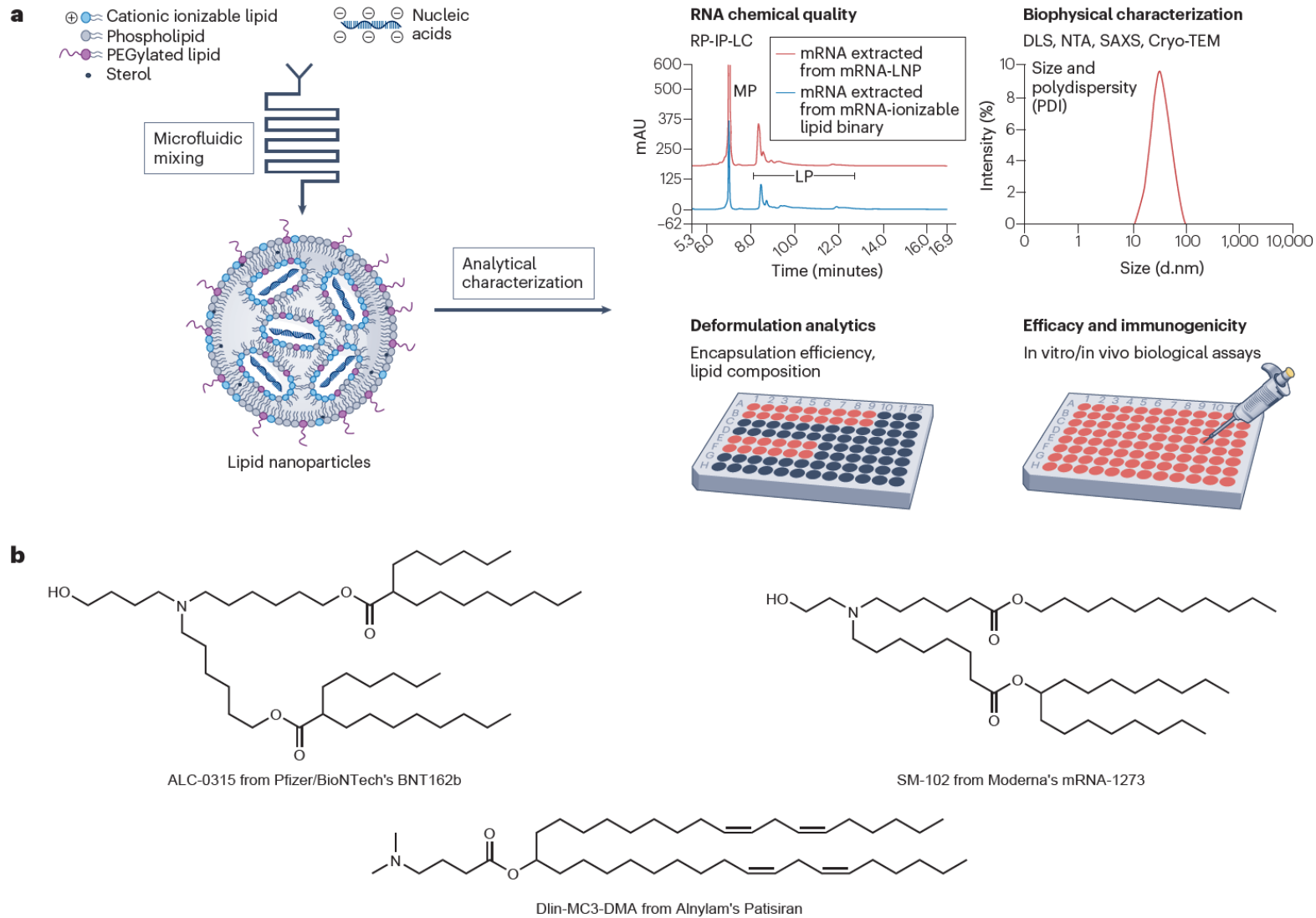
Dr. Somu Gonna Naidu



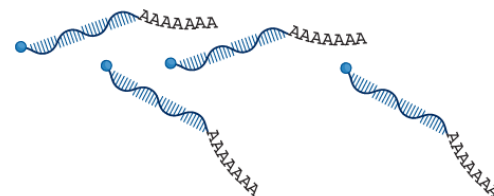
Naidu GS*, Yong S-B* et al. Advanced Science 2023



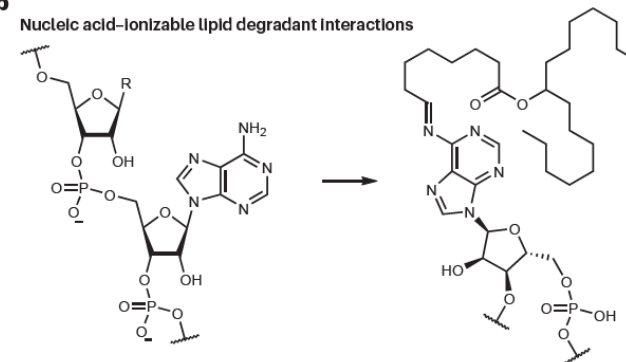
Analytics – the promise of improved formulations



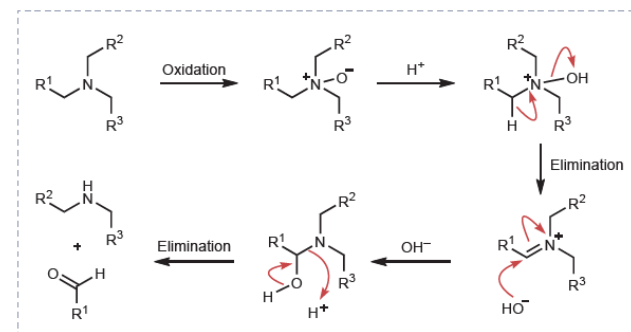
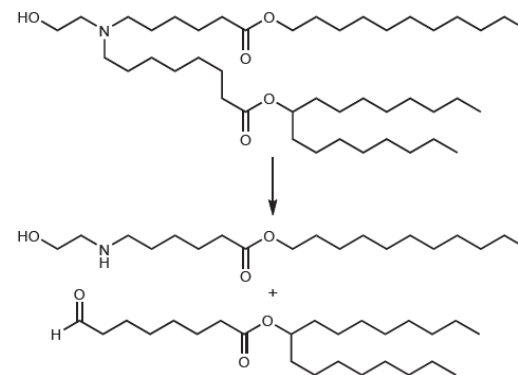
a Nucleic acids – purified and well-defined drug substance



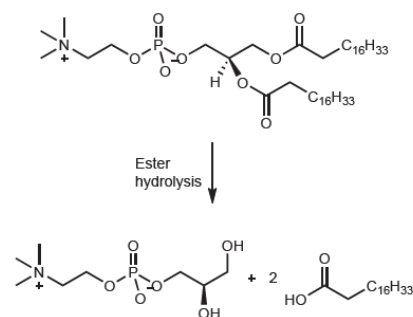
b Nucleic acid-ionizable lipid degradant interactions



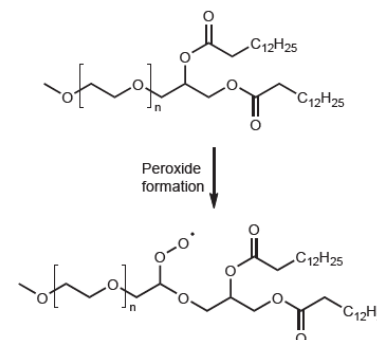
c Cationic ionizable lipid – for encapsulation, transfection ability and endosomal escape



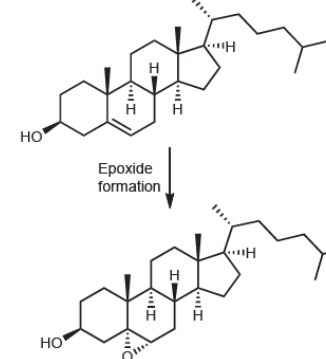
Phospholipid (DSPC) – for structure stability



PEGylated lipid – for stealth effect



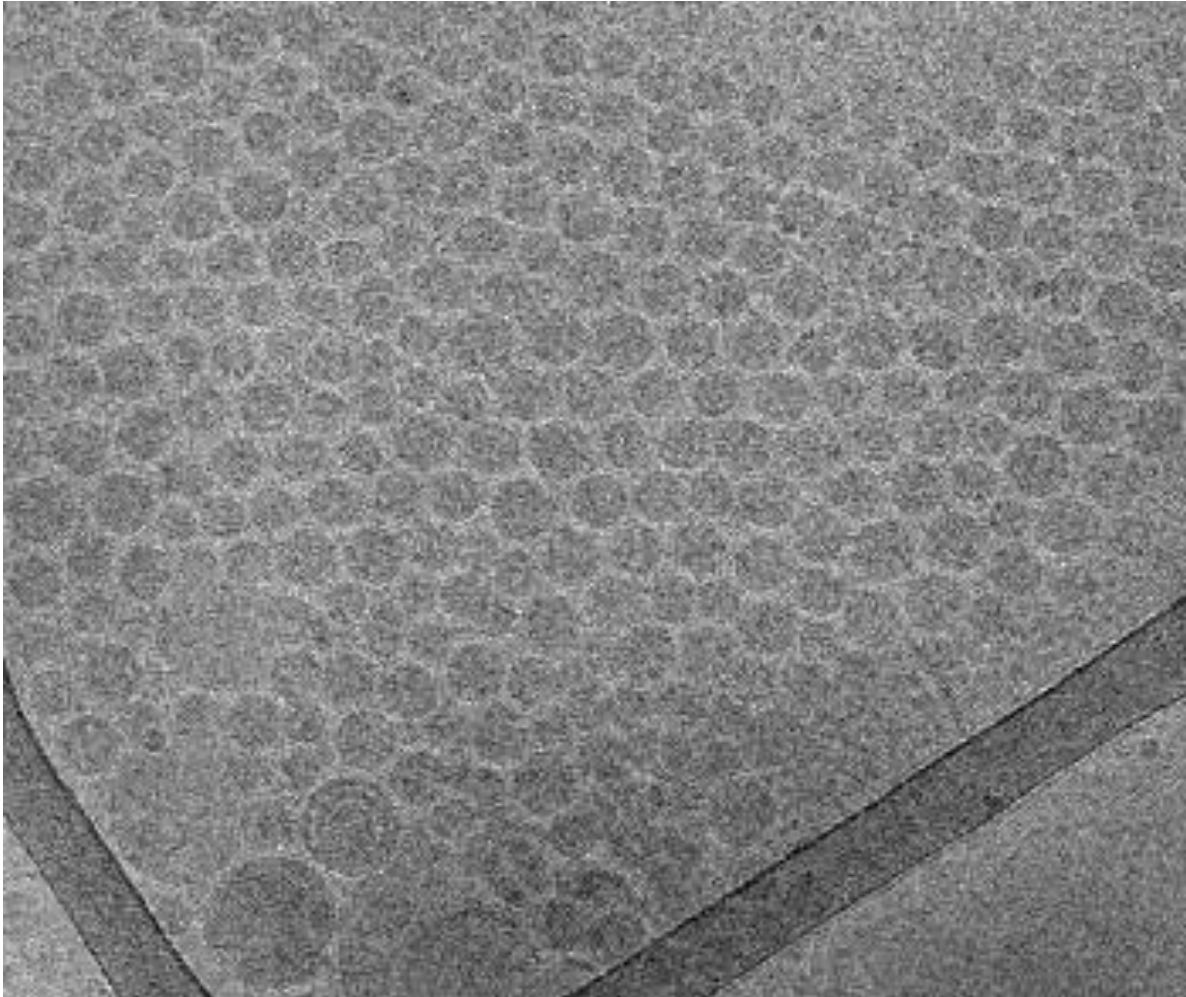
Sterol (cholesterol) – for structure and rigidity



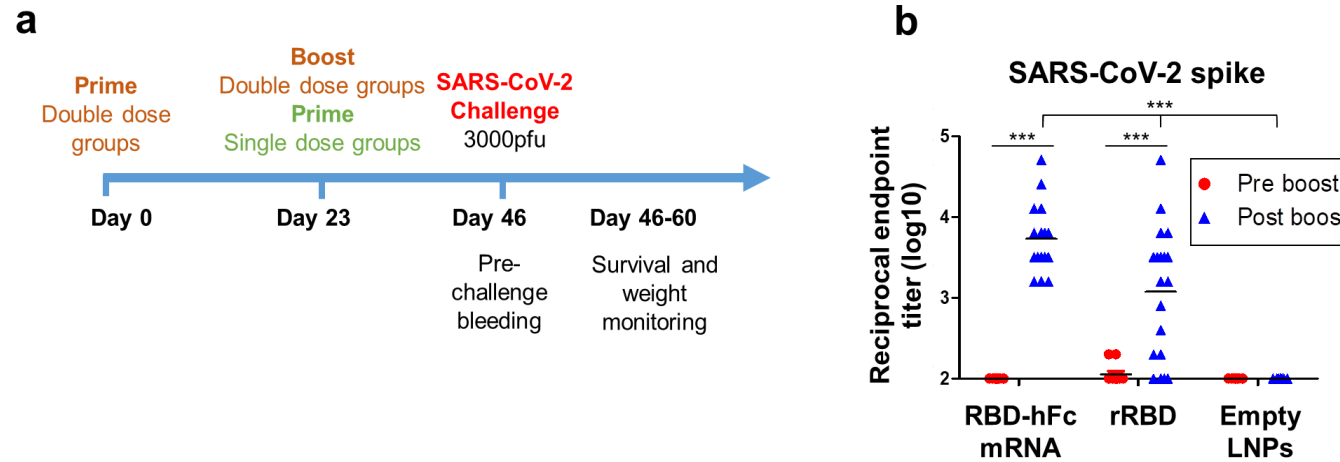


mRNA Vaccines

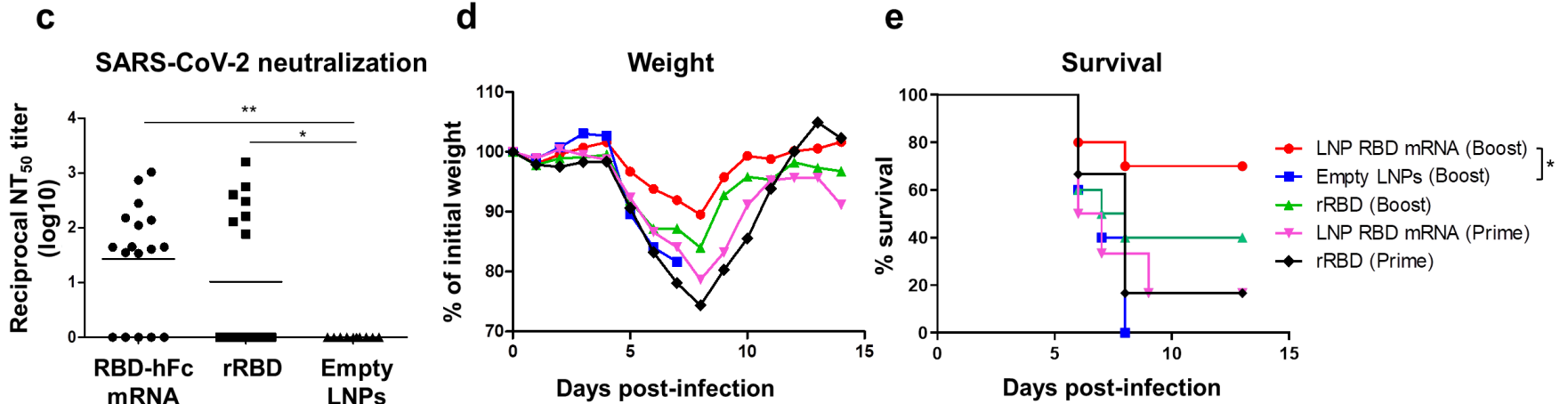
LNP RBD-hFc mRNA vaccine protects hACE2 transgenic mice against a lethal SARS-CoV-2 challenge .



LNP RBD-hFc mRNA vaccine protects hACE2 transgenic mice against a lethal SARS-CoV-2 challenge



Collaboration – Dr. Ofer Cohen



Elia U et al. ACS Nano 2021
Elia U. et al. Nano Letters 2021



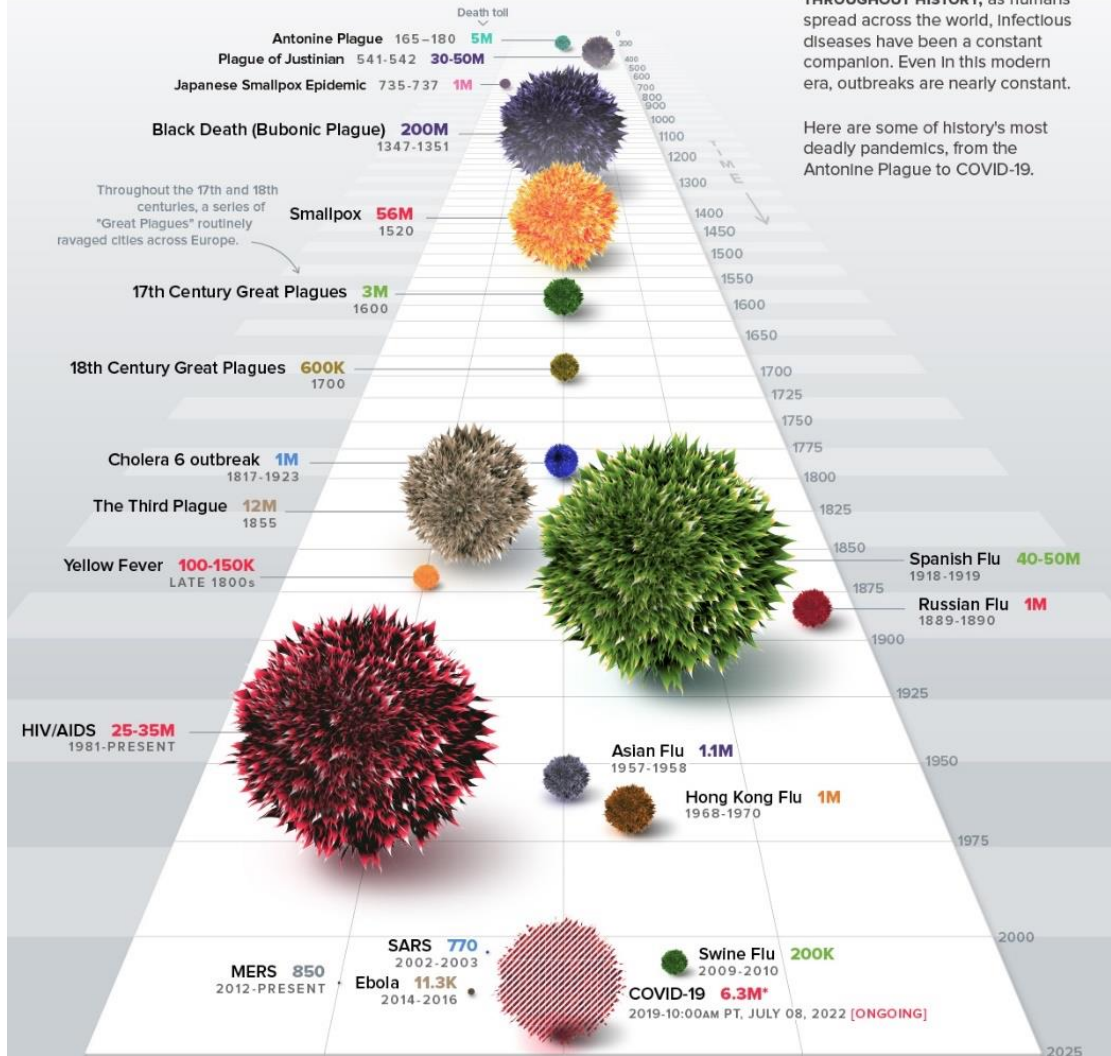
Dr. Uri Elia

HISTORY OF PANDEMICS

PAN-DEM-IC (of a disease) prevalent over a whole country or the world.

THROUGHOUT HISTORY, as humans spread across the world, infectious diseases have been a constant companion. Even in this modern era, outbreaks are nearly constant.

Here are some of history's most deadly pandemics, from the Antonine Plague to COVID-19.

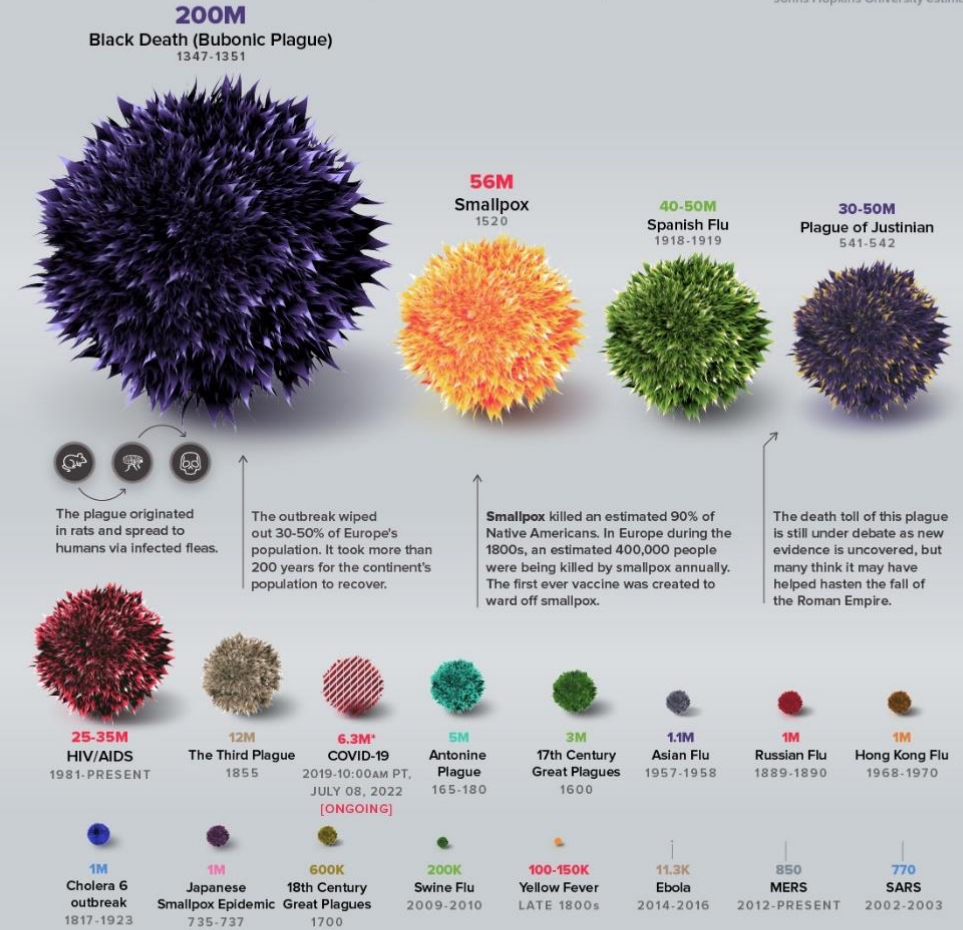


DEATH TOLL [HIGHEST TO LOWEST]

WHO officially declared COVID-19 a pandemic on Mar 11, 2020.

It is hard to calculate and forecast the impact of COVID-19 because the disease is new to medicine, and data is still coming in.

*Johns Hopkins University estimates



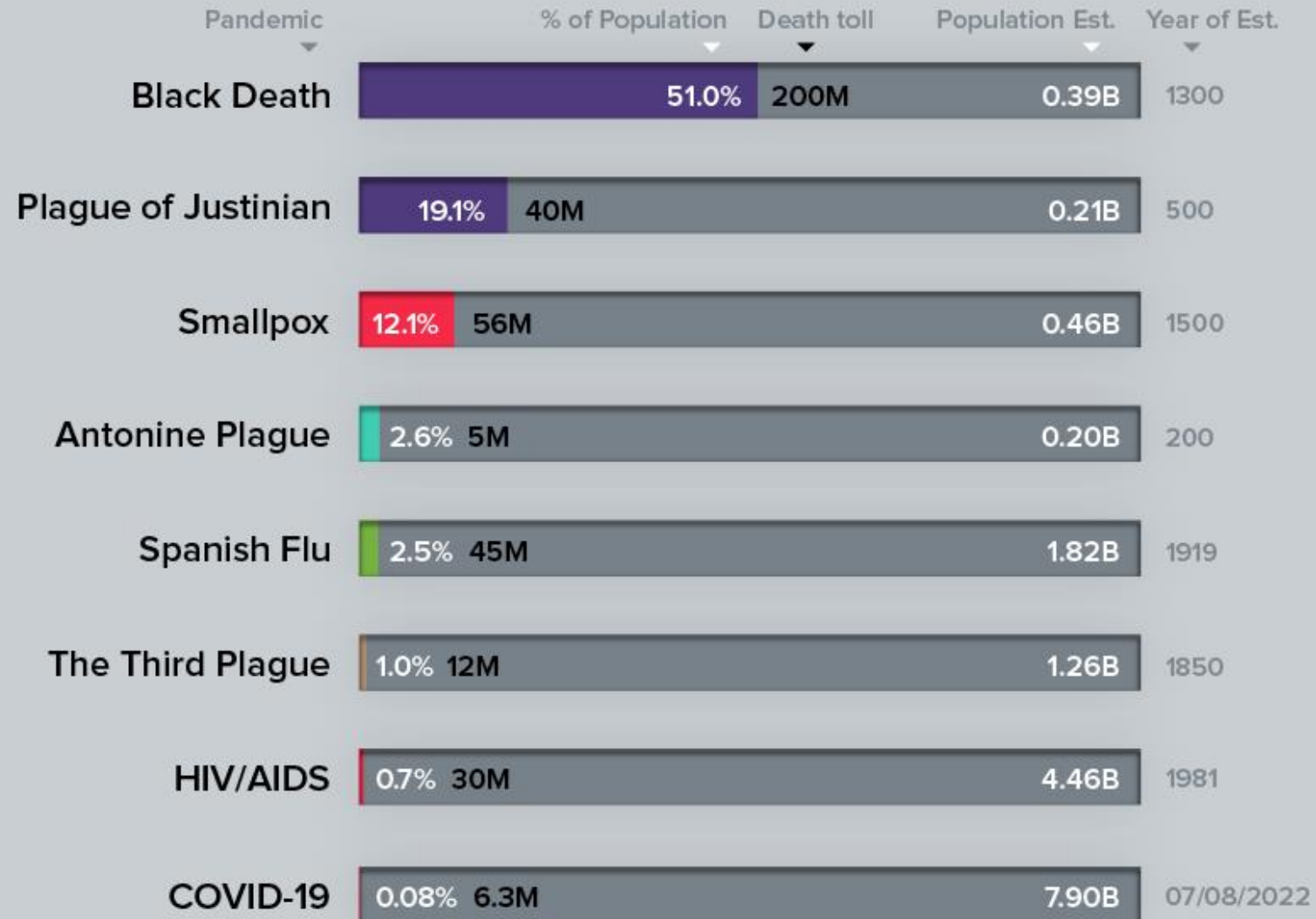
*Johns Hopkins University estimates

Sources:
CDC, WHO, BBC,
Wikipedia,
Historical records,
Encyclopedia Britannica
Johns Hopkins University



Facebook: /visualcapitalist
Twitter: @visualcap
Instagram: @visualcap
Website: visualcapitalist.com

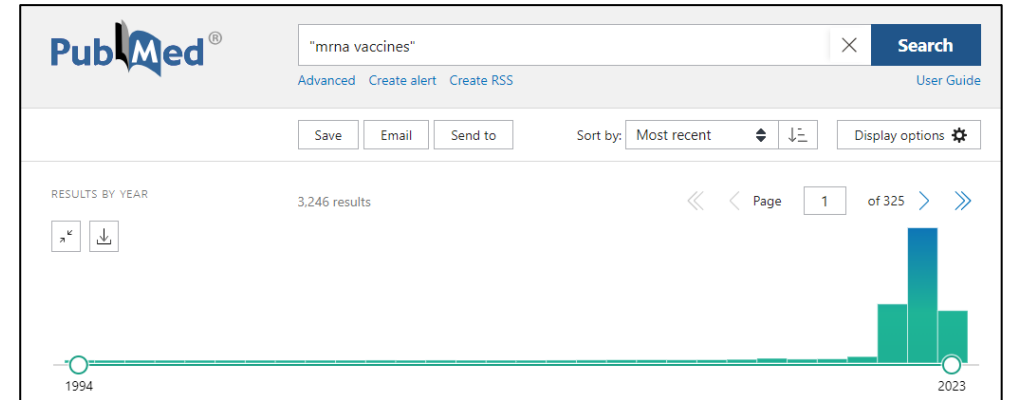
[DEATH TOLL AS A PERCENT OF THE POPULATION]





mRNA vaccines against bacterial pathogens

- “Gold rush” for mRNA vaccines
- Mostly against viral pathogens and cancer
- Very limited data on the platform’s applicability against bacteria
- Antibiotic resistance necessitates alternative countermeasures



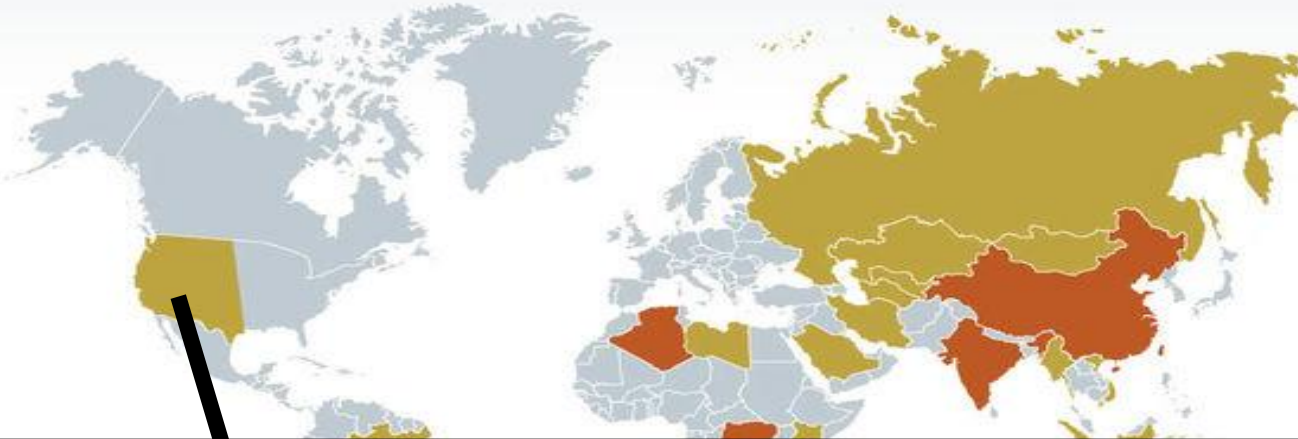
Plague Outbreaks

Justinian pandemic

Black Death 1347-1351

Oriental pandemic

BLACK DEATH: COUNTRIES THAT **STILL** HAVE THE PLAGUE



Health Life, But Better Fitness Food Sleep Mindfulness Relationships

Watch Listen Live TV

HEALTH • 1 MIN READ

Northern Arizona resident dies from plague

UPDATED JUL 12, 2025

Congo
Algeria
Malawi
India
Zambia

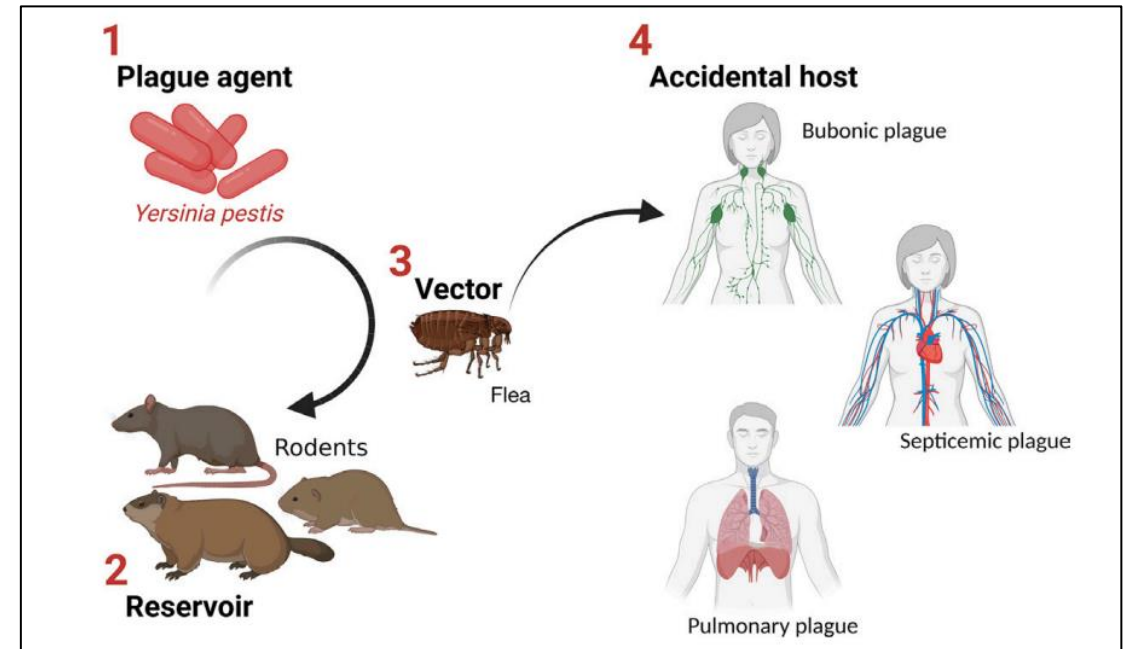
Brazil
Lybia
Saudi Arabia
Kenya
Tanzania
Mozambique
South Africa
Iran

Uzbekistan
Turkmenistan
Mongolia
Burma
Vietnam
China
Indonesia

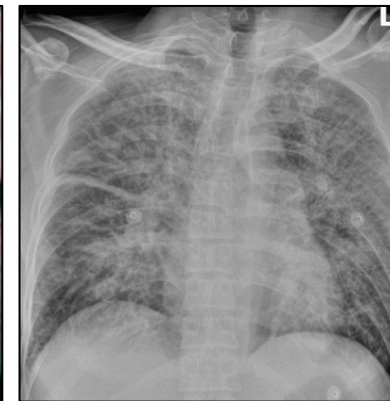
The Plague in Ashdod, Nicolas Poussin. Musée du Louvre, Paris, France.

Yersinia pestis

- The etiological agent of plague
- Gram-negative bacterium
- **Highly infectious and lethal**
- Millions of deaths throughout history, several hundreds annually
- **No approved vaccine**
- Can be treated with antibiotics
- **Antibiotic-resistant strains**
- **Potential bioweapon (Tier 1 select agent)**
- **Extensively studied at the IIBR**



Bubonic

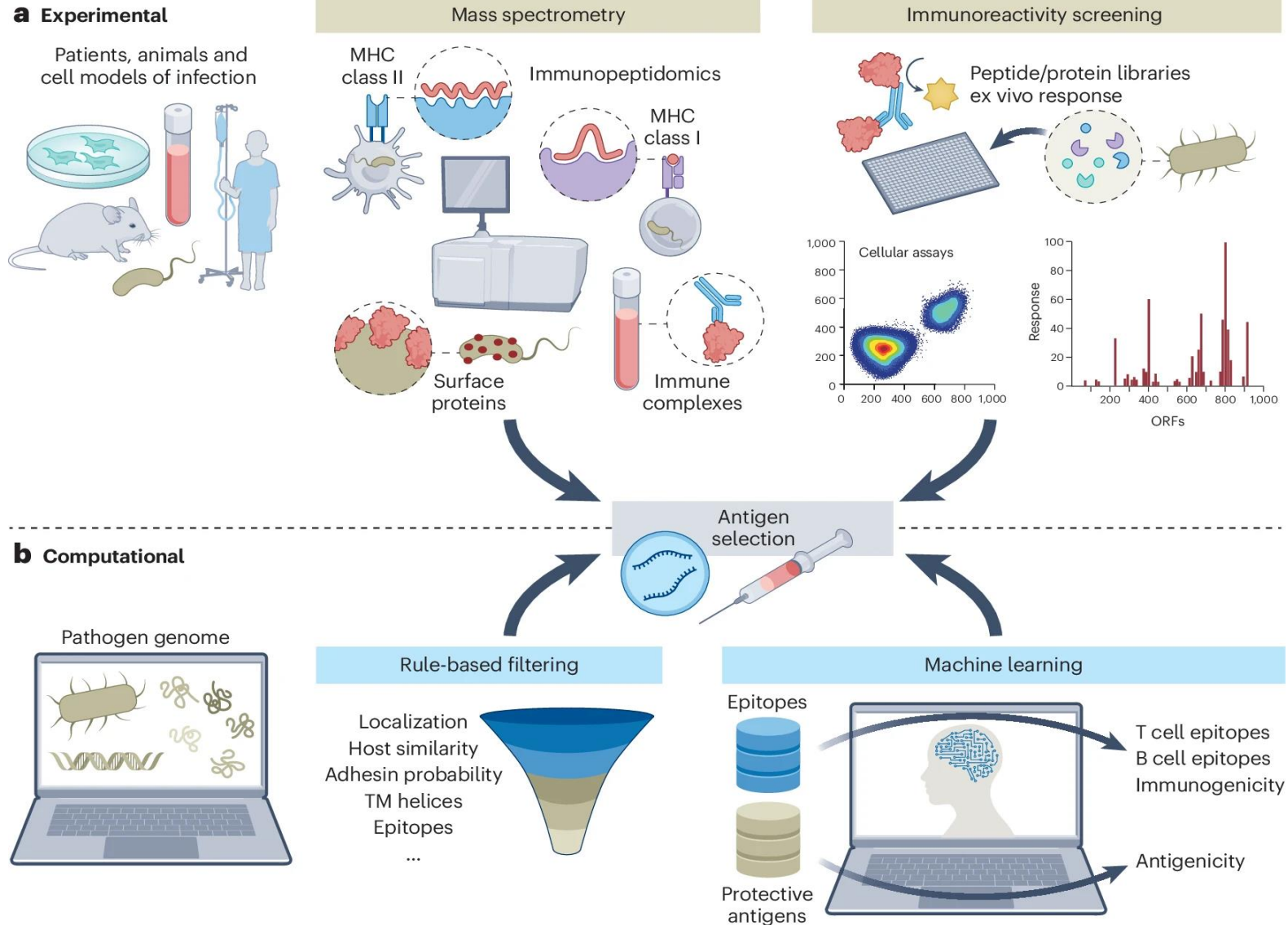


Pneumonic



Septicemic

Antigen discovery methods in bacterial vaccine development



Could mRNA Vaccines Do the Job?

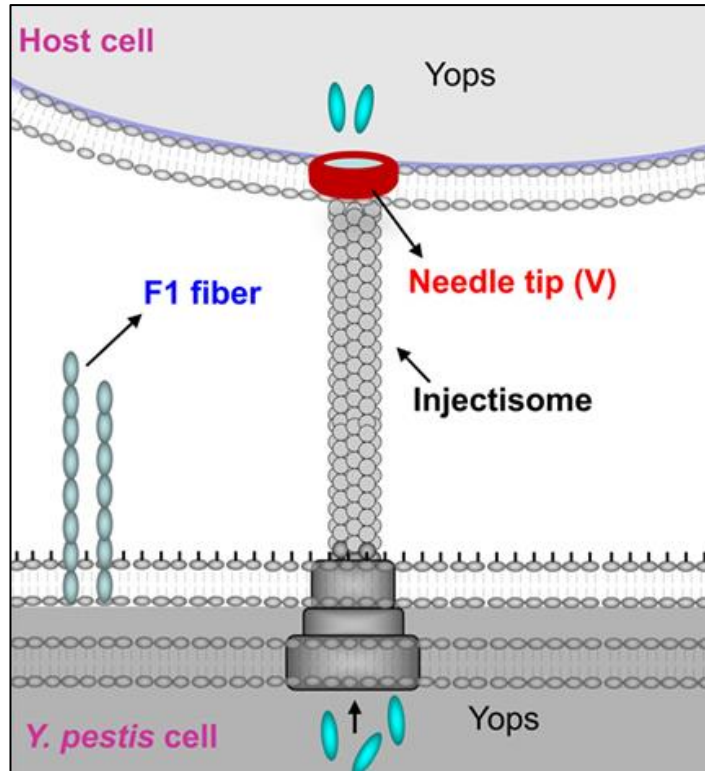
- Non-infectious
- Non-integrating
- Induction of both humoral and cellular immune responses
- Cell- and animal-free, rapid production
- Potentially cheap(er)



Treating a 14th century pathogen with 21st century technology

mRNA Design and LNP Formulation

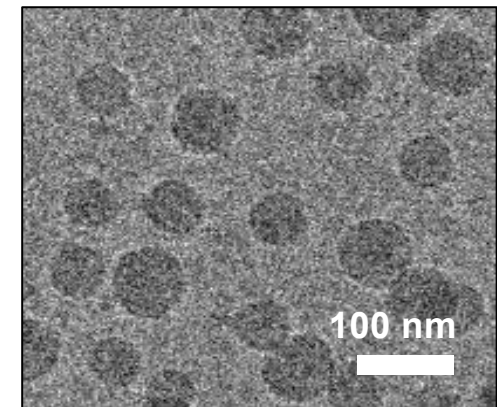
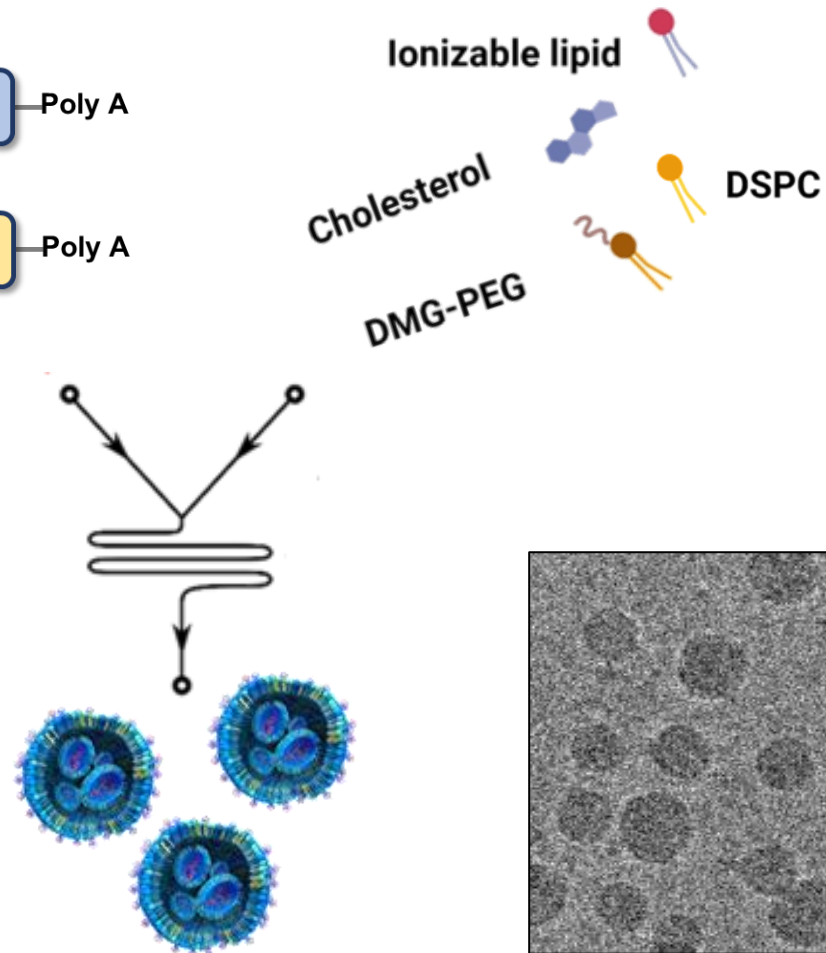
F1 (*caf1*) and LcrV antigens were chosen for vaccination study
Signal peptide (SP) added for secretion



SP-*caf1*



SP-*lcrV*

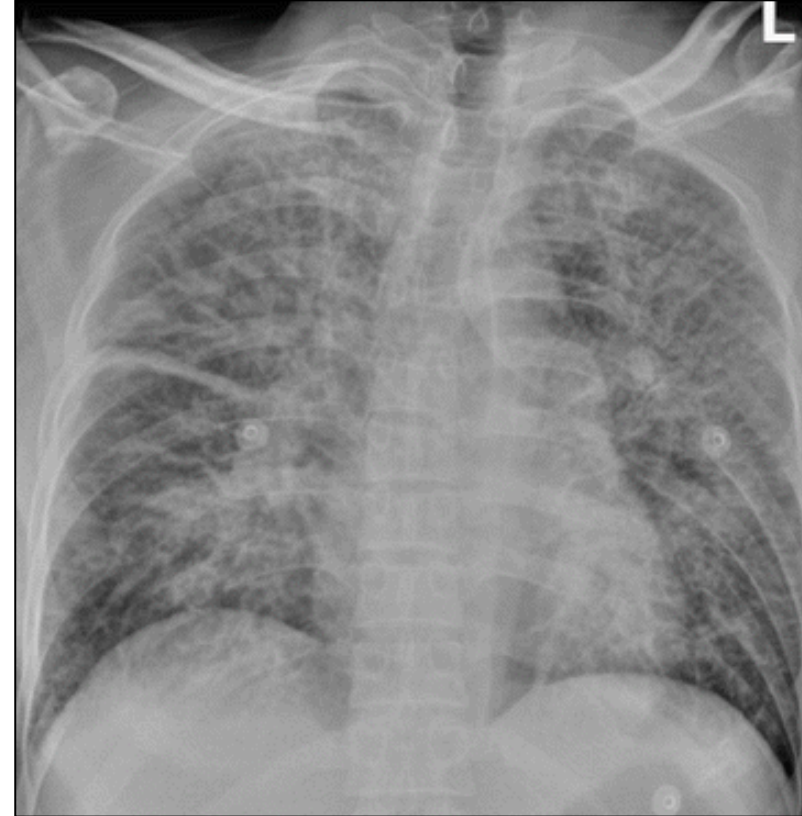


Animal Models



Bubonic Plague

Subcutaneous injection

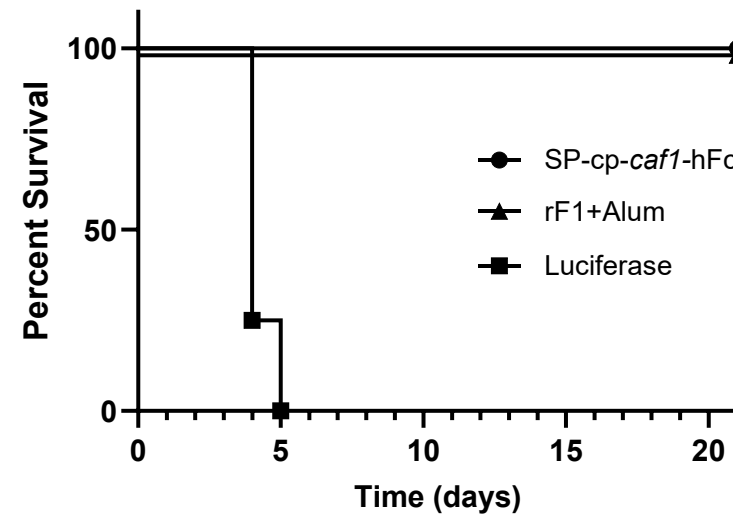
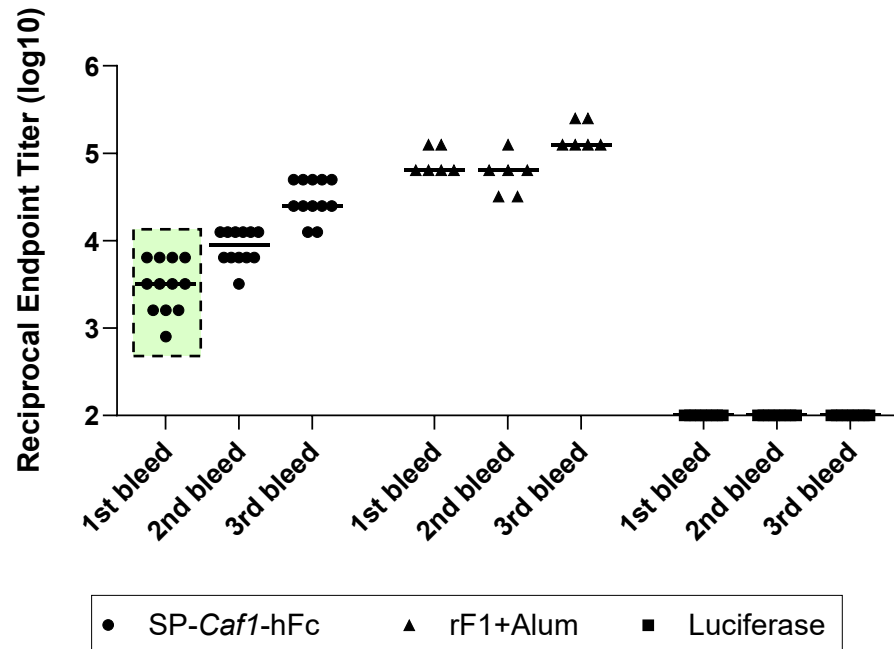
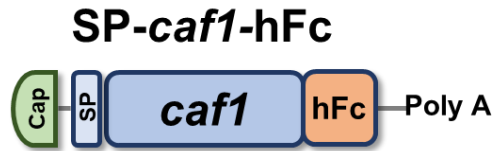
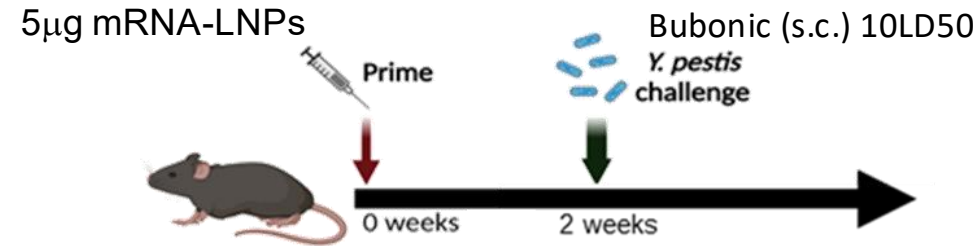


Pneumonic Plague

Intranasal administration

Y. pestis LNP-mRNA Vaccine – Bubonic Plague

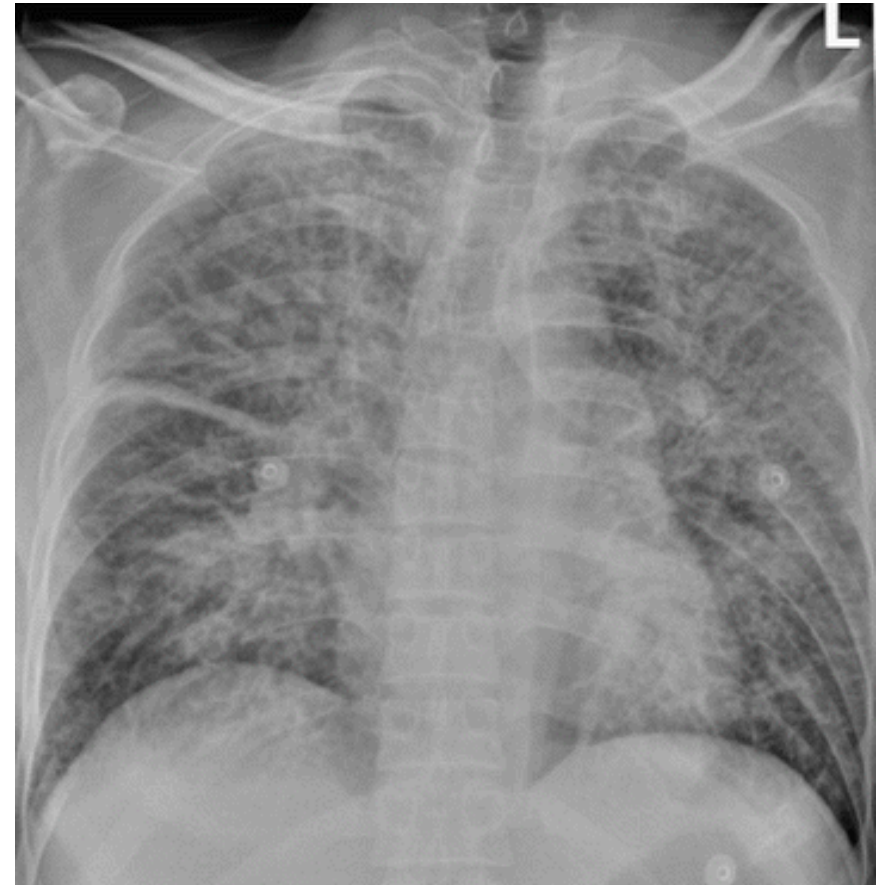
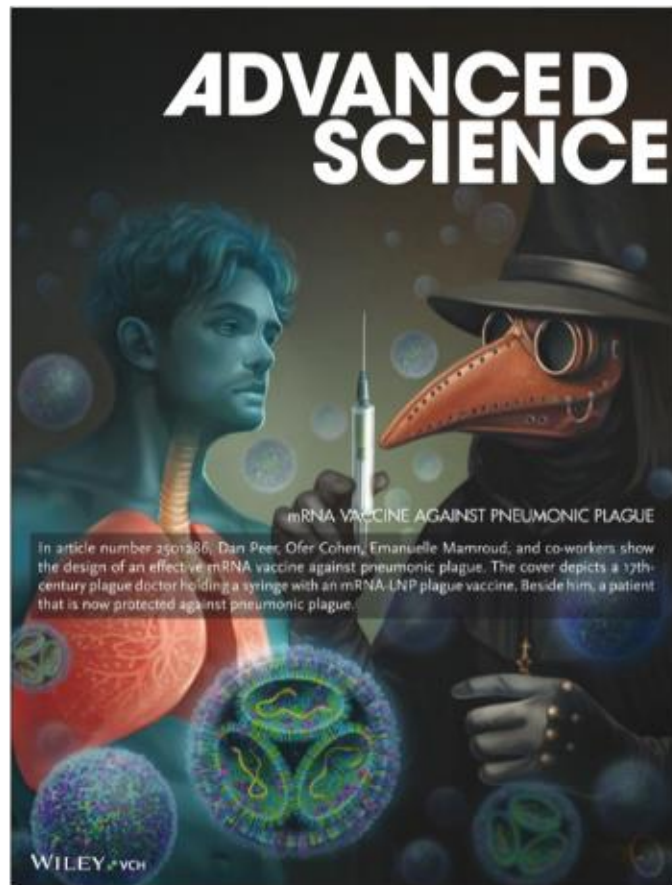
Full protection after a single dose



Ab titers correlate well with likelihood of survival

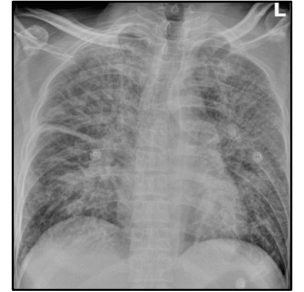
Full protection after single dose of F1-Fc LNP-mRNA

Pneumonic Plague



Y. pestis LNP-mRNA Vaccine – Pneumonic Plague

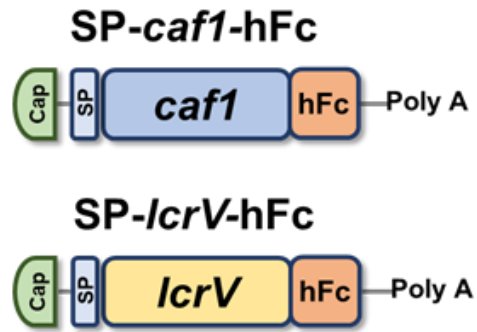
Challenges in vaccine development



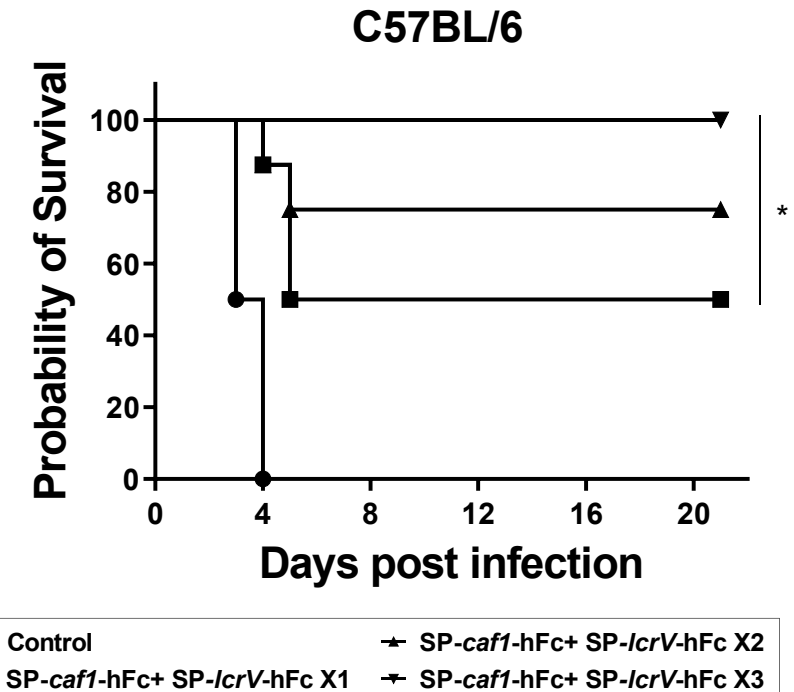
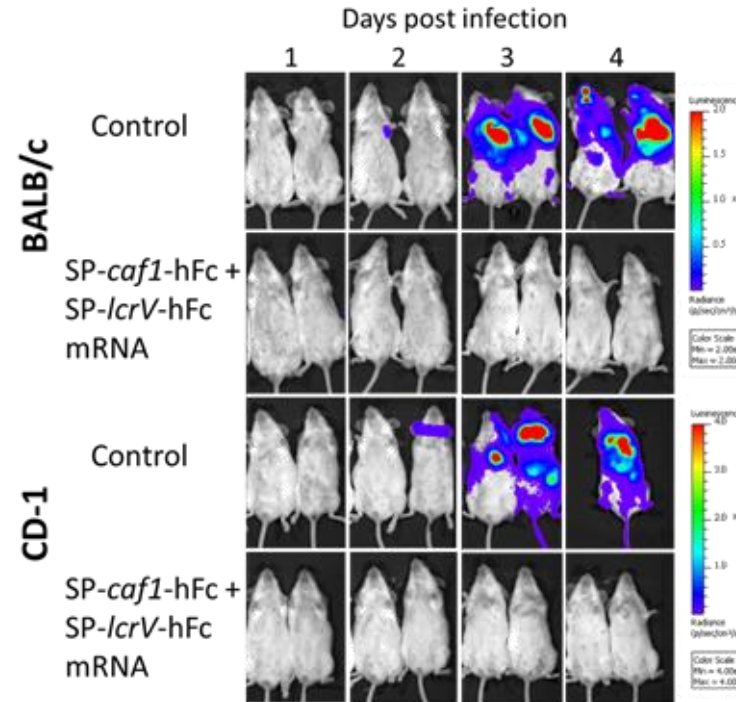
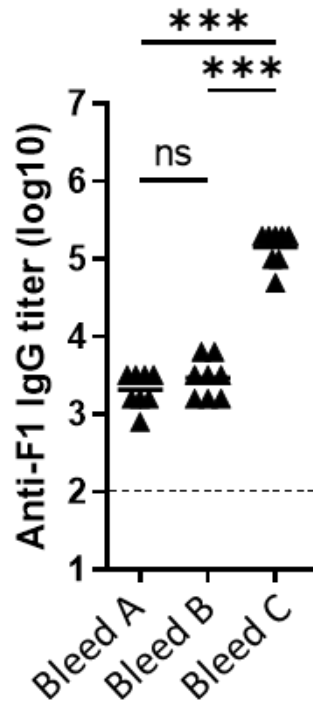
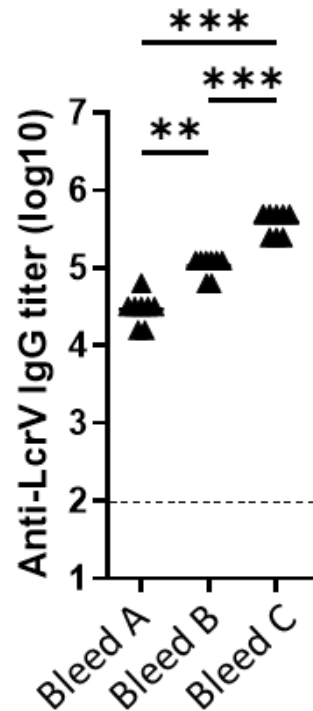
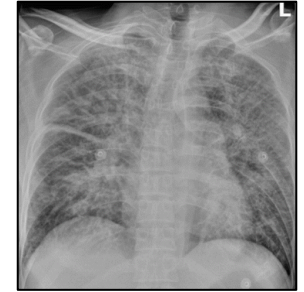
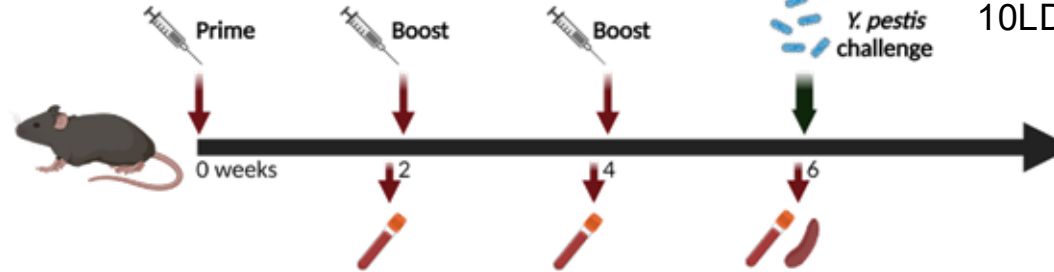
- Severe disease, harder to protect
- A combination of antigens is required for protection
- Vaccine must be effective against F1-devoid strains

Y. pestis LNP-mRNA Vaccine - Pneumonic Plague

A bivalent F1+LcrV mRNA vaccine

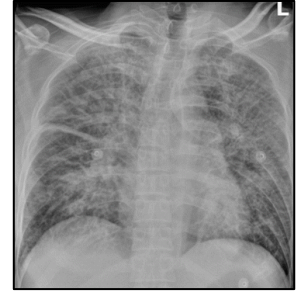
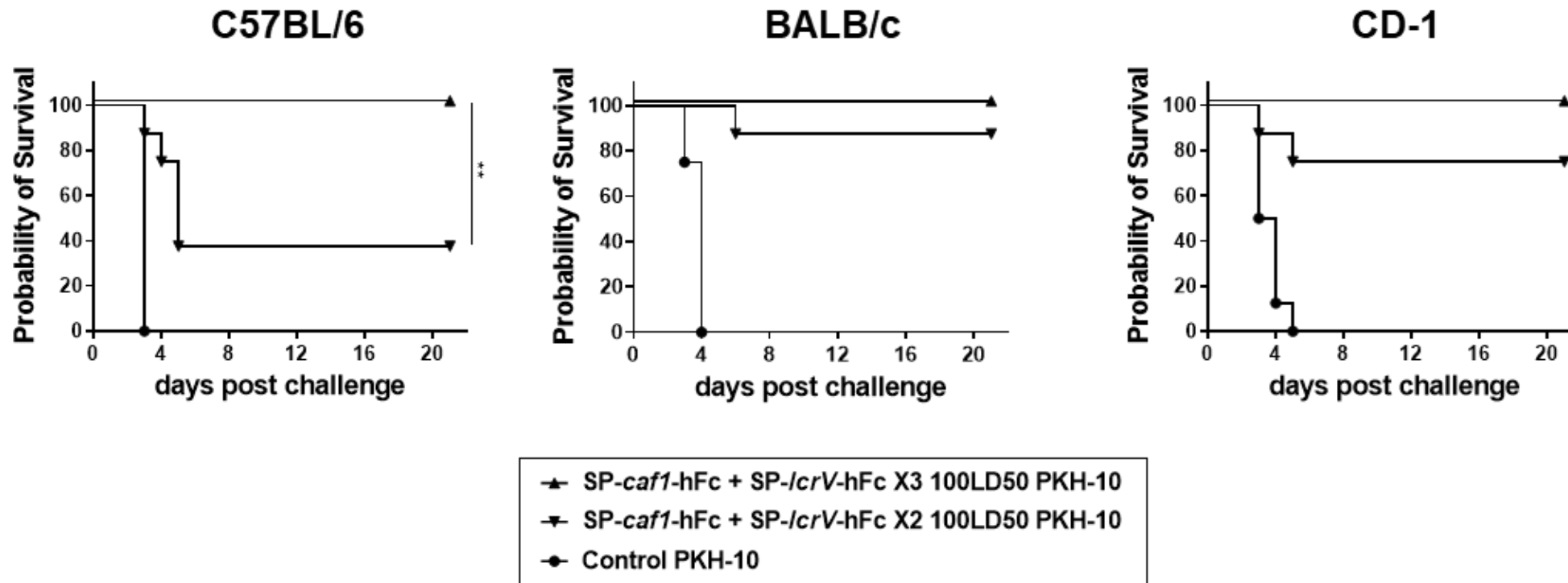


5 μ g+5 μ g mRNA-LNPs



Y. pestis LNP-mRNA Vaccine - Pneumonic Plague

Protection against high dose (100LD50) challenge



Robust protection against 100LD50 (~100,000 cfu) infection across 3 mouse strains



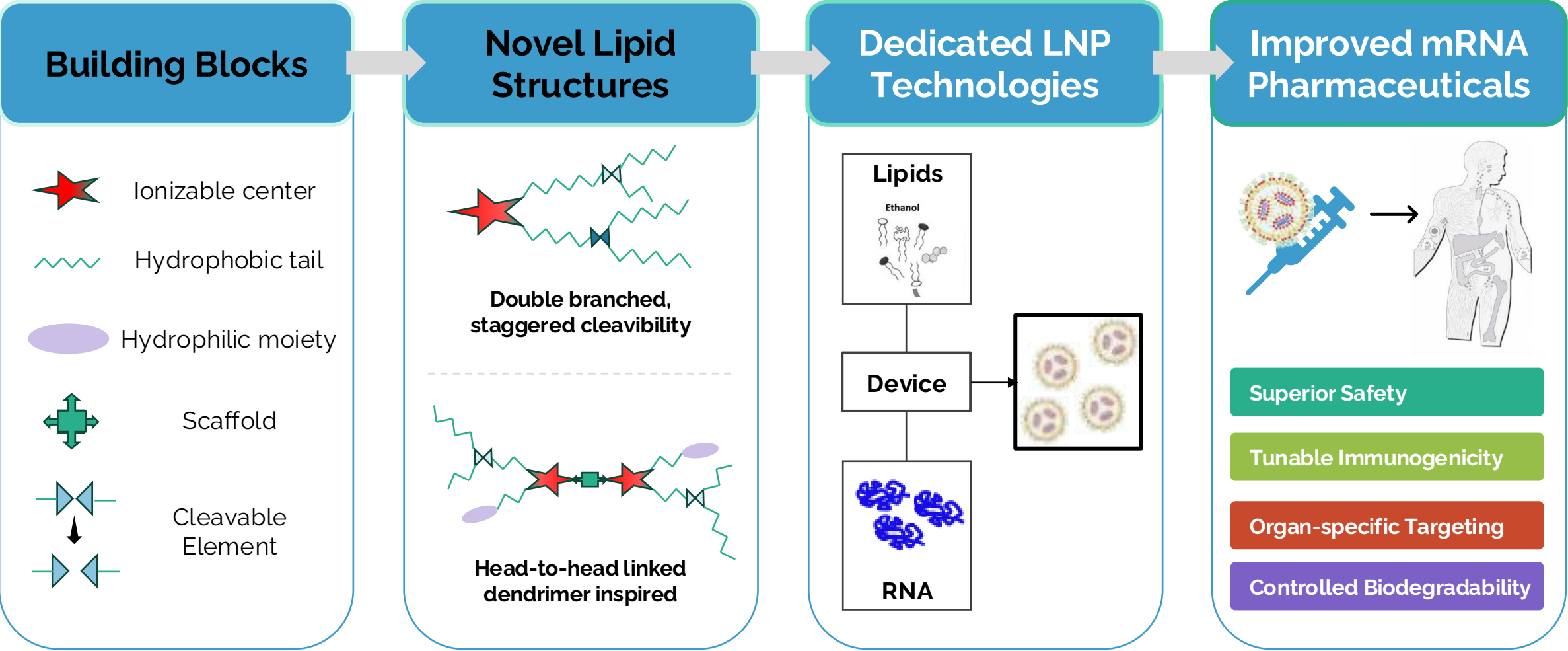
Next Generation LNP Platform

for Precision RNA Delivery

NeoVac

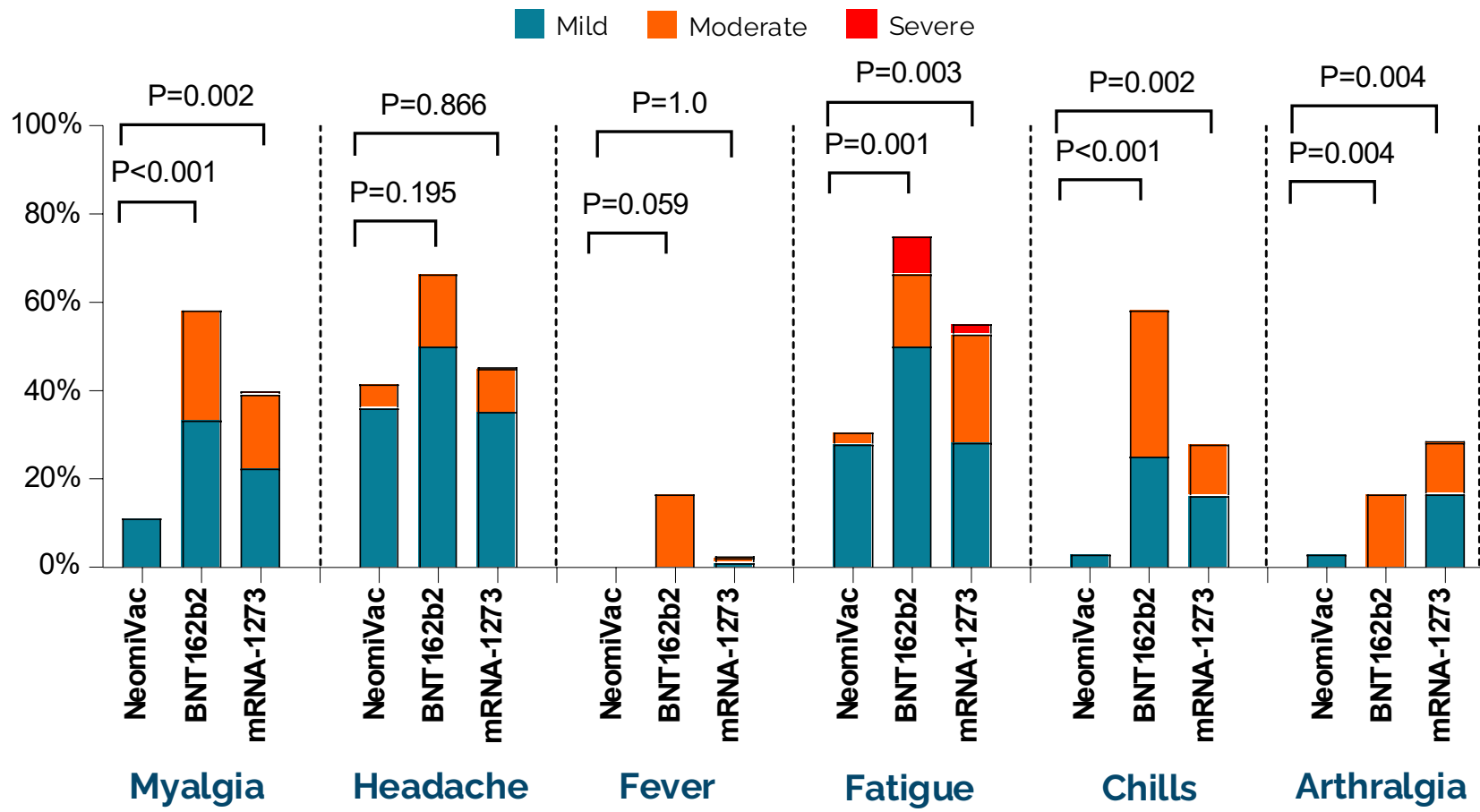
NeoVac's Modular Lipid Architecture Creates Superior LNPs

NeoVac's lipid library reaches beyond standard lipid structures, supporting improved LNP tailoring for diverse uses



Superior Safety – Human Clinical Data

Phase I / II clinical study showed both numerically fewer and less severe side effects compared to marketed products



Fewer

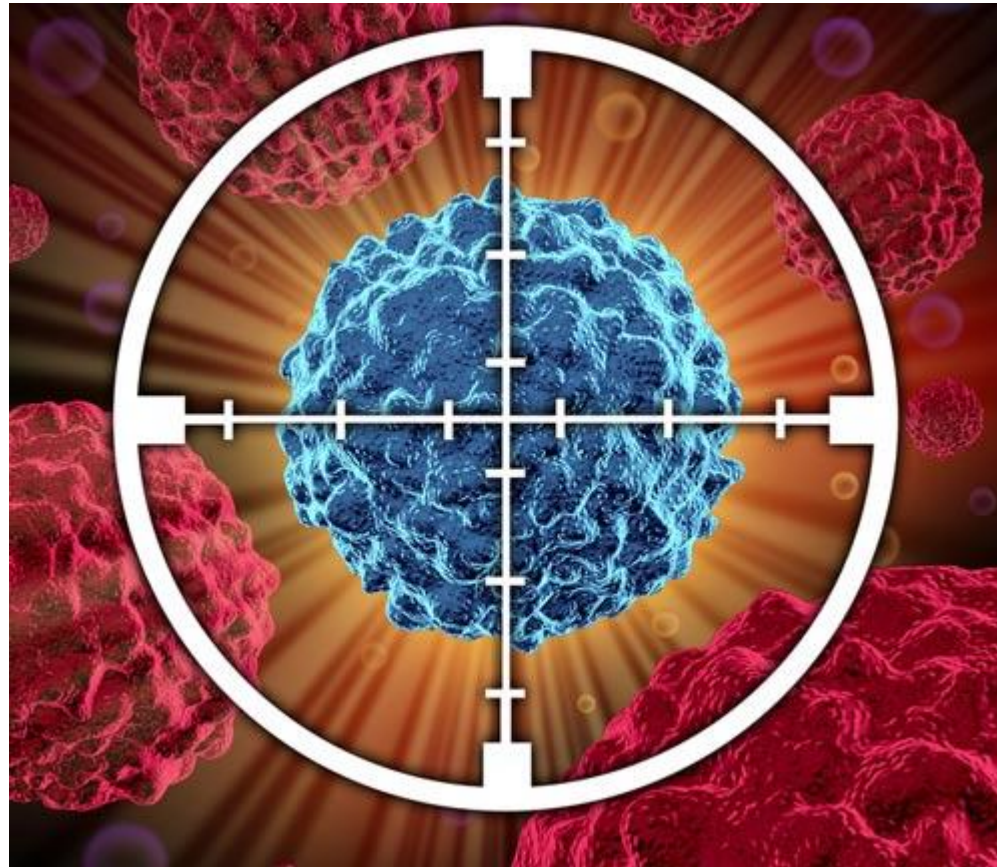
NeomiVac shows significantly lower number of adverse events compared to other mRNA vaccines

Less Severe

NeomiVac shows mostly mild adverse events, with no severe cases observed

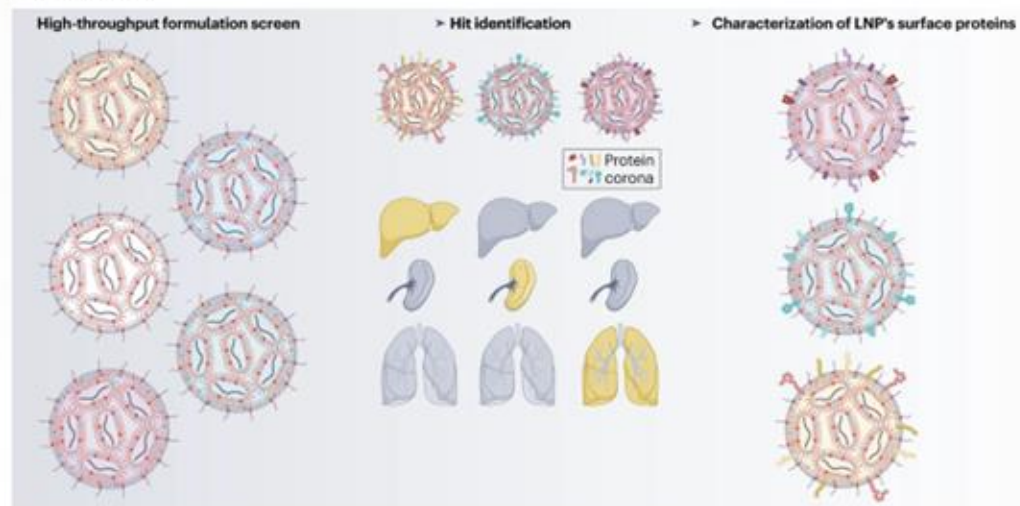
Targeted delivery platform

- Targeting moiety-
 - Antibodies
 - Peptides
 - Ligands
 - Aptamers

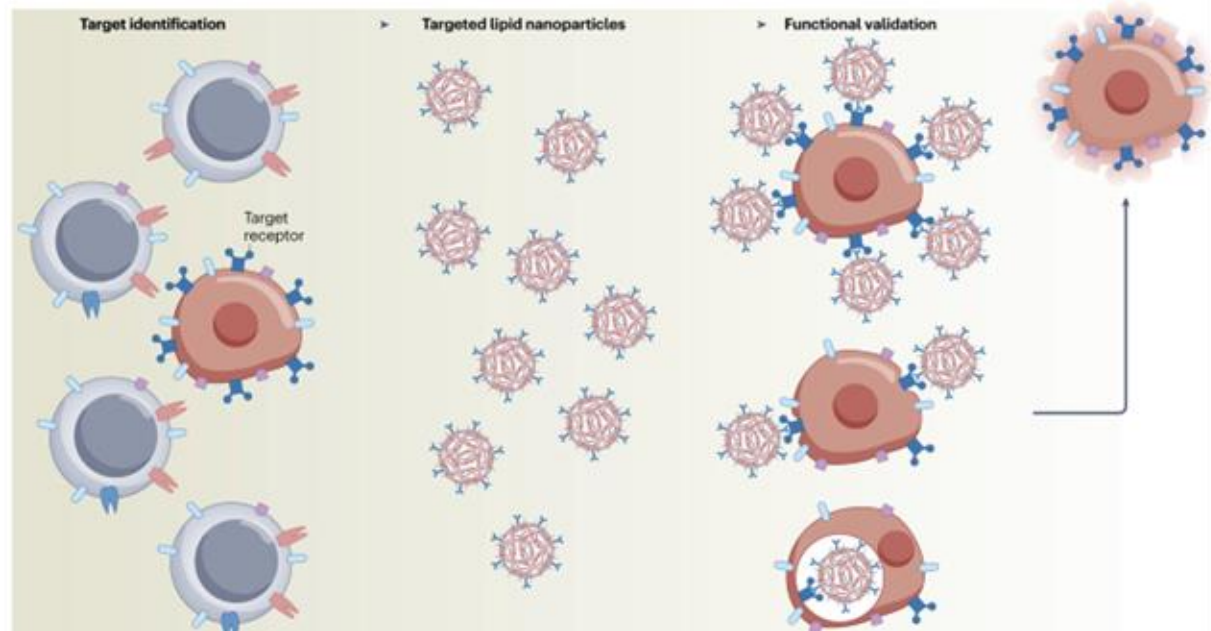


Reaching the Target Organ and Tissue

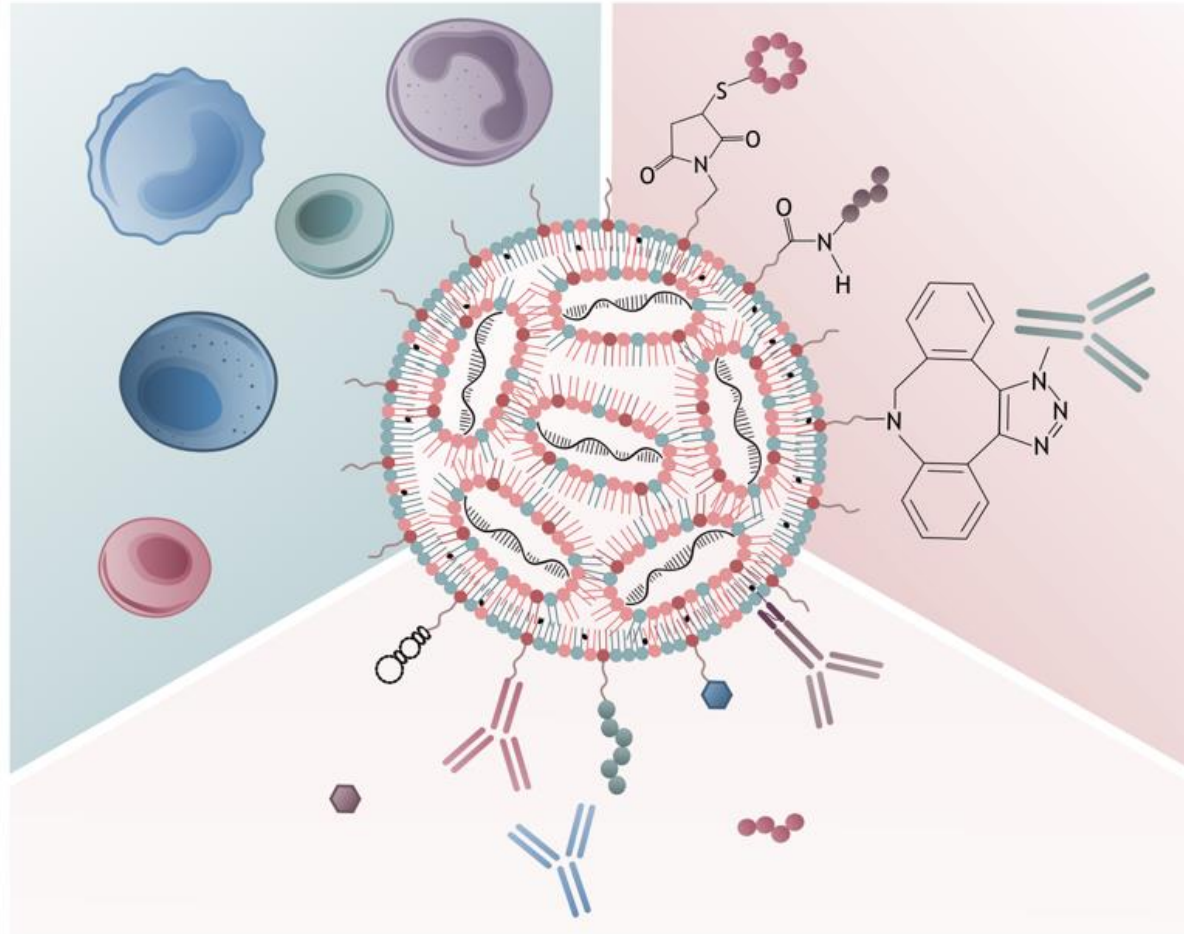
Passive targeting



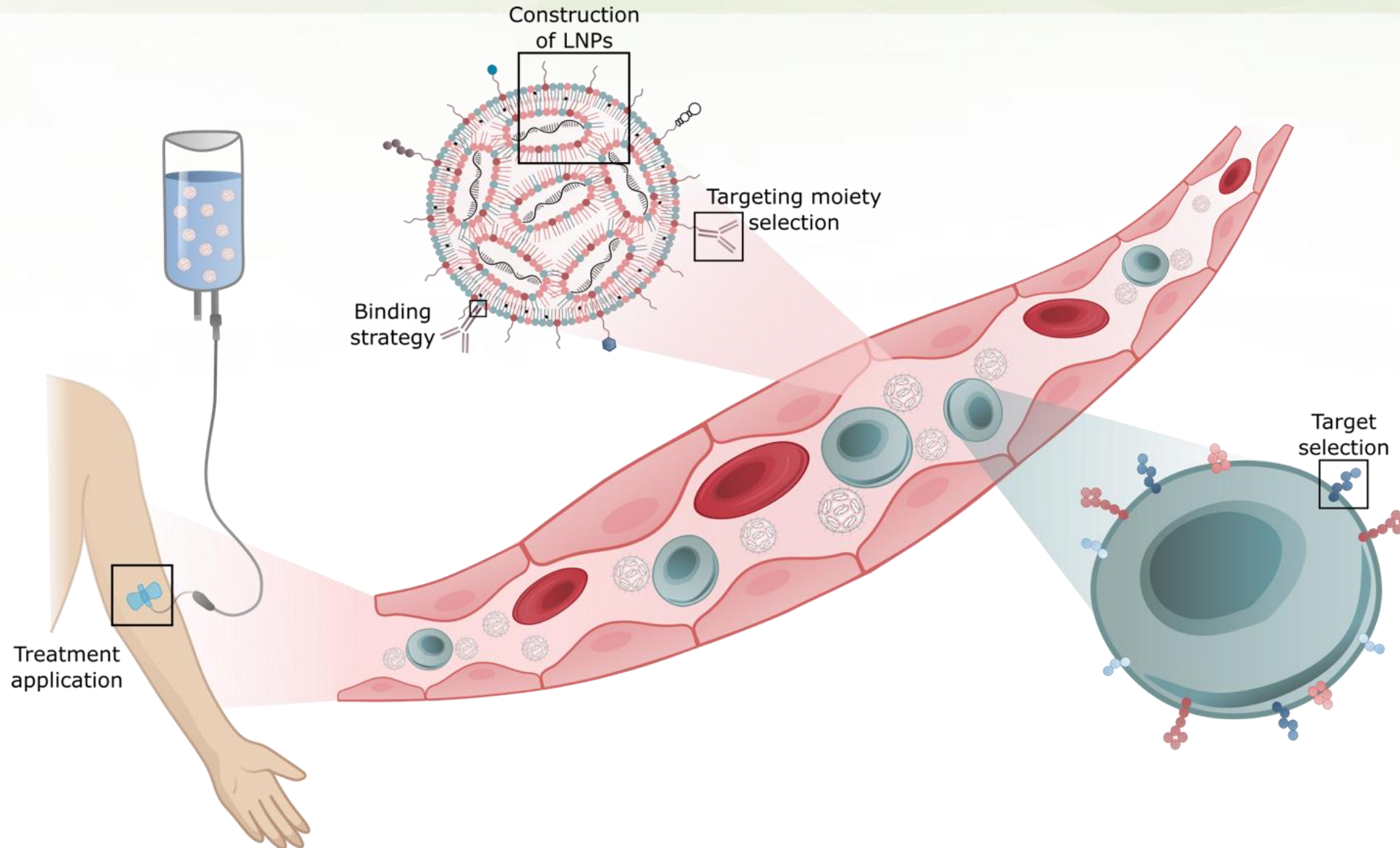
Active targeting



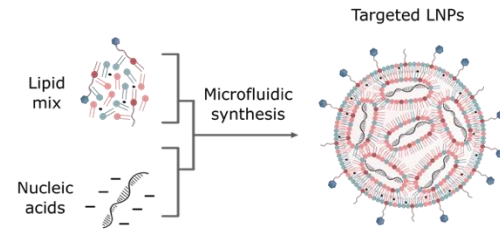
Many ways to conjugate ligands and targeting agents on LNPs surface.



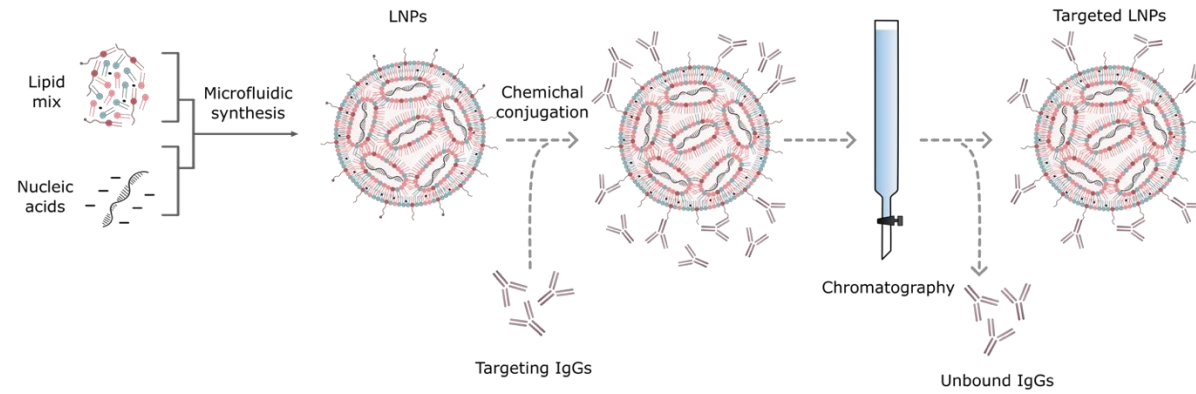
Cell-Specific Targeting Methods



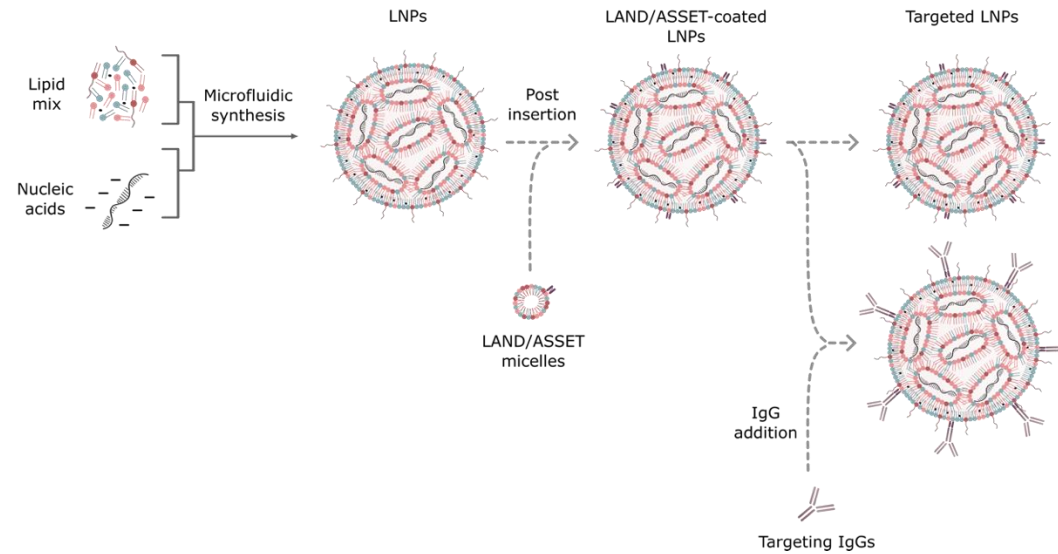
A. One-step Assembly



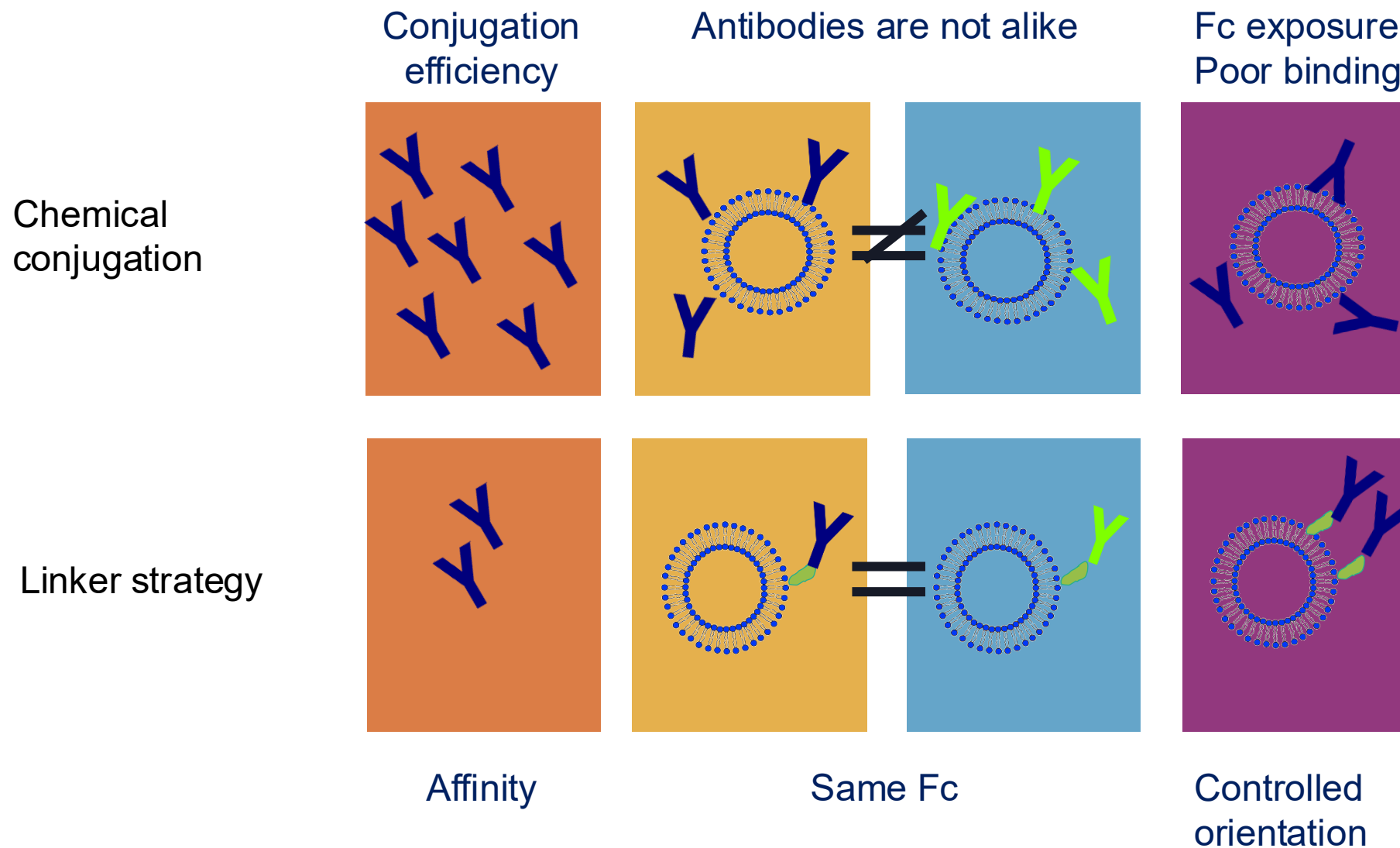
B. Surface modification of LNPs



C. Post insertion of targeting moiety-containing micelles



Antibody targeted LNPs construction



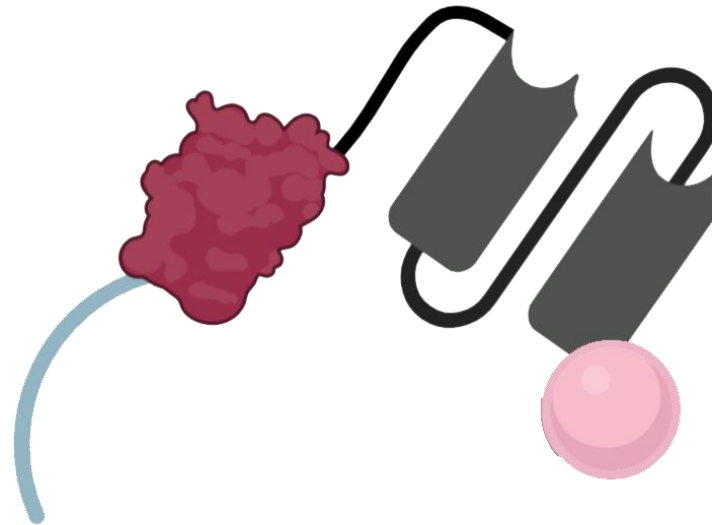
Anchored Secondary scFv Enabling Targeting – ASSET



Dr. Ranit Kedmi



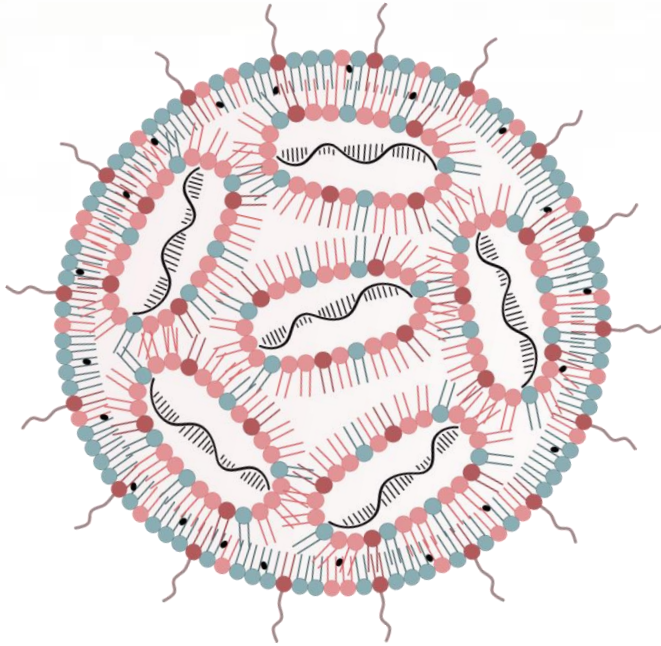
Dr. Nuphar Veiga



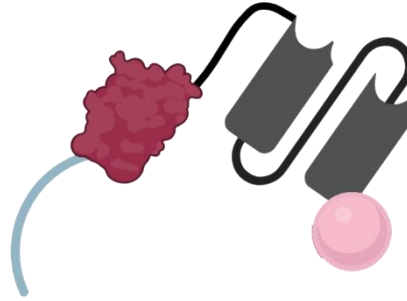
Kedmi, R. *et al. Nat. Nanotechnol.* **13**, 214–219 (2018).

ASSET as a Targeting Platform

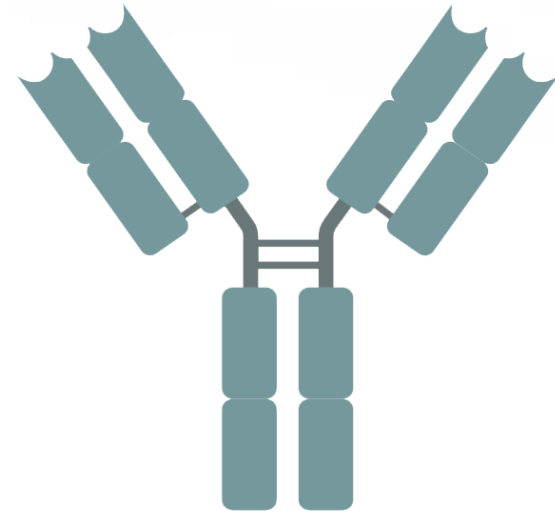
LNPs



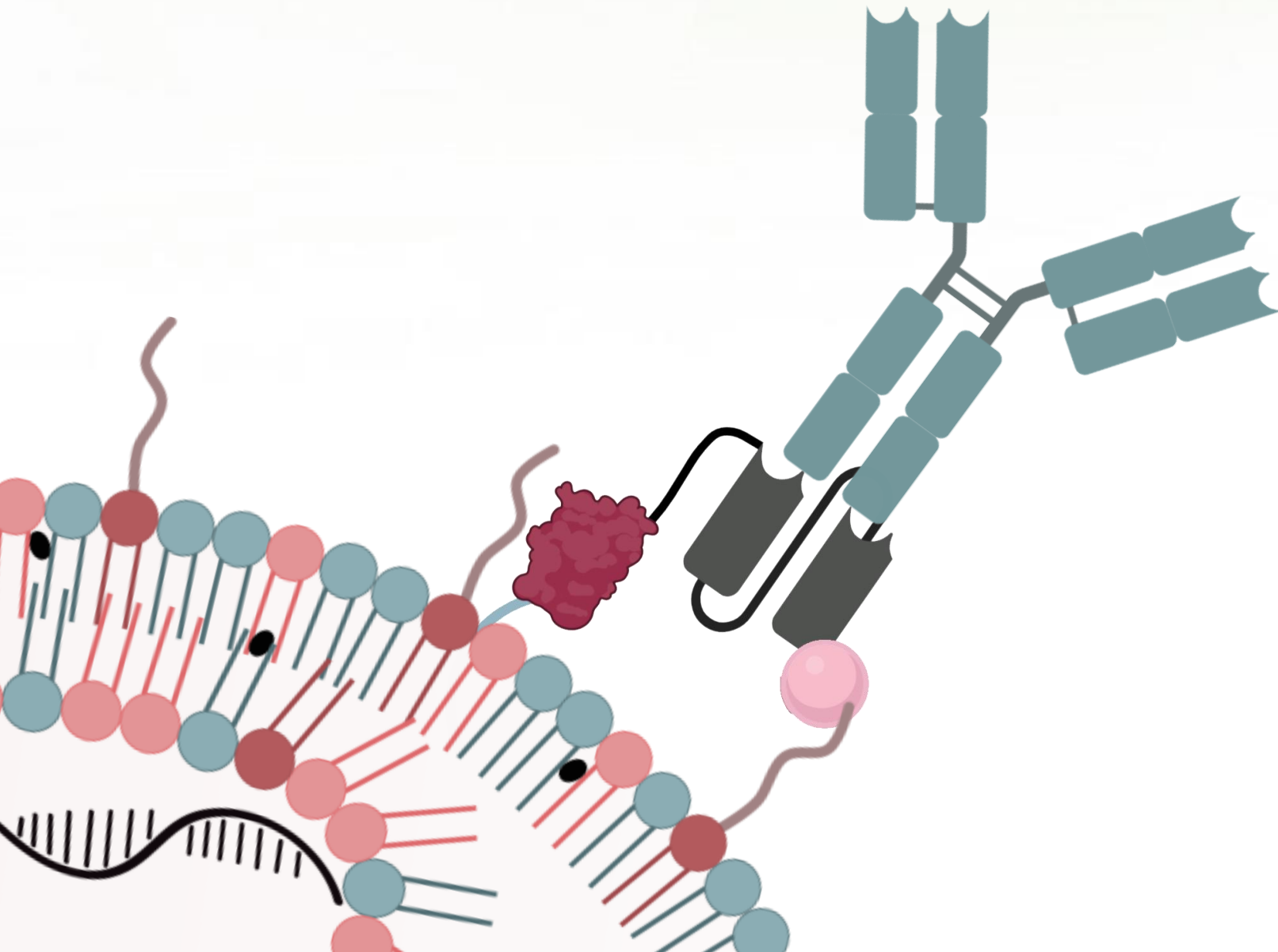
ASSET



Rat IgG2a antibody

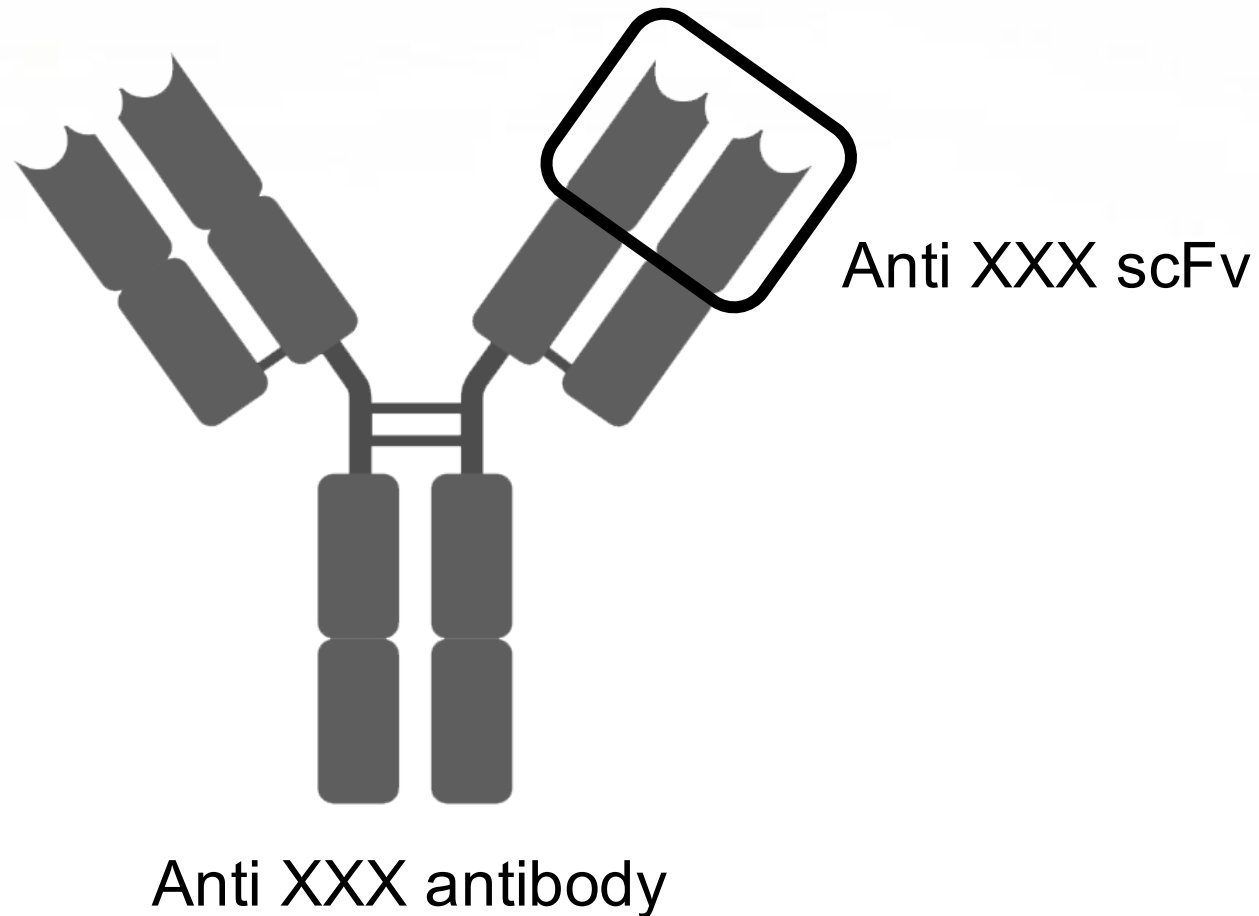


ASSET as a Targeting Platform

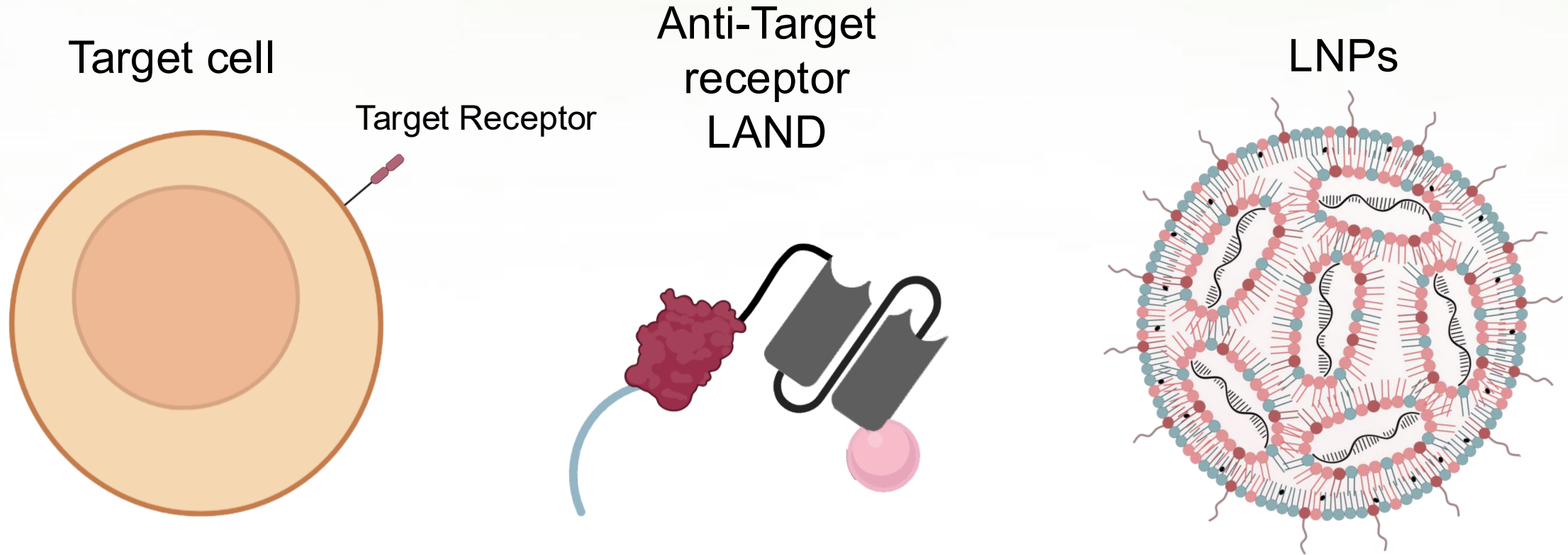


Lipidated Antibody Nanoparticle Delivery – LAND

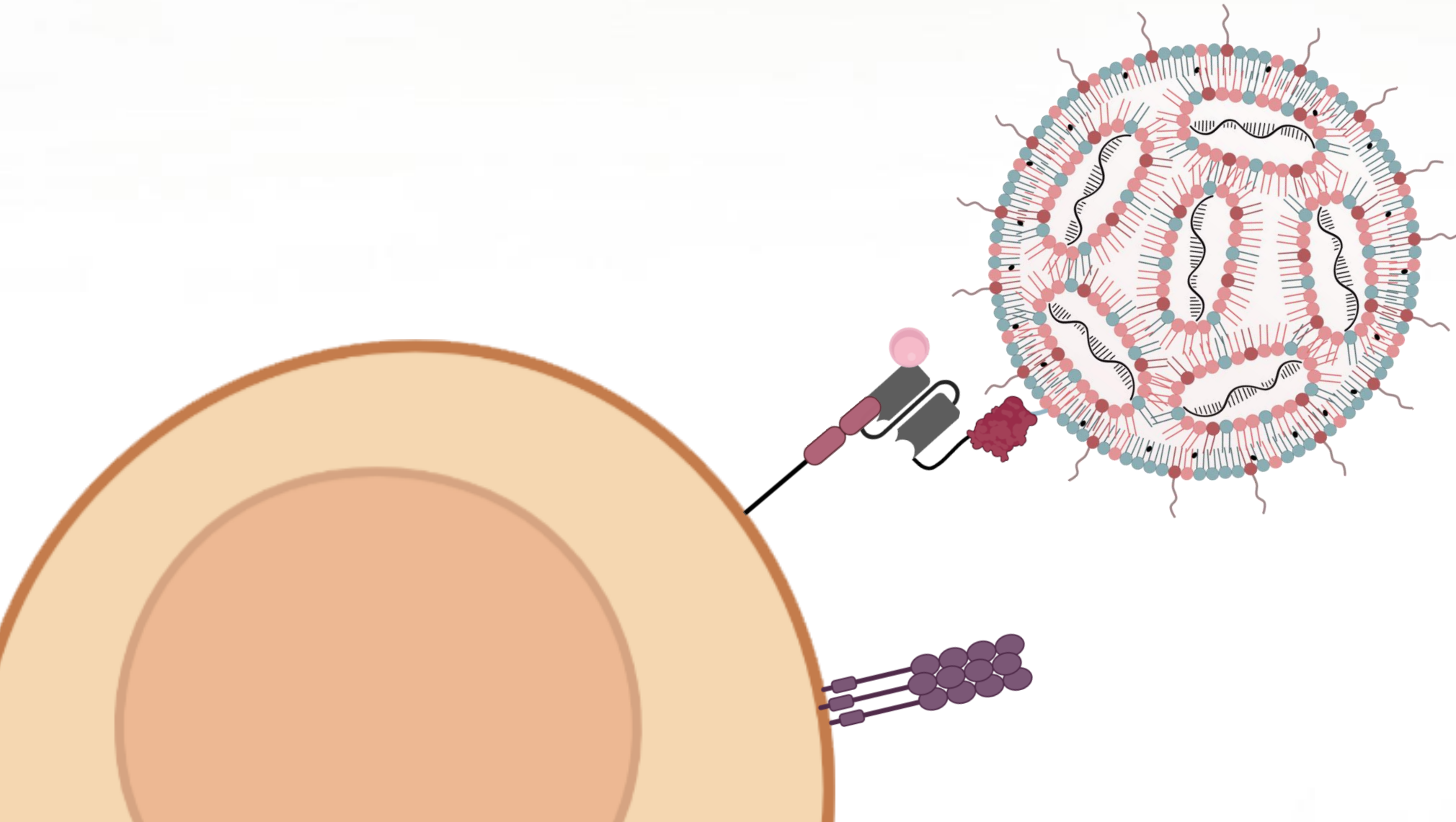
Utilizing the ASSET platform to construct a direct targeting moiety



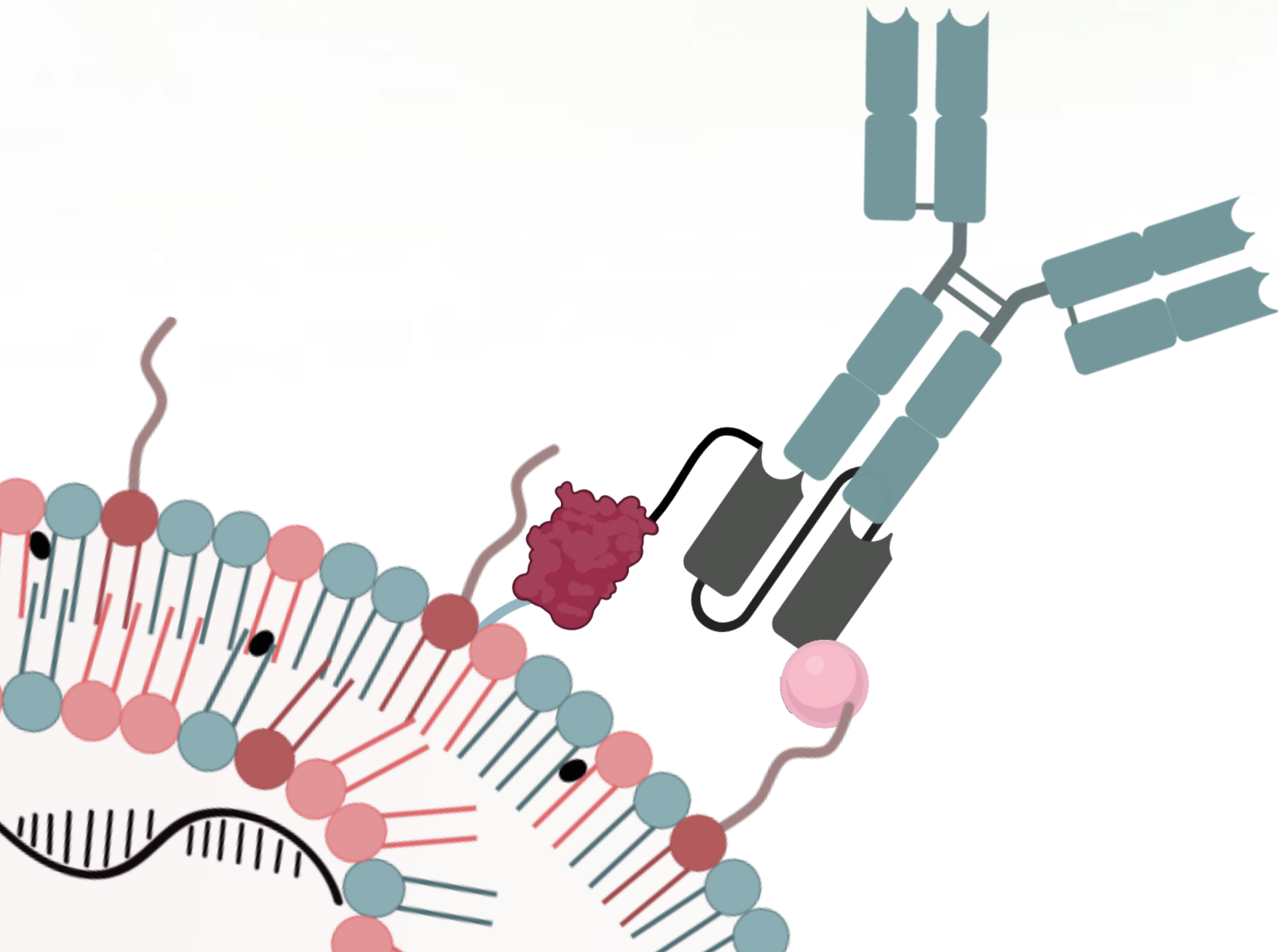
LAND Direct Binding to Target Cells



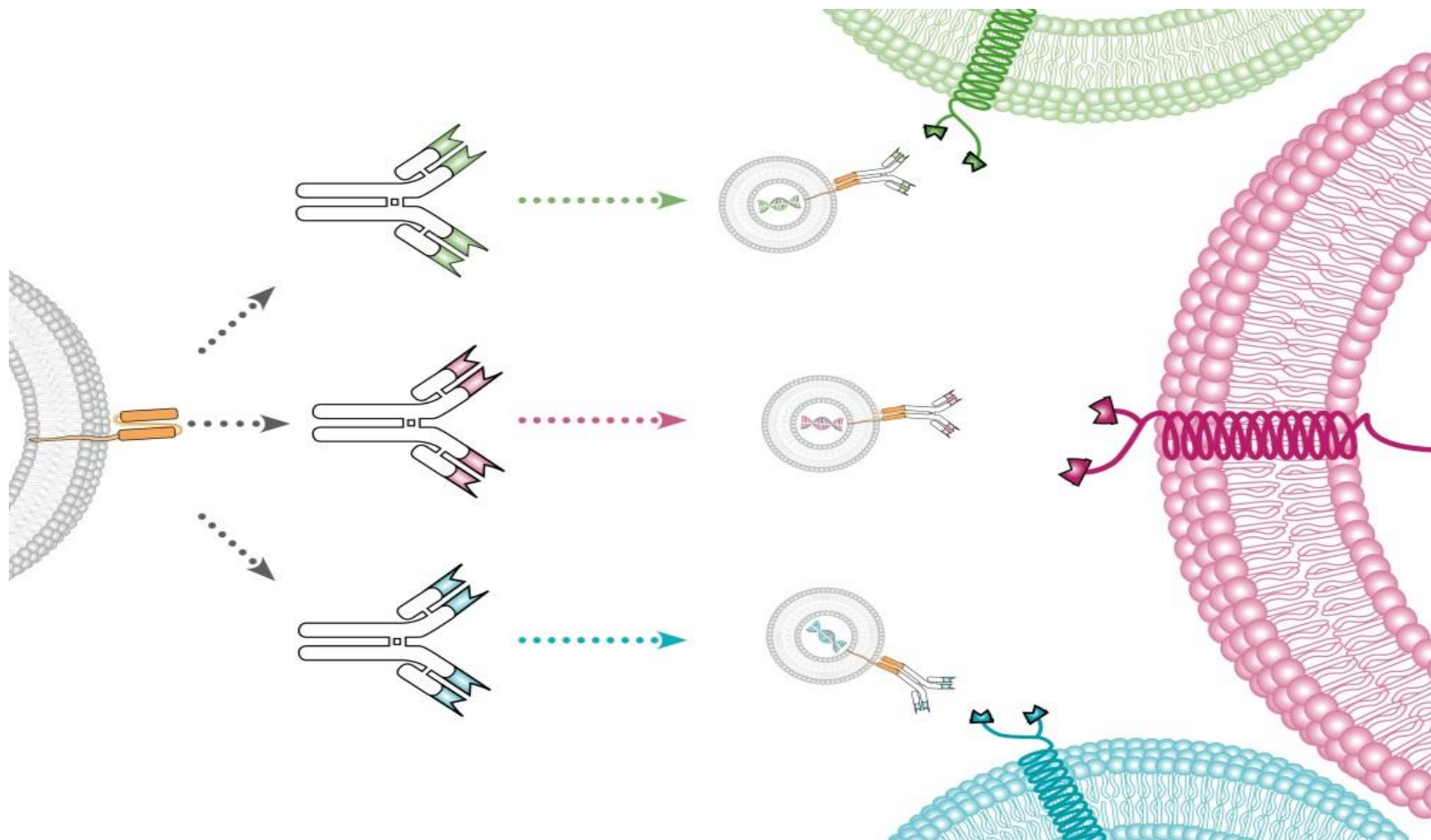
LAND Direct Binding to Target Cells



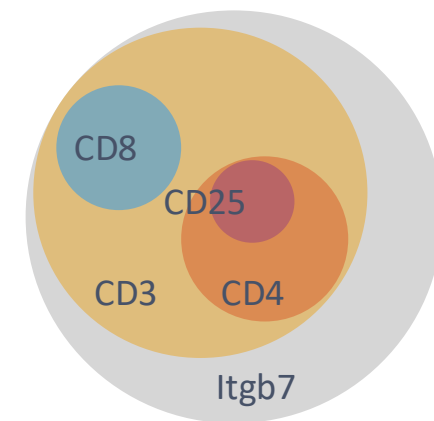
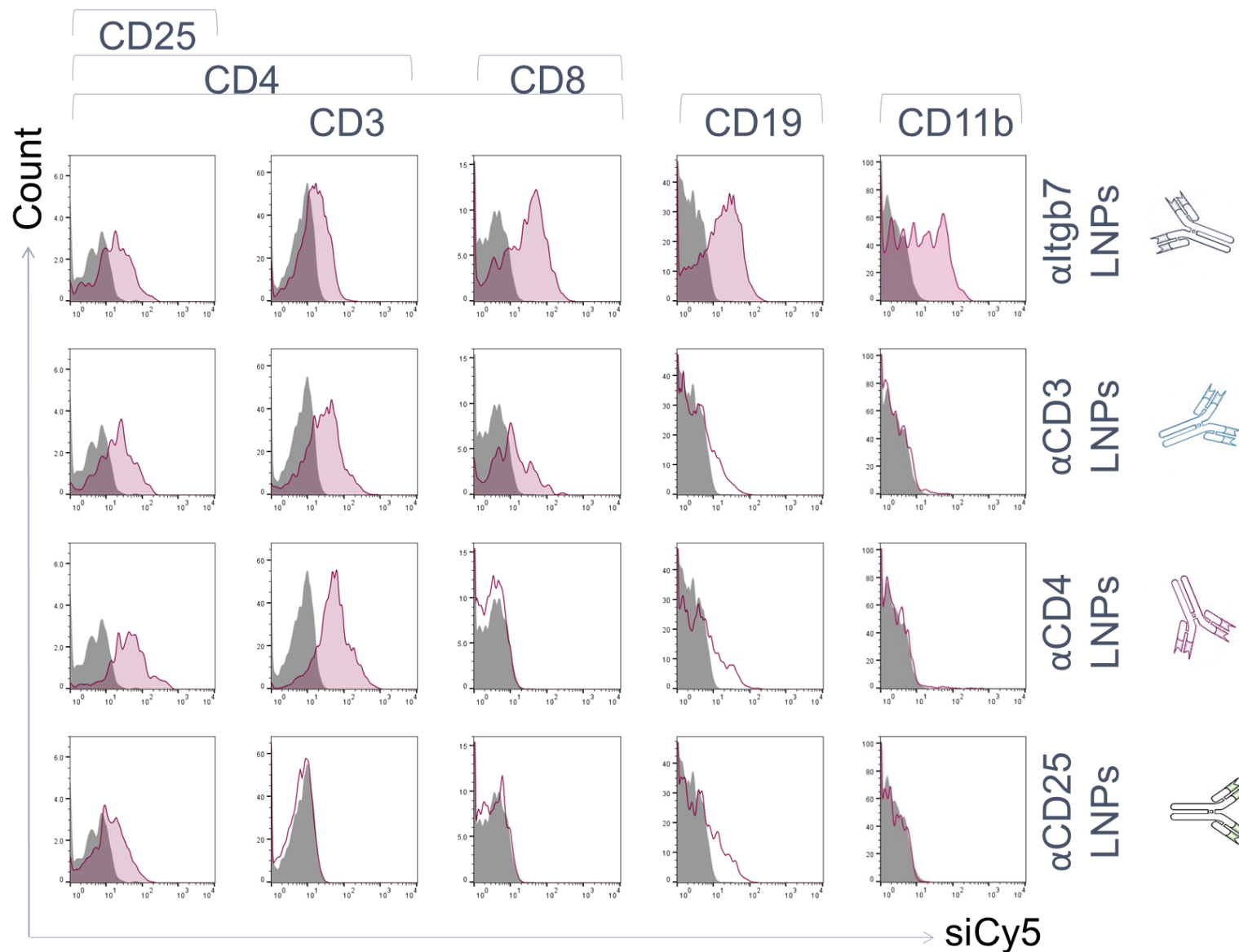
ASSET as a Targeting Platform



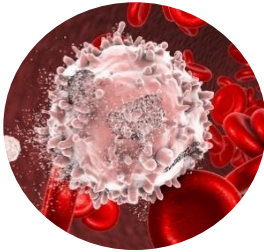
Modular platform



Versatile *in vivo* targeting



Therapeutic applications



Hematological malignancies

- Myeloma
- Leukemia
 - CML
 - AML
 - CLL
 - ALL
- Lymphoma
 - Hodgkin's
 - NHL: MCL



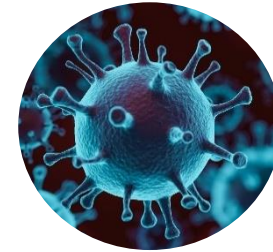
Solid Tumors

- Ovarian cancer
- GBM
- Head and neck



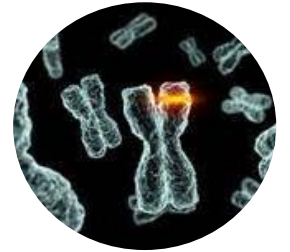
Inflammation

- Autoimmune diseases
 - Colitis
 - Crohn's
 - RA
 - Psoriasis
 - Lupus/SLE
 - MS
 - Allergy/Asthma
 - GVHD
 - IR injury



Viral infection

- HIV
- Ebola
- COVID - 19

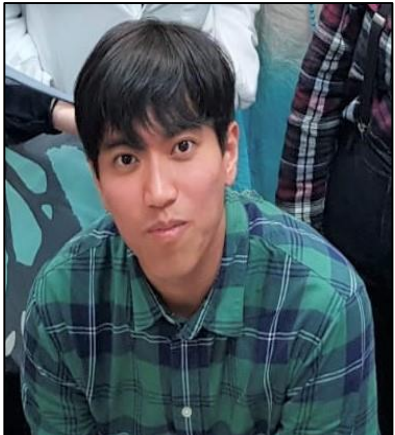
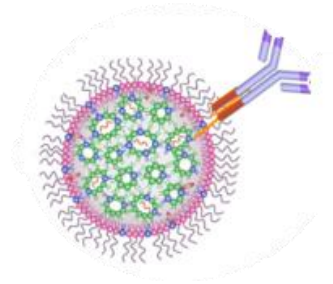
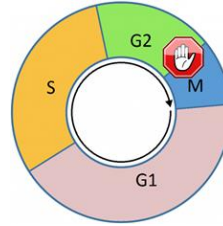


Genetic disorders

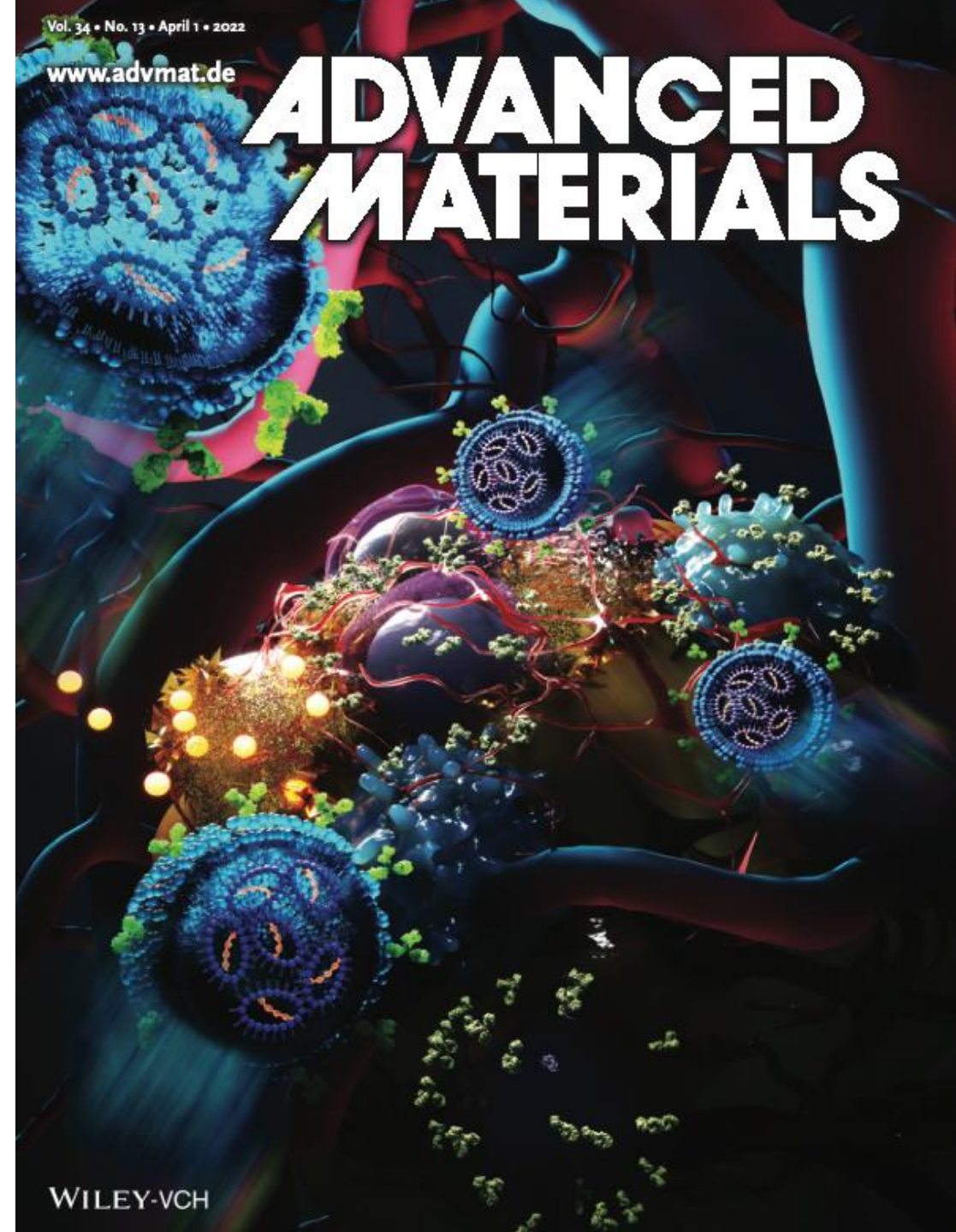
- Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy
- CF
- XBP-1

Cancer

- Therapeutic approach: Silencing
- Target gene: HO1
- Target Receptor: PDL-1



Seok-Beom Yong, Ph.D

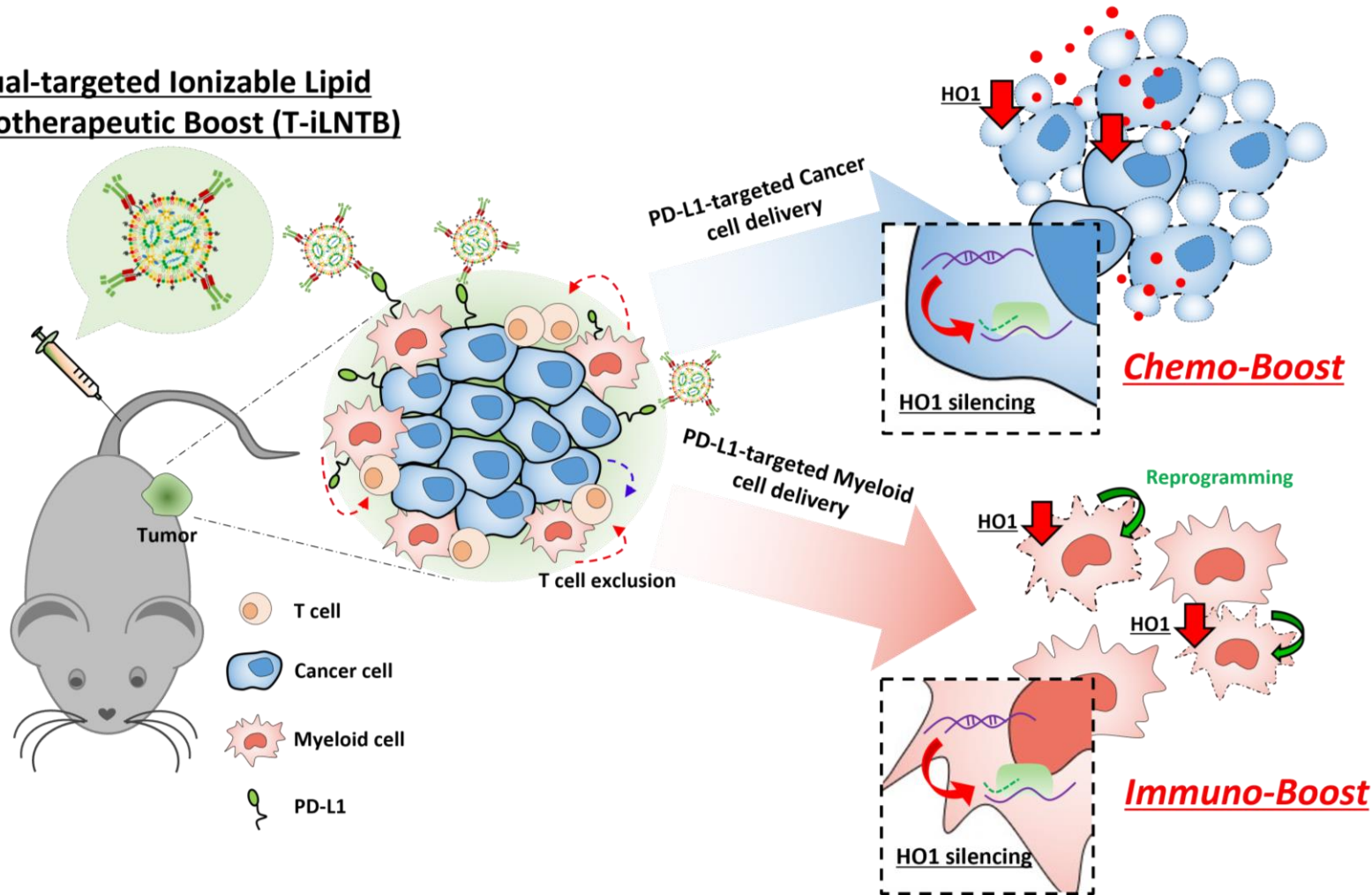


Single gene (HO1)-targeted lipid nanoparticle for chemo-immunotherapeutic boost in cancer

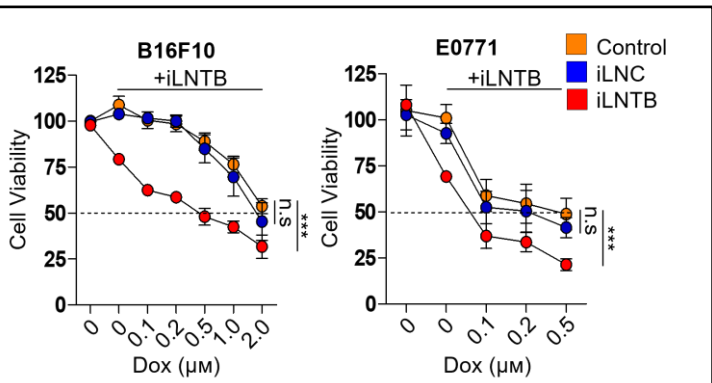
*Dual function of HO1 gene in tumor

- 1. Chemo-resistance function in **Cancer cell**
- 2. Immune-modulatory function in **Tumor myeloid cell**

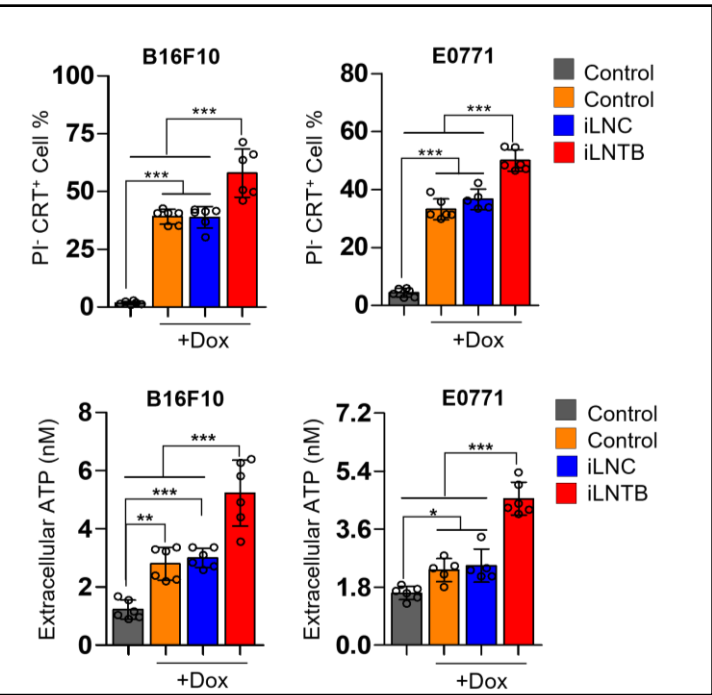
Dual-targeted Ionizable Lipid Nanotherapeutic Boost (T-iLNTB)



Chemo-sensitization effect

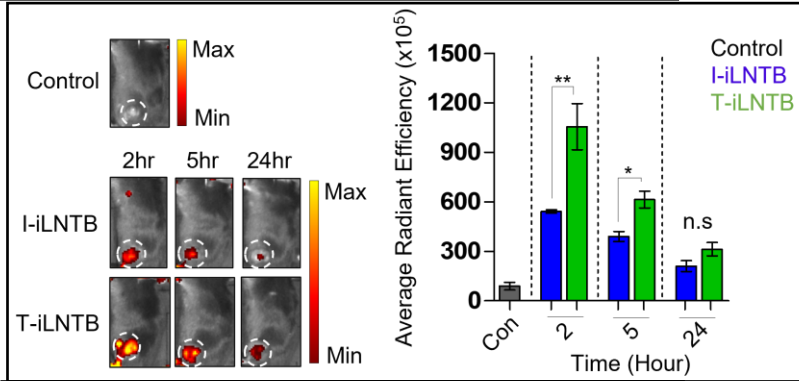


Increased Immunogenic cell death

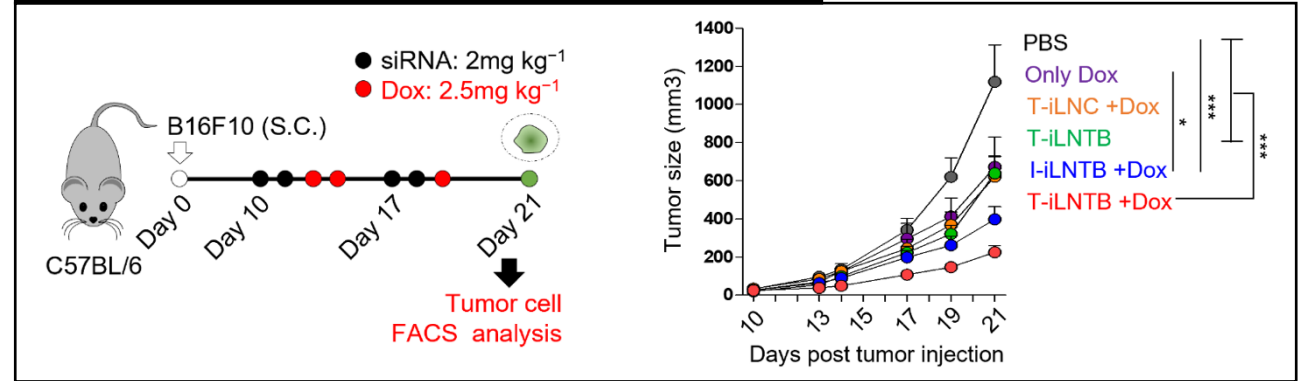


In vivo anti-tumor effect in combination with chemotherapy (Dox) & immune reprogramming effect

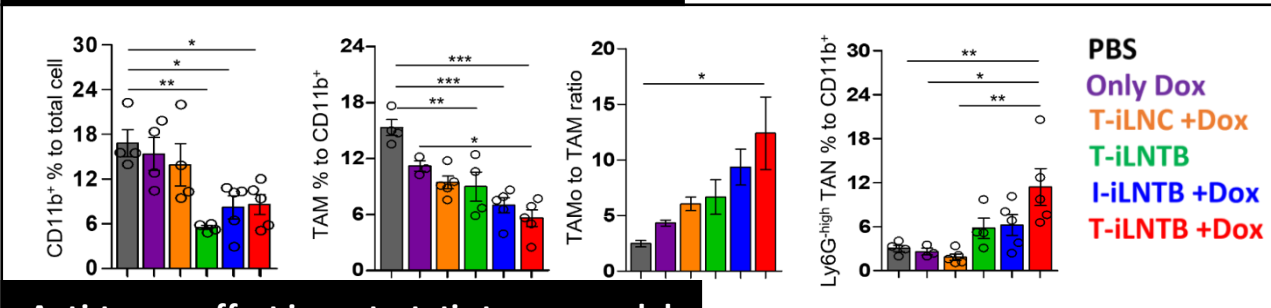
Increased tumor delivery by PD-L1-targeting



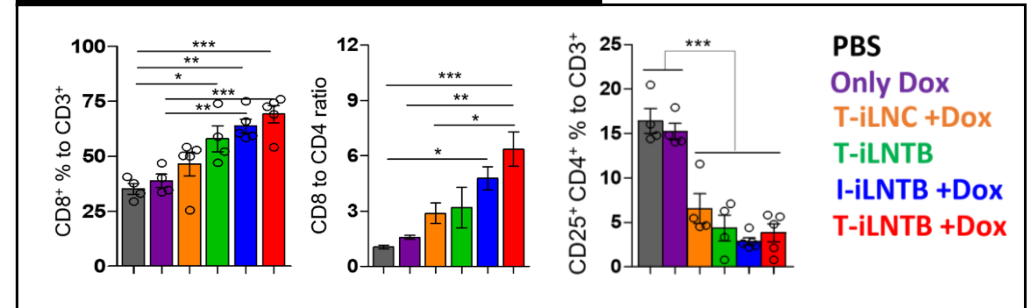
Anti-tumor effect in combination with chemotherapy



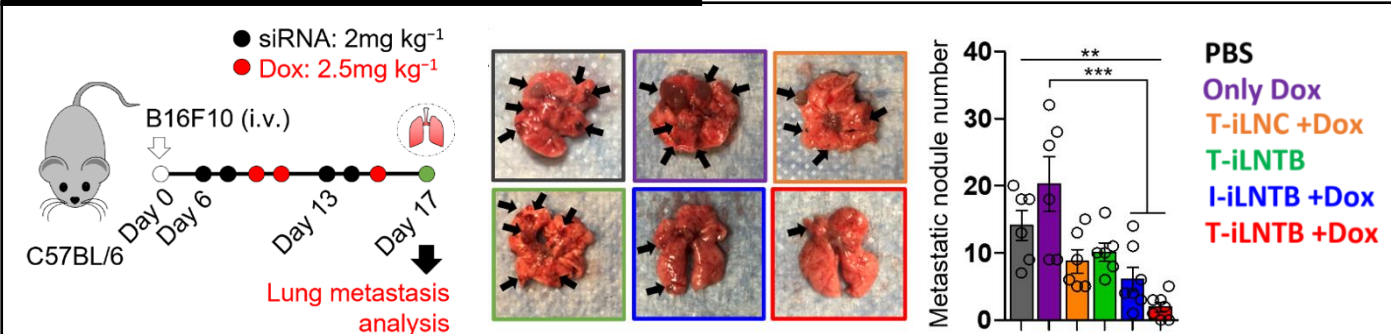
Tumor myeloid cell reprogramming effect



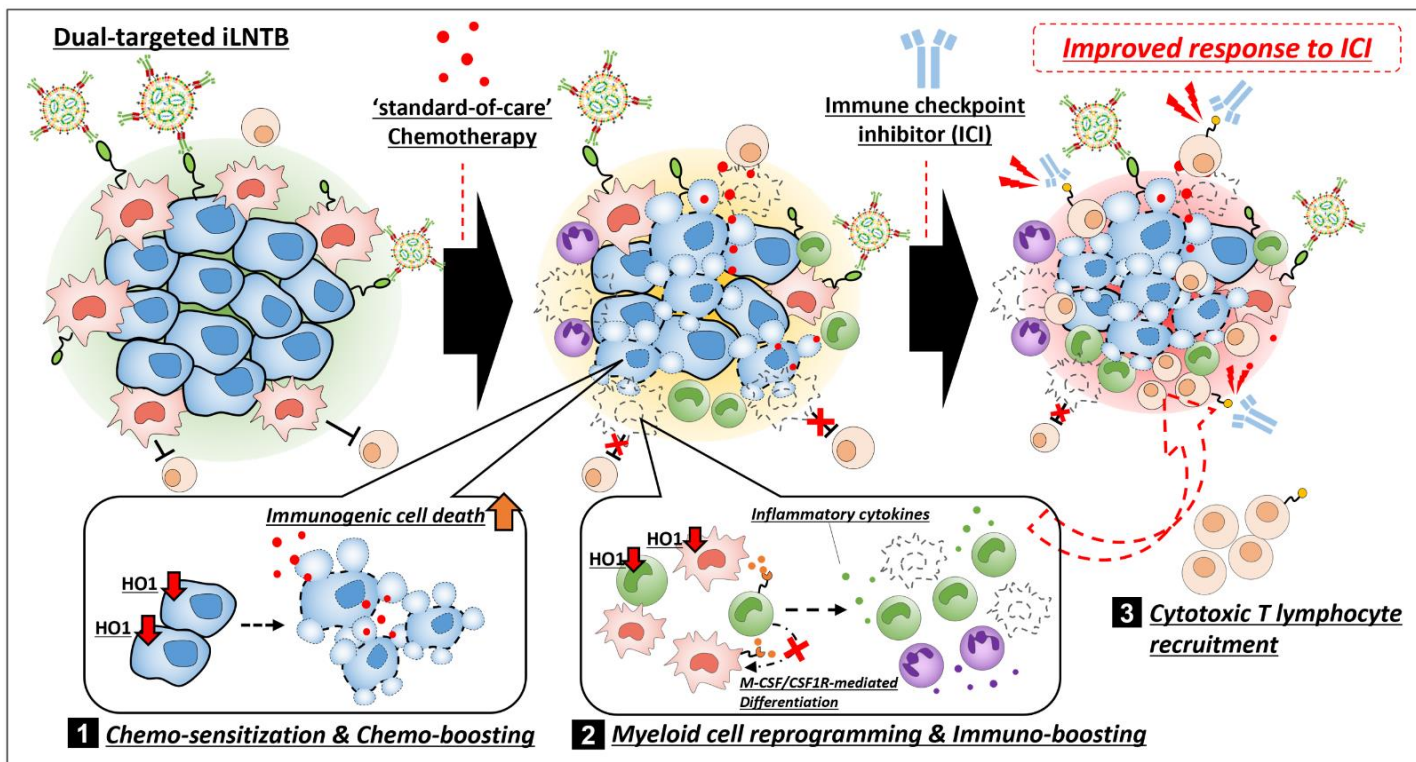
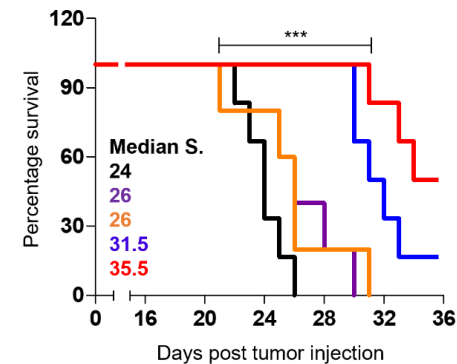
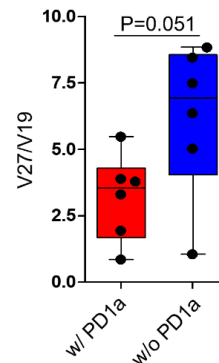
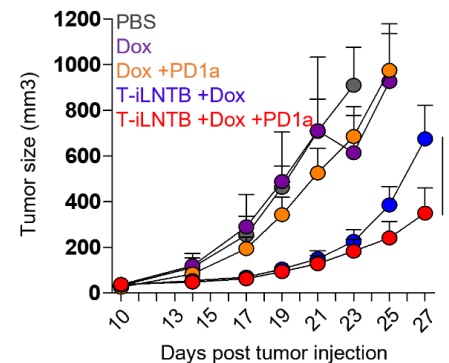
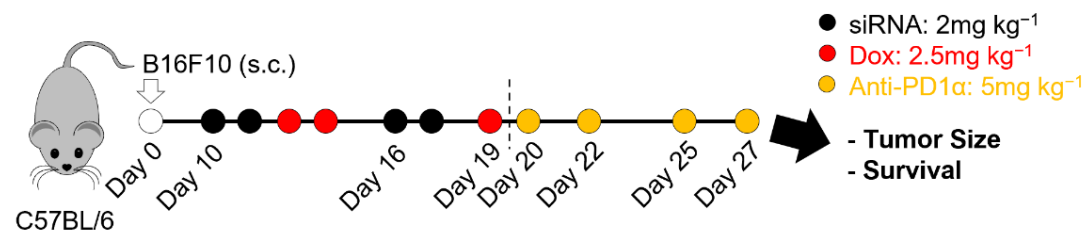
Tumor T cell reprogramming effect



Anti-tumor effect in metastatic tumor model



Anti-tumor effect in combination with chemo-immunotherapy



Cancer

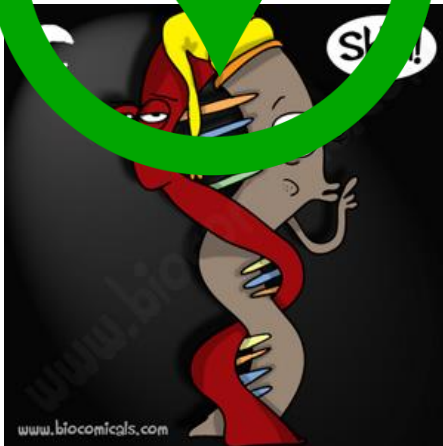
- Therapeutic approach: Silencing
- Target gene: HO1
- Target Receptor: PDL-1



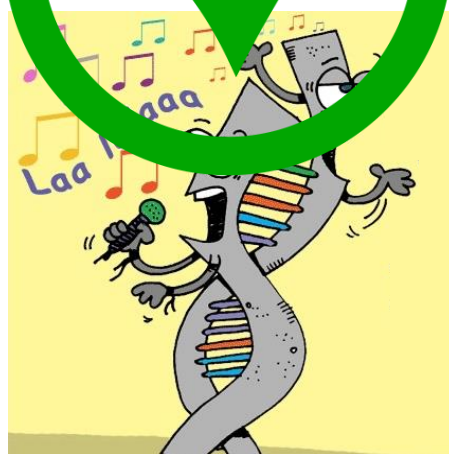
RNA based therapeutics



Silence



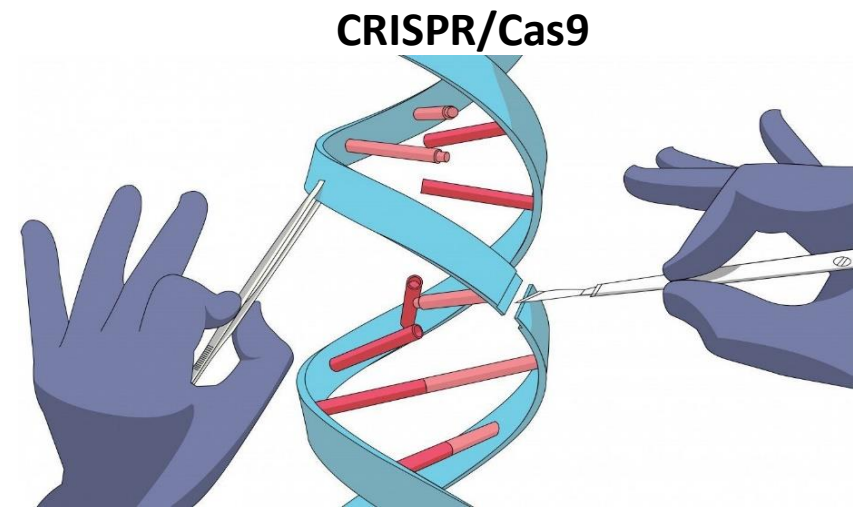
Activate



Edit



Replace



Targeted CRISPR/Cas9 LNPs for therapeutic genome editing in cancer

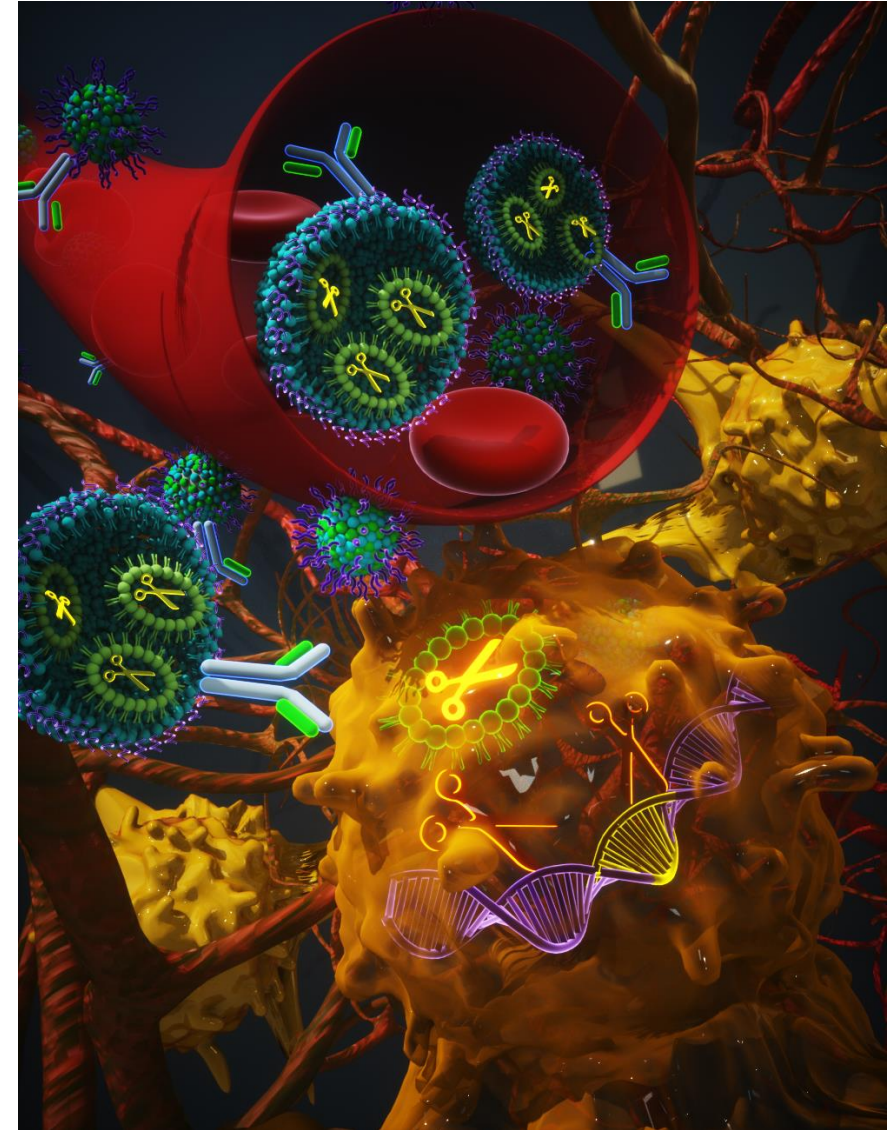


Dr. Daniel Rosenblum



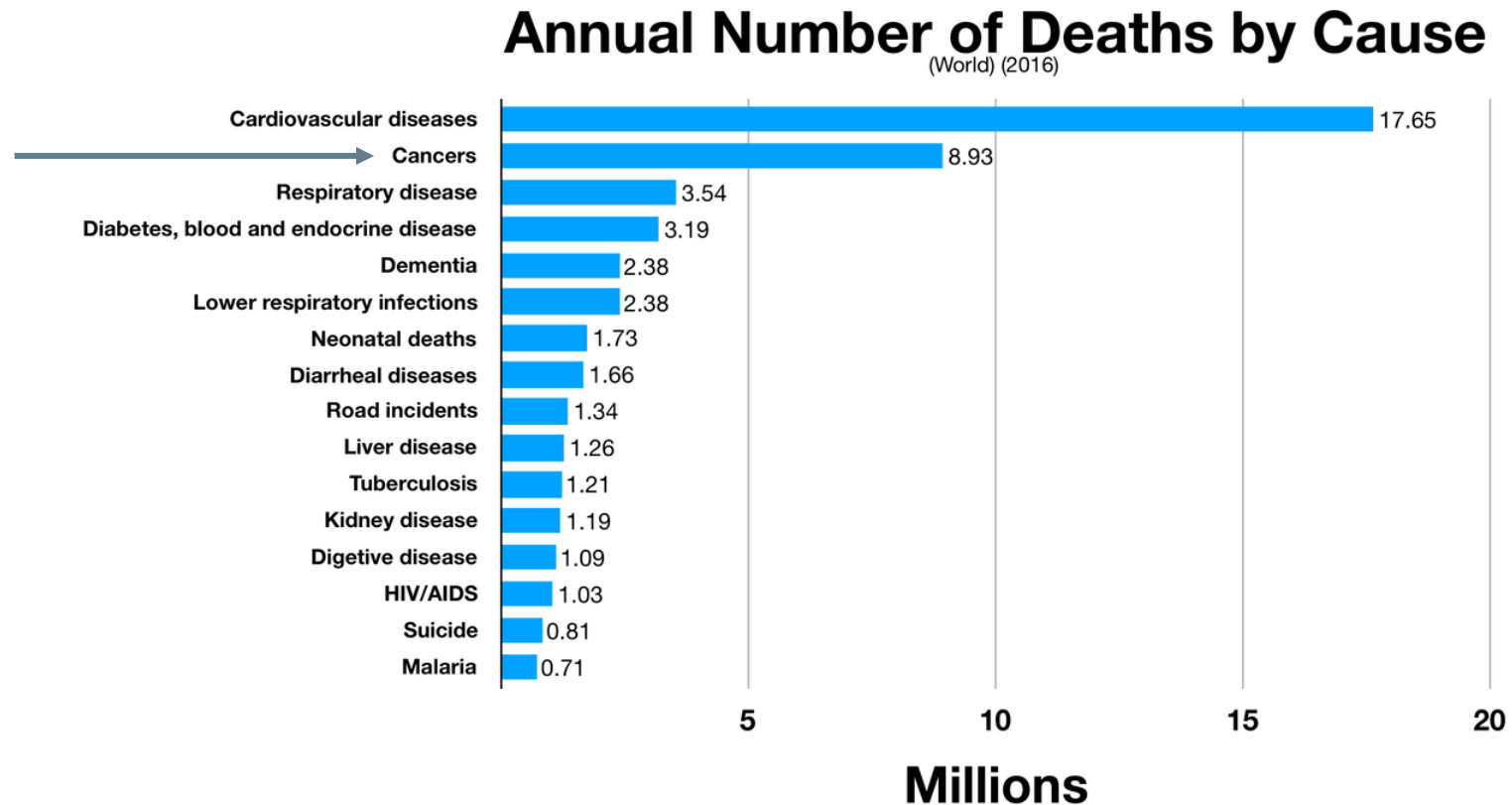
Dr. Anna Gutkin

Rosenblum D.*, Gutkin A* et. al. Science Advances 2020
Gutkin A*, Rosenblum D.*, Peer D. Nature Biotechnology 2021
Elia U.*, Kon E*, Peer D. Nature Biotechnology 2023.

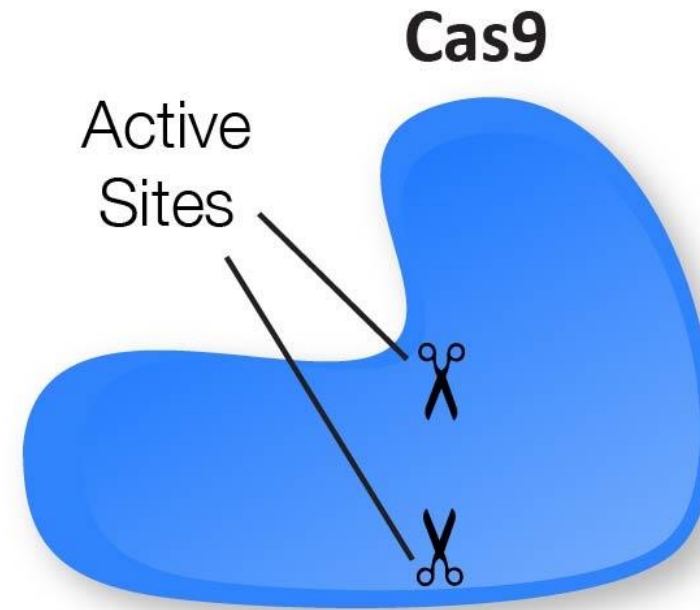


Why cancer?

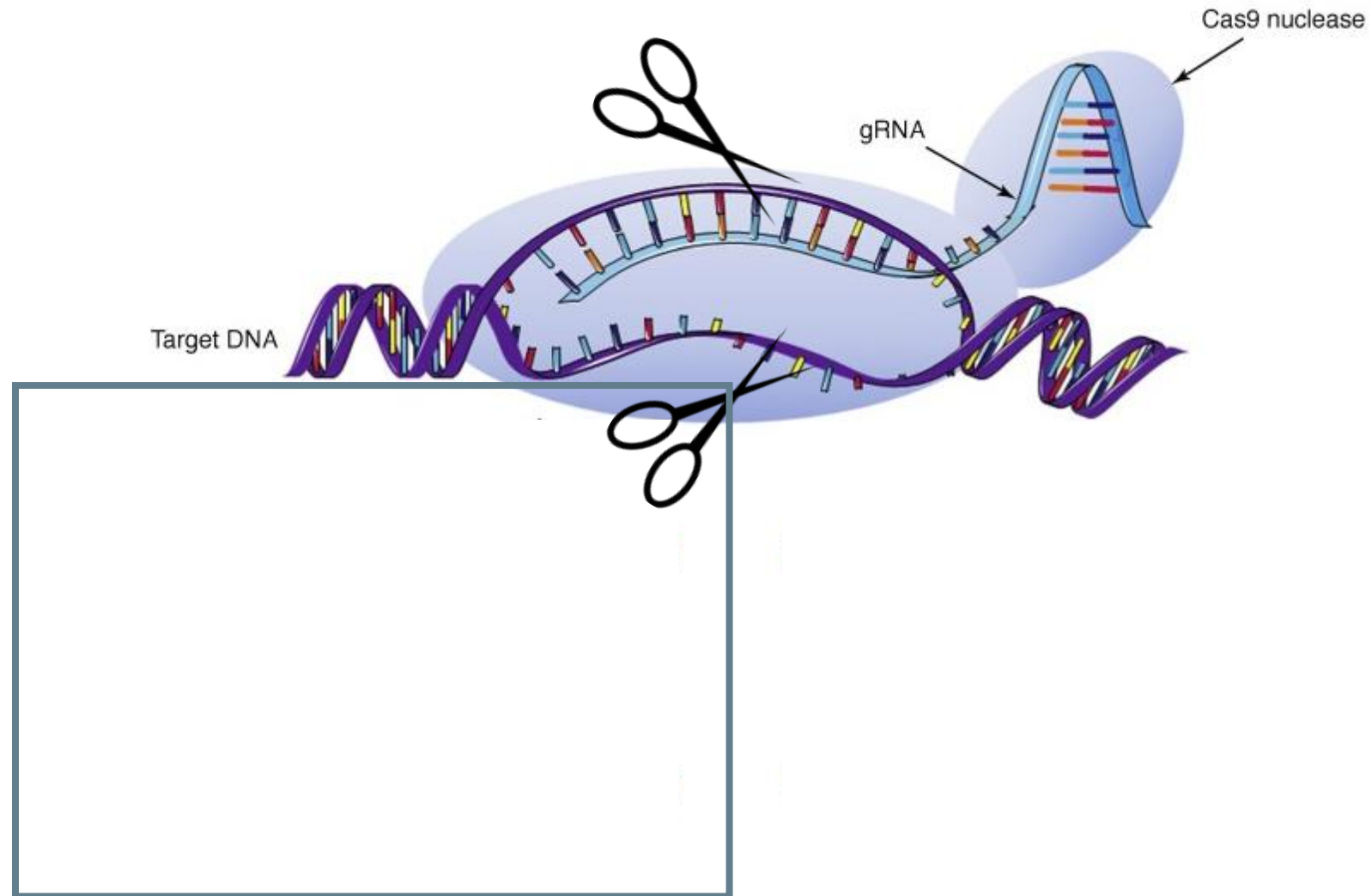
- Cancer remains the **second** major cause of **mortality** worldwide.



CRISPR/Cas9 mediated genome editing

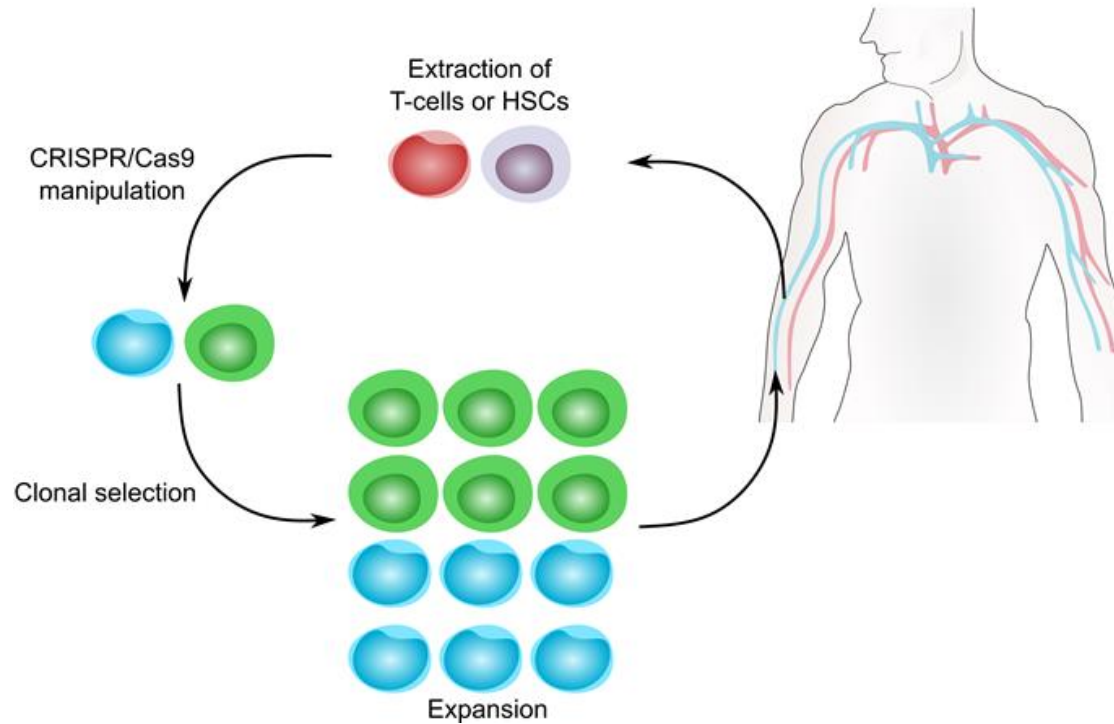


CRISPR/Cas9 mediated genome editing

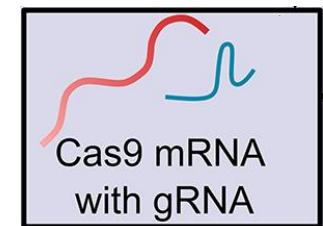
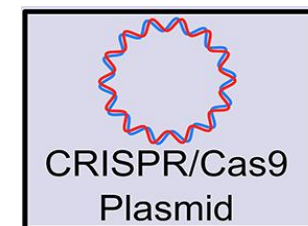
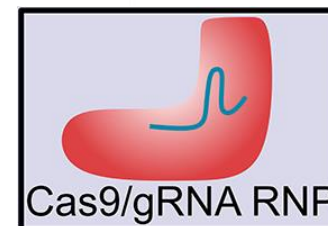
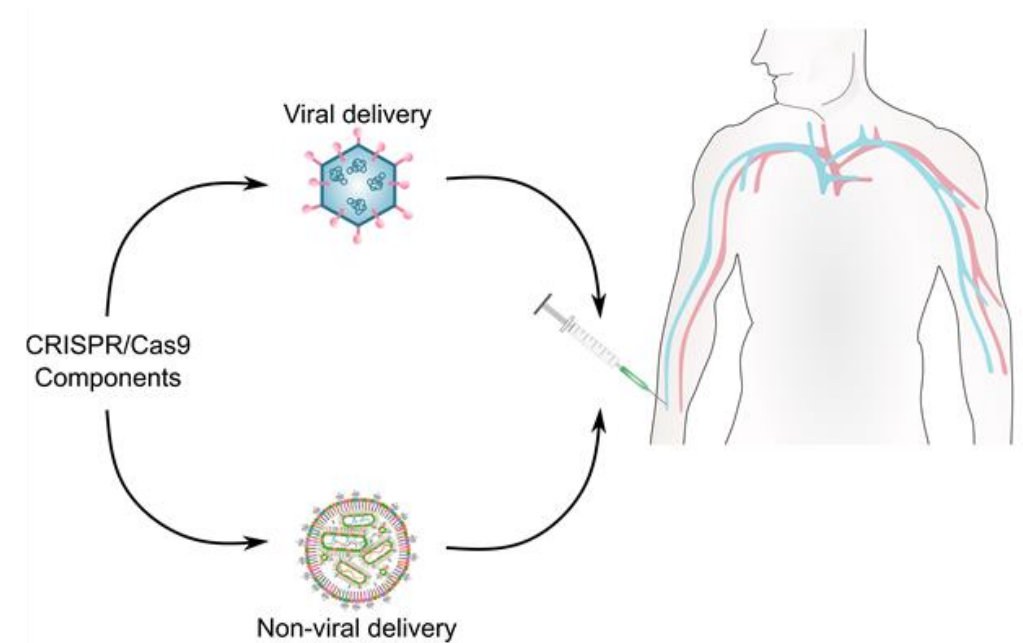


Clinical applications of CRISPR/Cas9

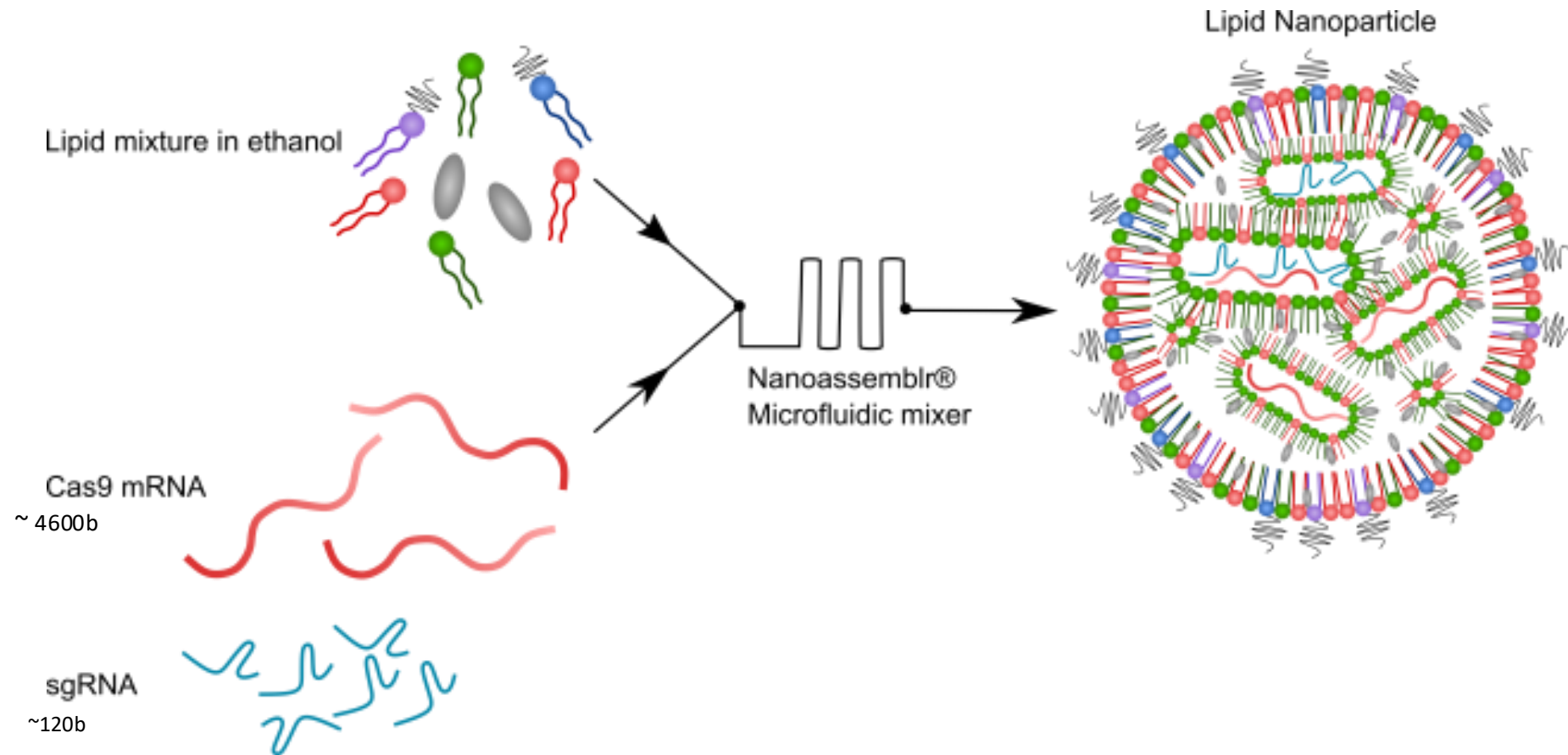
Ex vivo editing



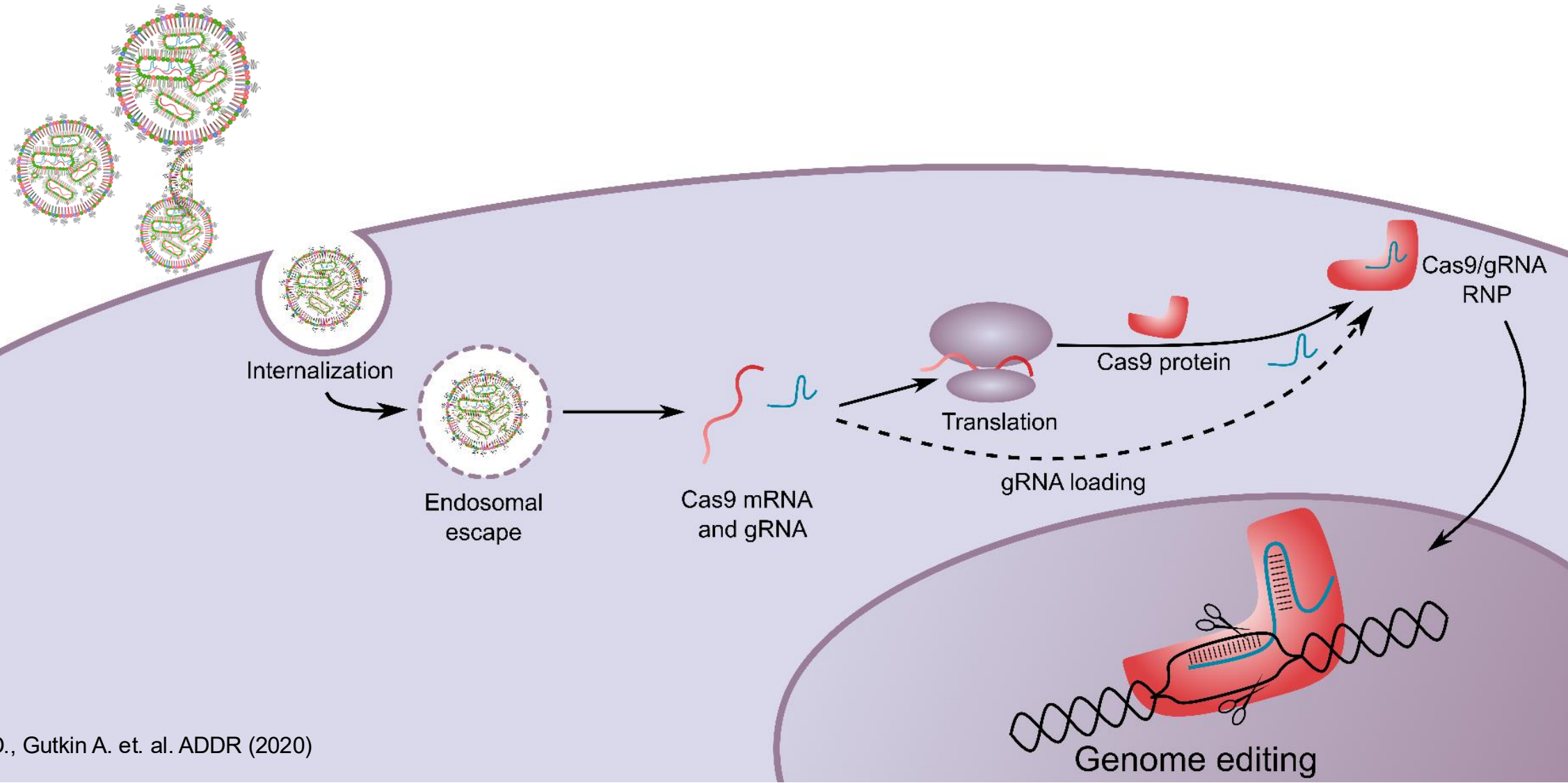
In vivo editing



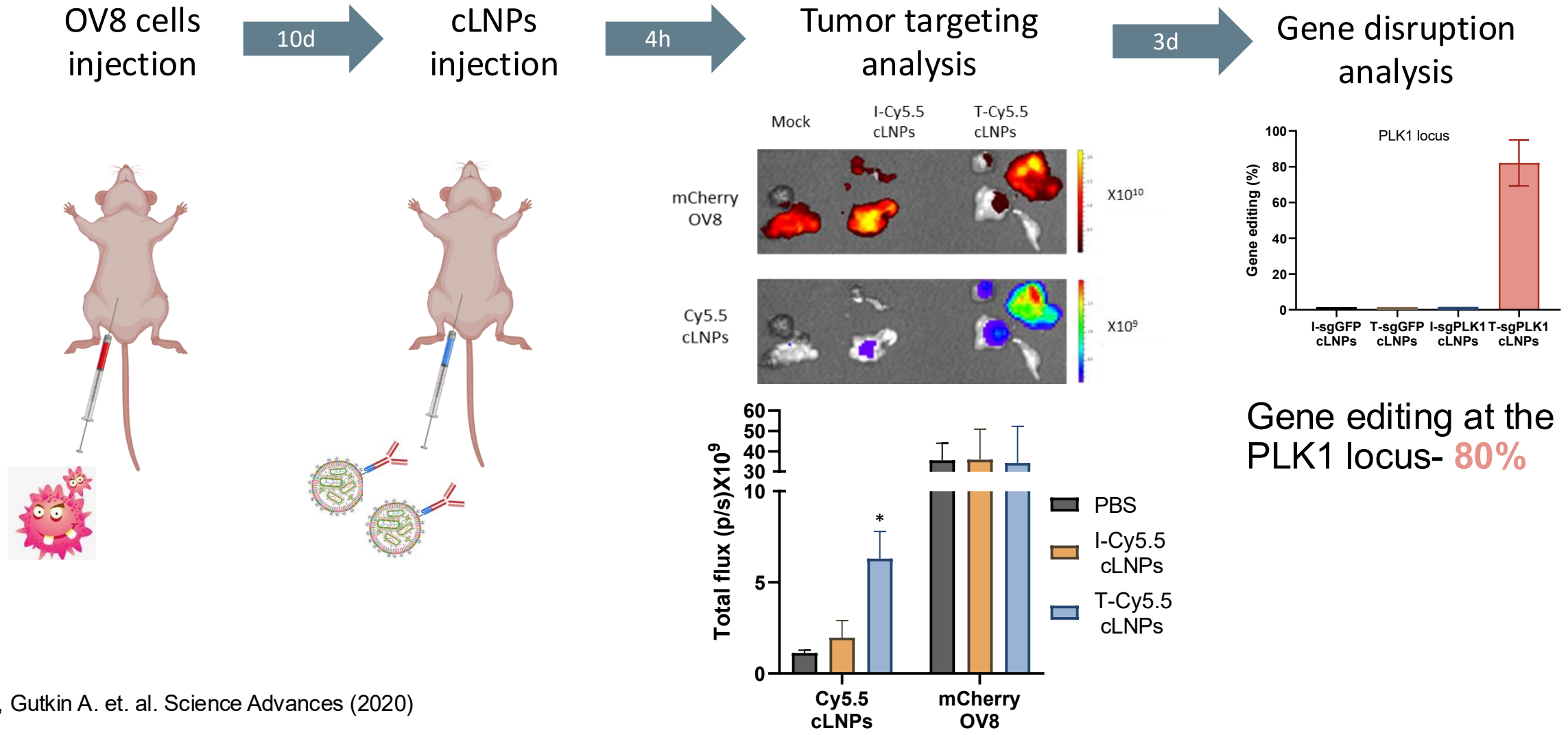
CRISPR/Cas9 Lipid nanoparticles (cLNPs)



cLNPs mechanism of action



Systemic delivery of targeted cLNPs to metastatic ovarian adenocarcinoma



Gene editing at the PLK1 locus- **80%**

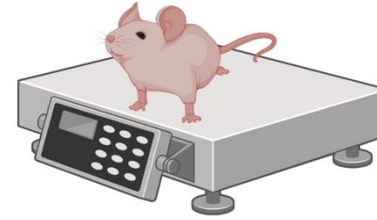
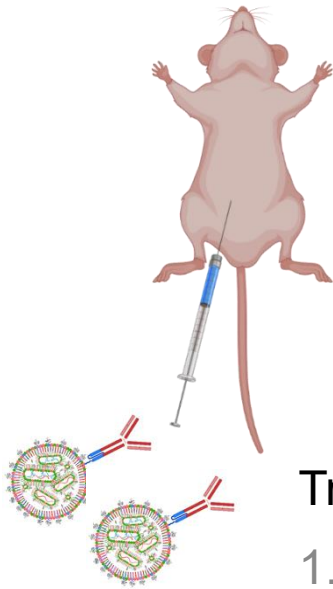
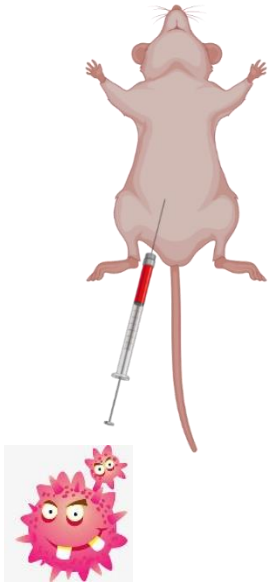
Schematic experimental design: Systemic delivery of targeted cLNPs to metastatic ovarian adenocarcinoma

OV8 cells
injection

10d

cLNPs
injection

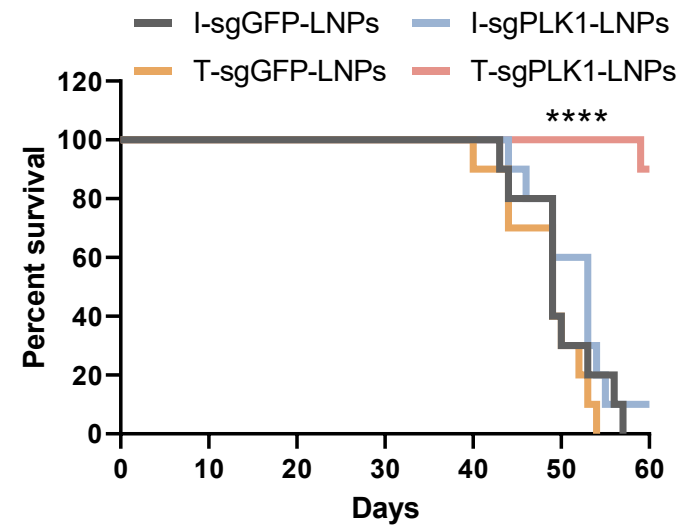
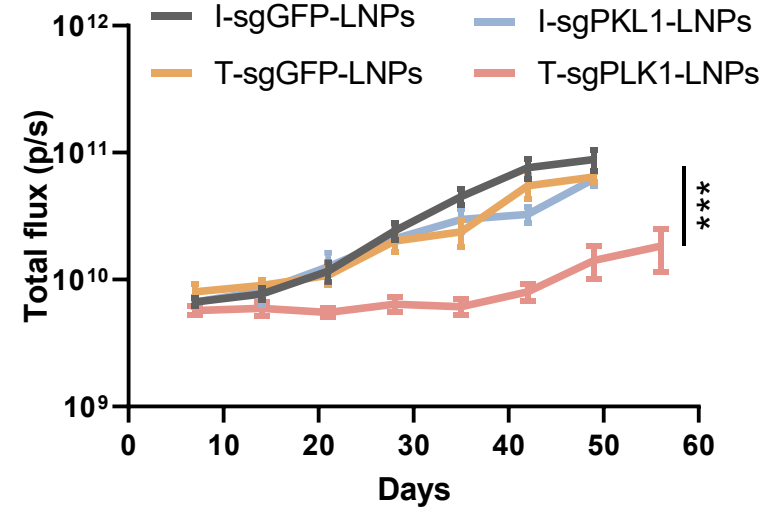
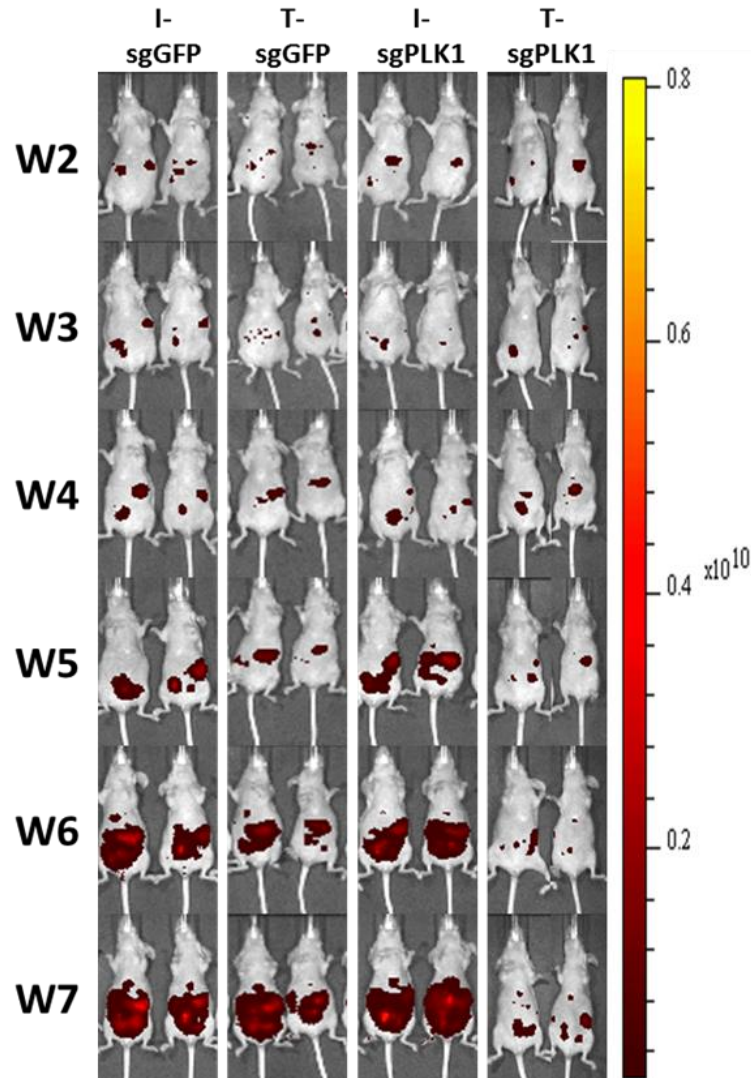
60d follow up



Treatments:

1. I-sgGFP-cLNPs
2. T-sgGFP- cLNPS
3. I-sgPLK1- cLNPS
4. T-sgPLK1-cLNPS

EGFR targeted sgPLK1-cLNPs potently inhibit tumor growth and increased overall survival in metastatic OV8 bearing mice



Increase:
Overall survival 90%

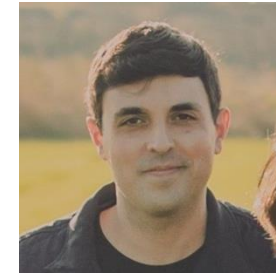
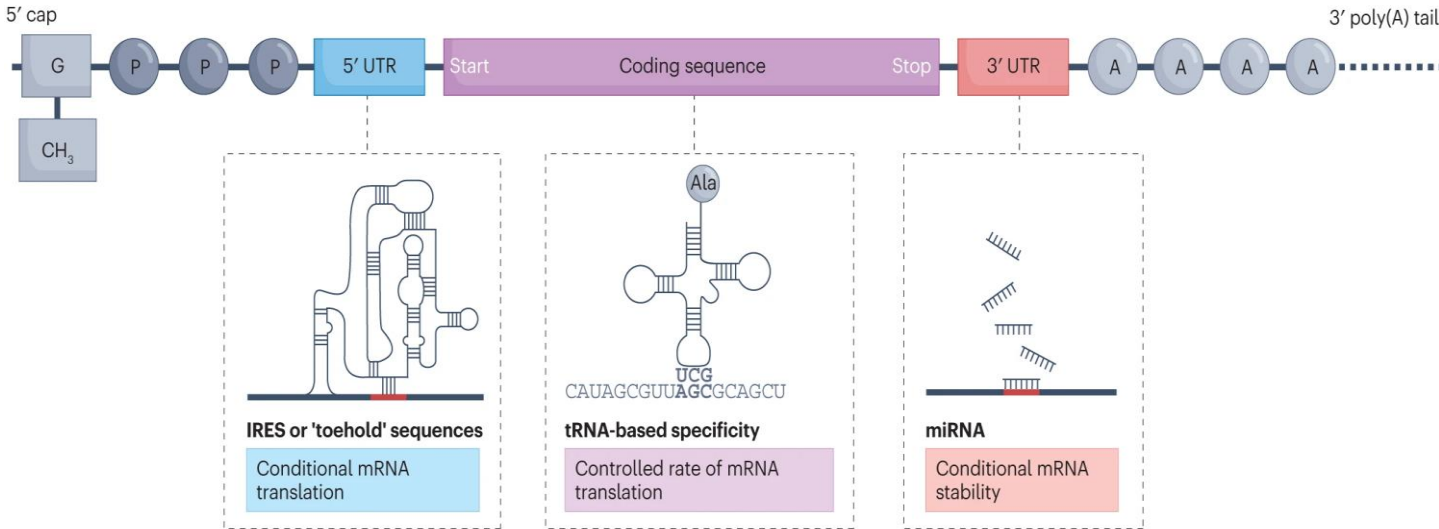
n=10 mice/group

Vision



Tailoring the expression of specific genes in diseased cells

a



Dr. Edo Kon



Dr. Inbal Hazan-Halevi



Lior Stosky-Oterin

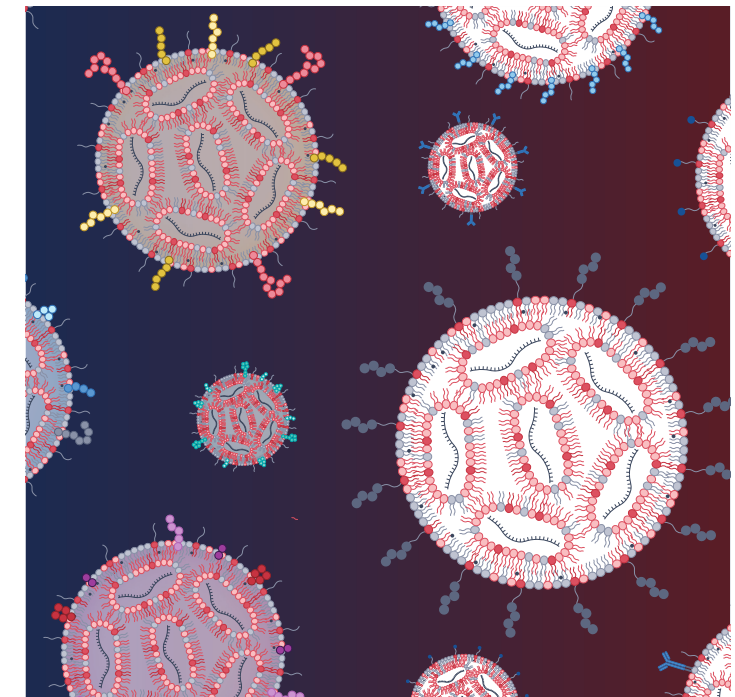
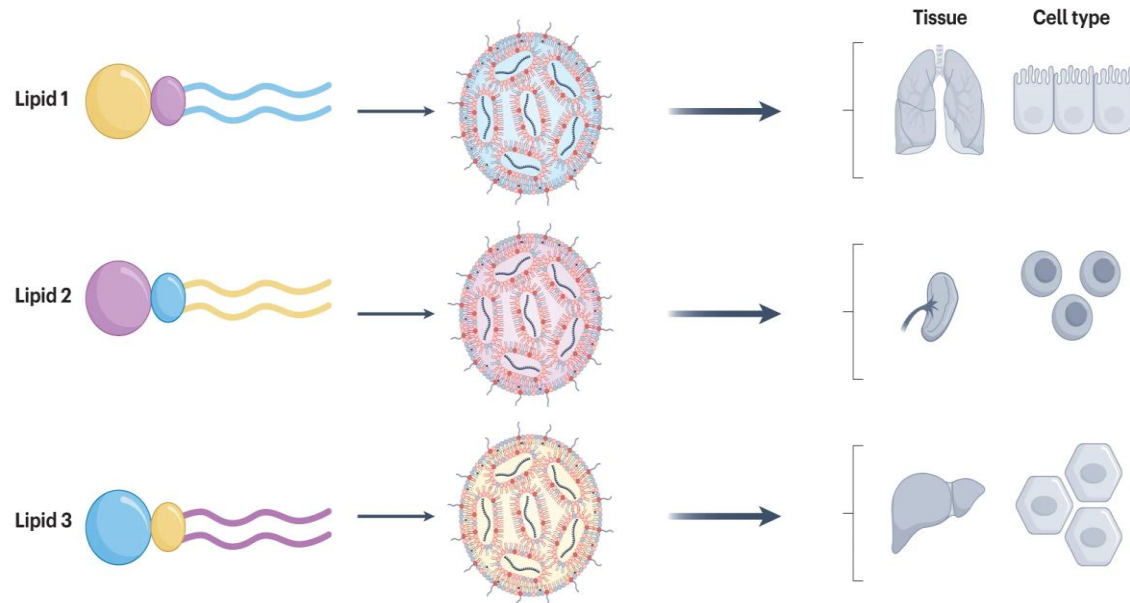


Nitay Ad-El

nature reviews
clinical oncology

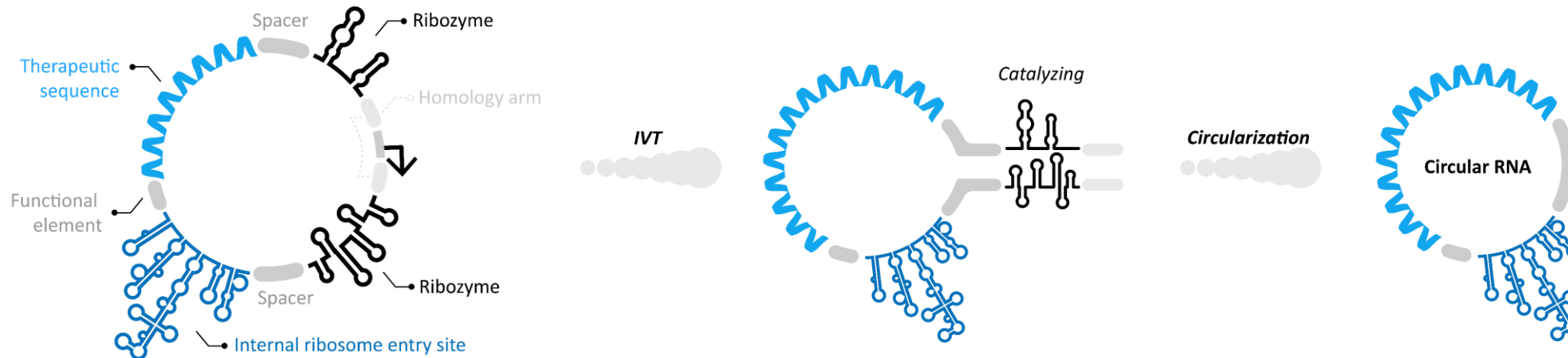
November 2023

b



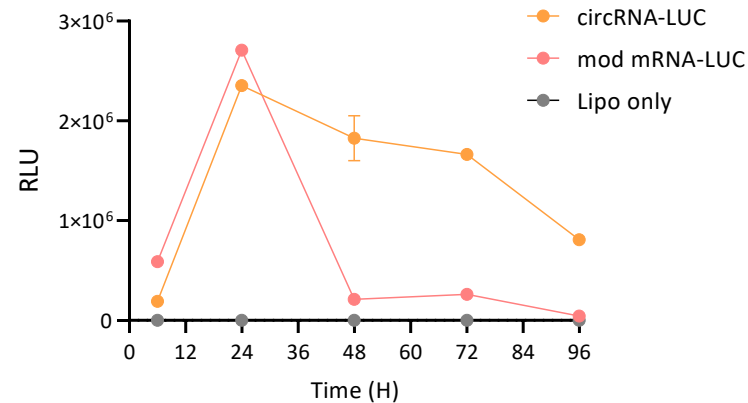
WHAT IS CIRCULAR RNA?

- Circular RNAs are covalently **closed single-stranded RNA**, naturally produced via back-splicing of pre-mRNA exon(s) in eukaryotic cells
- Broadly expressed in metazoans, but generally at low levels with **cell/tissue-specific** patterns
- **Inherent stability** with resistance to known exonucleases
- Can be engineered and produced ***in vitro*** via *in vitro* transcription and circularization

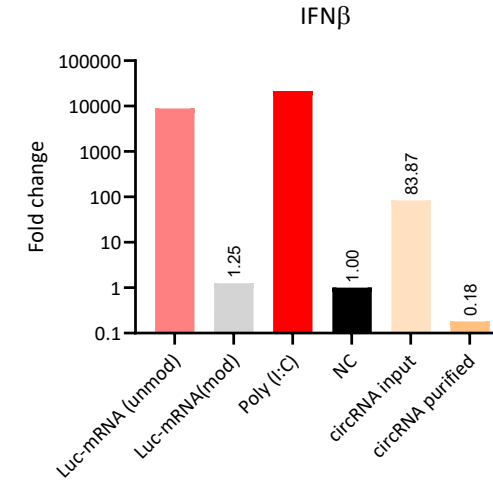


ENGINEERED CIRCULAR RNAs SHOW ADVANTAGES IN MANY ASPECTS

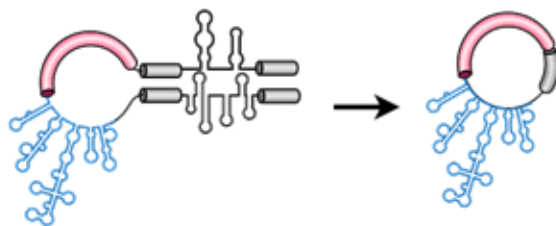
STABILITY AND TRANSLATIONAL EFFICIENCY



LOW IMMUNOGENICITY



MANUFACTURE FRIENDLY



No need for capping, polyadenylation

DIVERSE BIOMEDICAL APPLICATIONS



Express protein



miRNA/protein sponges



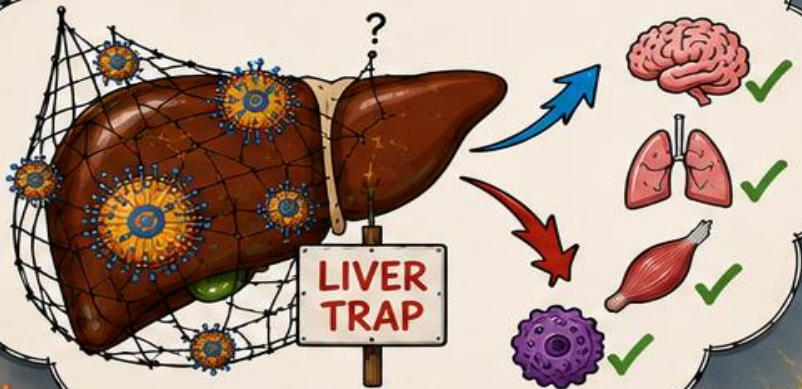
Inhibitors/boosters of
innate immune responses



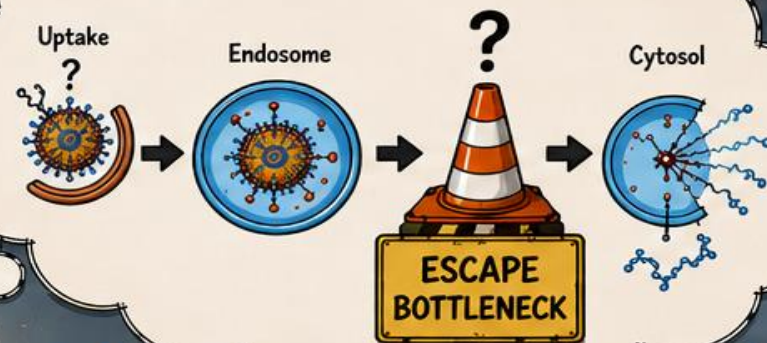
Protein scaffold

OPEN QUESTIONS

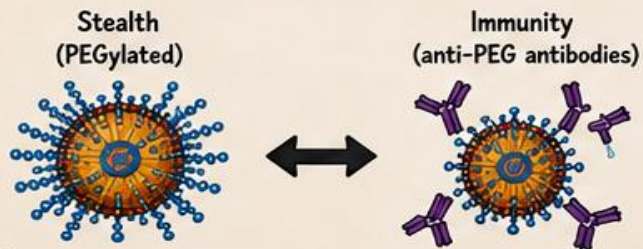
1 THE "LIVER TRAP" AND EXTRAHEPATIC TARGETING



2 THE ENDOSOMAL ESCAPE BOTTLENECK



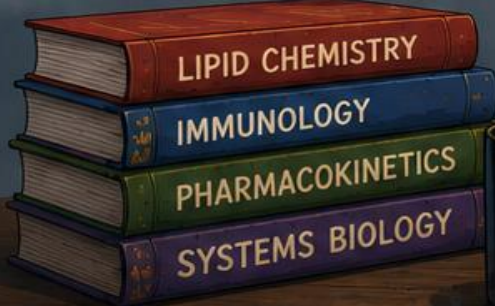
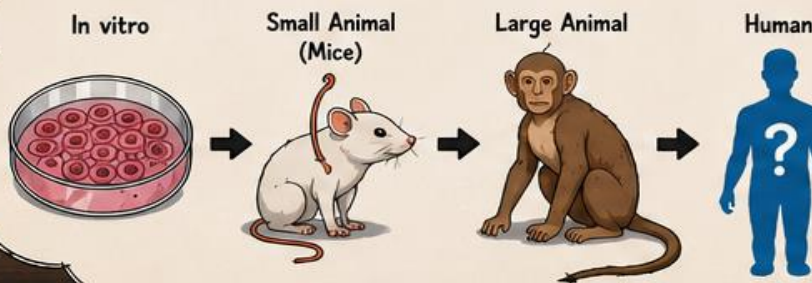
3 THE "PEG DILEMMA" AND REPEAT DOSING IMMUNOGENICITY (LIPIDS ?)



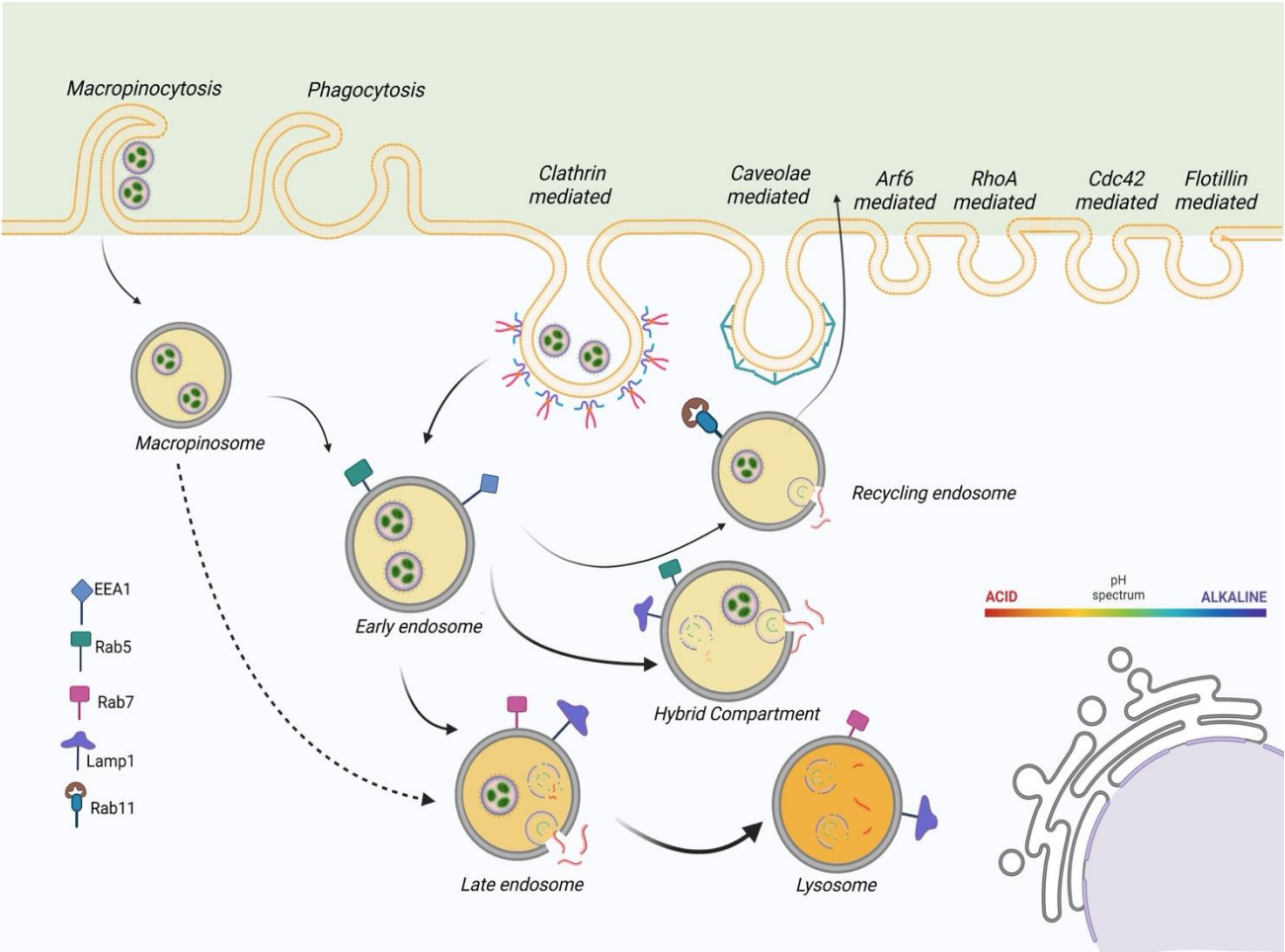
4 CARGO AND VEHICLE CO-DEPENDENCY



5 PRECLINICAL MODEL TRANSLATION

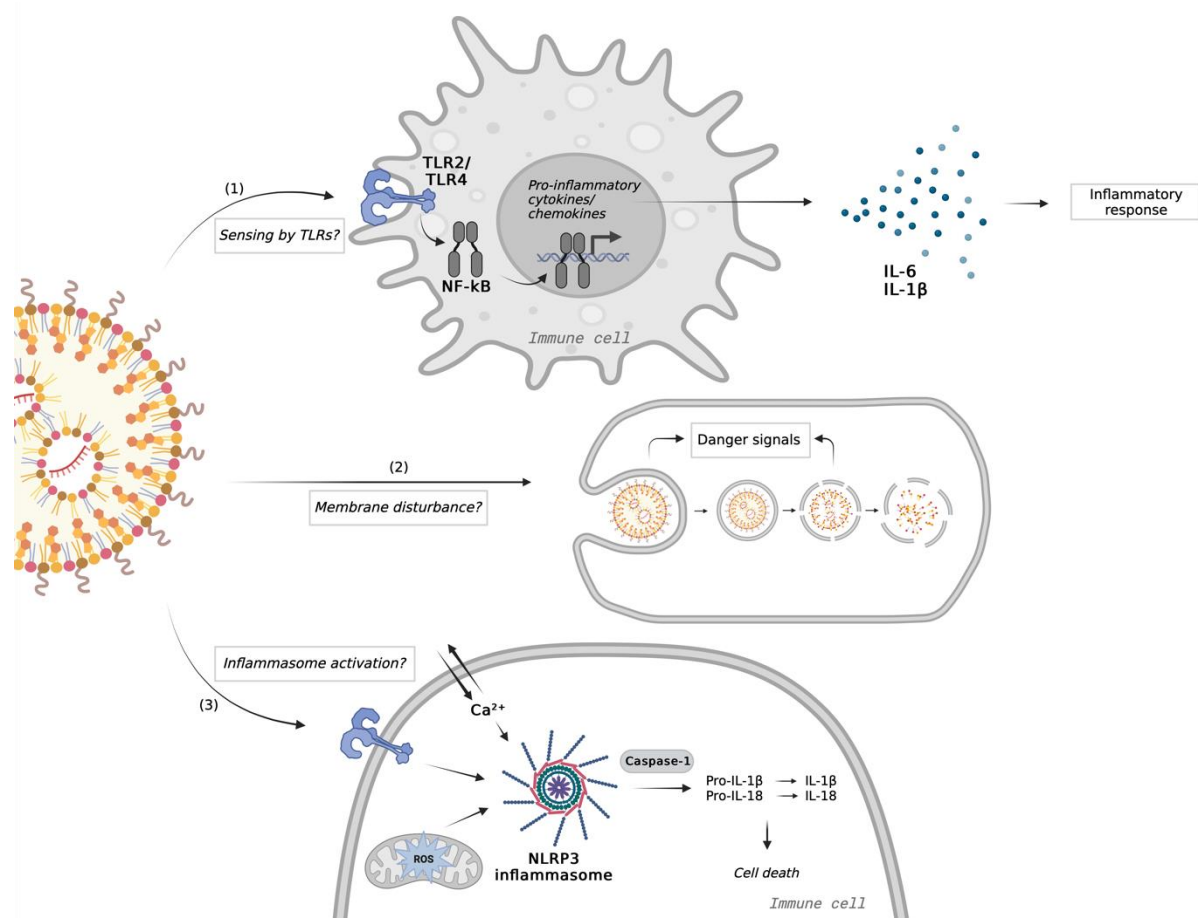


Endosomal Escape: A Bottleneck for LNP Mediated Therapeutics ?



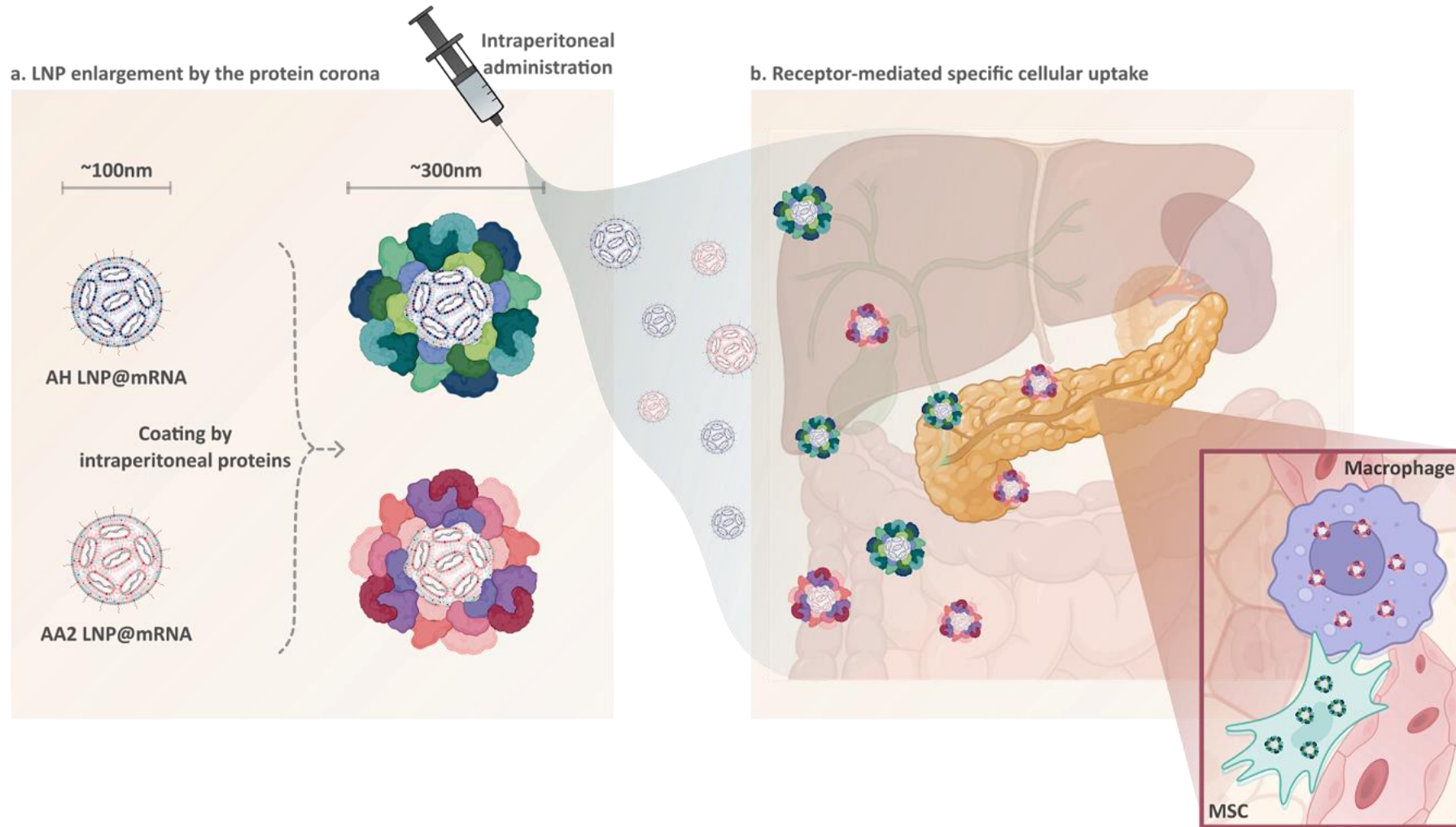
Chatterjee S. et al. PNAS (2024)

Understanding intracellular immune response of LNPs



Sharma P. et al. Nature Biomedical Engineering (2024)

Cell specific targeting in extrahepatic organs



The Peer Team



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European Research Council



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